# agenus

May 2024

# **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the federal securities laws, including statements regarding Agenus', MiNK's, and SaponiQx's clinical development and regulatory plans (including the scope of any regulatory approval and the ability to obtain priority review) and timelines for product candidates including balstilimab, zalifrelimab, botensilimab, BMS-986442 (AGEN1777), AGEN2373, AGEN1571, and AGENT-797; our commercialization plans and pipeline's potential to meet multiple blockbuster opportunities; anticipated safety, efficacy, potency, activity, superior responses, and durability; our goals, milestones and value drivers; anticipated commercial market opportunities (including partnering and licensing opportunities); our ability to collect milestone and royalty payments; our ability to continue to selffinance Agenus; our ability to develop first and best in class drug candidates, adjuvants, antigens and formulations; and our ability to meet manufacturing demands. Statements containing the words "may," "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "hopes," "intends," "plans," "will," "potential," or the negative of these terms and other similar words or expressions, are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results. to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement. These risks and uncertainties include, among others, the factors described under the Risk Factors section of Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and made available on our website at www.agenusbio.com. Agenus cautions investors not to place considerable reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation. Agenus makes no express or implied representation or warranty as to the completeness of forward-looking statements or, in the case of projections, as to their attainability or the accuracy and completeness of the assumptions from which they are derived. These statements speak only as of the date of this presentation, and Agenus undertakes no obligation to update or revise the statements, other than to the extent required by law. All forward-looking statements are expressly gualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. Information that may be important to investors will be routinely posted on our website and social media channels.

# Our Mission To End the Suffering of Cancer Patients

# **AGENUS BY THE NUMBERS**

# 30 years

Pioneering immunooncology (I-O) since 1994

# 9 clinical assets

>20 industry-sponsored clinical studies ongoing for owned and partnered I-O compounds

## \$850 Million

Upfront cash and achieved milestone payments from strategic partners

## 273 employees<sup>1</sup>

Experienced leadership team in developing and commercializing novel oncology therapeutics

# 83,000 sq ft.

Current good manufacturing practice (cGMP) biologics production facility underway: clinical and commercial-grade drug substance and drug product

BOTENSILIMAB ~900 patients

> Dosed with botensilimab (BOT) or botensilimab/balstilimab (BOT/BAL) combo in ongoing Phase I & II studies in advanced, refractory solid tumors

# Responses in 9 tumor types

Clinical responses noted in 9 advanced, refractory solid tumors treated with BOT or BOT+BAL

# FDA Fast Track in CRC\*

Granted in April 2023 for BOT/BAL in patients with metastatic, refractory colorectal cancer that is non-microsatellite instability high and who have no active liver mets ("r/r MSS CRC NLM"); planned BLA submission by YE 2024

4 \*Fast Track designation is for patients who are resistant or intolerant to a fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan, and who have also received a VEGF inhibitor, and EGFR inhibitor and/or a BRAF inhibitor, if indicated



# **BOT/BAL: POTENTIAL TO USHER IN THE NEXT IO REVOLUTION**



Differentiated, multi-functional immune activator designed to optimize for anti-tumor response



Planned first BLA submission by YE 2024 in r/r MSS CRC NLM treatment setting



Strategic focus on potential rapid global launch



Potential to expand BOT/BAL impact across multiple treatment settings: Neoadjuvant CRC, 2L Pancreatic, Melanoma, PD-(L)1 r/r and TKI r/r Lung (NSCLC), Ovarian, Sarcoma



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Strategic focus on potential rapid global launch

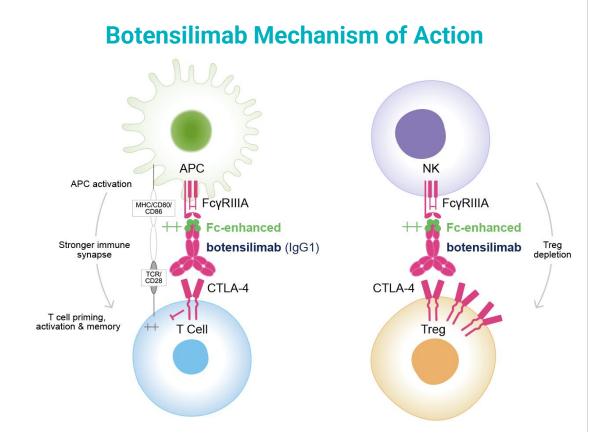
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# **BOTENSILIMAB (BOT) IS AN INNATE & ADAPTIVE IMMUNE ACTIVATOR**

Botensilimab harnesses the surveillance, killing, and memory power of the immune system to eliminate cancer



### 1) Activates Immune System

Stimulates existing T cells and antigen presenting cells (APC) to identify and attack the cancer

### 2) Boosts Immune Response

Primes and expands a diverse set of T cells that can infiltrate the tumor and adapt to tumor changes

### 3) Reduces Immune Suppression

Removes regulatory T cells (Treg) that suppress the activity of cytotoxic T cells

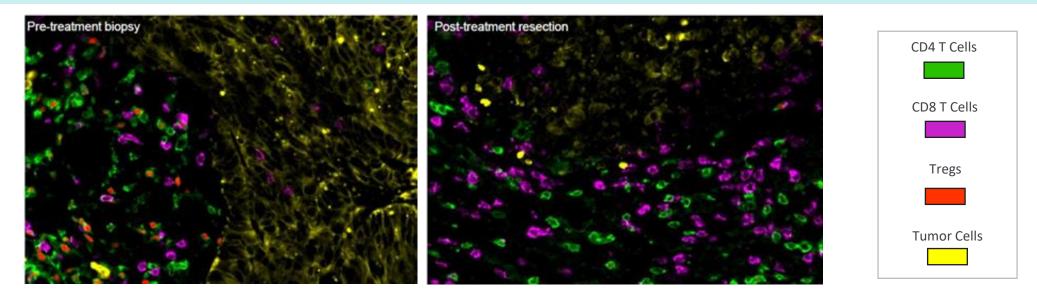
### 4) **Prevents Recurrence**

Establishes memory T cells that remain in circulation after the initial immune response

# **DEMONSTRATION OF BOT/BAL RAPID T CELL INFILTRATION IN MSS CRC**

Robust immune response and tumor regression in neoadjuvant CRC study

Botensilimab promotes rapid T cell infiltration and reduces regulatory T cells (Tregs) in the tumor microenvironment (TME)



- These images characterize the changes seen in an MSS-CRC patient who had a major pathological response
- Pre-treatment biopsy shows a tumor microenvironment that is infiltrated with Tregs, and few non-Treg immune infiltration
- Analyses of the biopsy post-immunotherapy show that Tregs have been eliminated and a significant and rapid increase in a diverse array of immune cells that include CD4 and CD8 T cells, with very little tumor cells left



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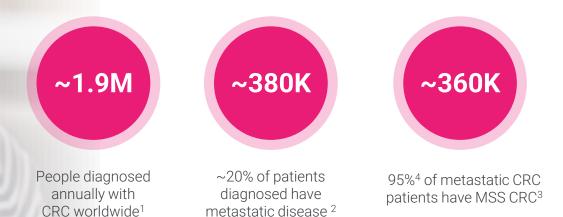


# **COLORECTAL CANCER: GROWING PREVALENCE WITH LARGE UNMET NEED**

CRC is the 3<sup>rd</sup> most common cause of cancer mortality globally<sup>1</sup>

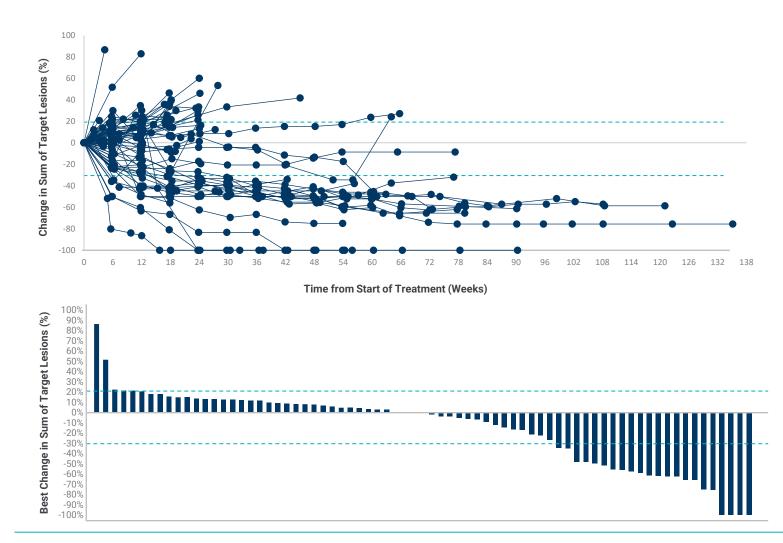
Despite advances in treatment of CRC, long term survival remains low<sup>2,3</sup>

- 3-year relative OS for patients with metastatic CRC is ~30-35%
- 5-year relative OS for patients with metastatic CRC is ~15%



Source: 1. Biller LH et al. JAMA 2021. 2. Ciardiello F et al. CA Cancer J Clin. 2022. 3. Ciardiello F et al. CA Cancer J Clin. 2022. 4. CancerMPact® Treatment Architecture U.S., CRC 2021

# **DURABLE, ONGOING RESPONSES IN R/R MSS CRC NLM**

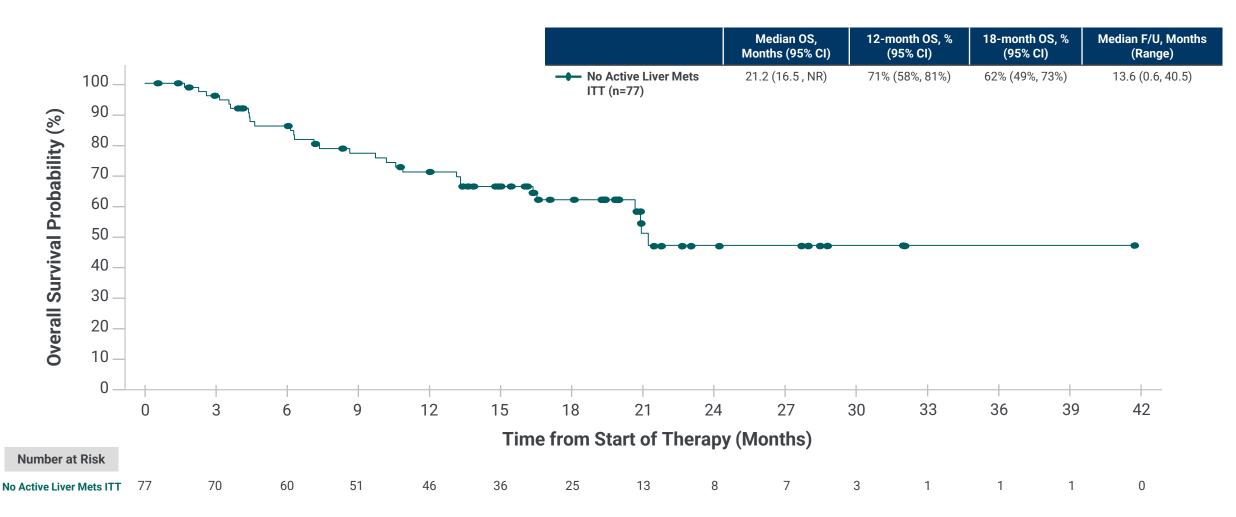


<b>r/r metastatic MSS CRC with No Active Liver Mets</b> Intent to Treat Population (n=77)			
Confirmed ORR, % (95% CI)	<b>23</b> % (15, 34)		
BOR, n (%)			
CR	1 (1%)		
PR	17 (22%)		
SD	38 (49%)		
PD	17 (22%)		
DCR (CR + PR + SD), % (95% Cl) 73% (61, 82			
Median DOR	Not Reached		
Median follow-up, months (range)	13.6 (0.6 – 41.8)		



# **OVERALL SURVIVAL IN R/R MSS CRC NLM**

Median overall survival (mOS) 21.2 months with 13.6 months of follow-up; 71% 12-month survival rate





# **BOT/BAL SAFETY PROFILE ACROSS SOLID TUMORS**

Treatment-related adverse events of any grade in 10% of all patients treated with BOT+BAL at 1 mg/kg or 2 mg/kg bot (N=370)

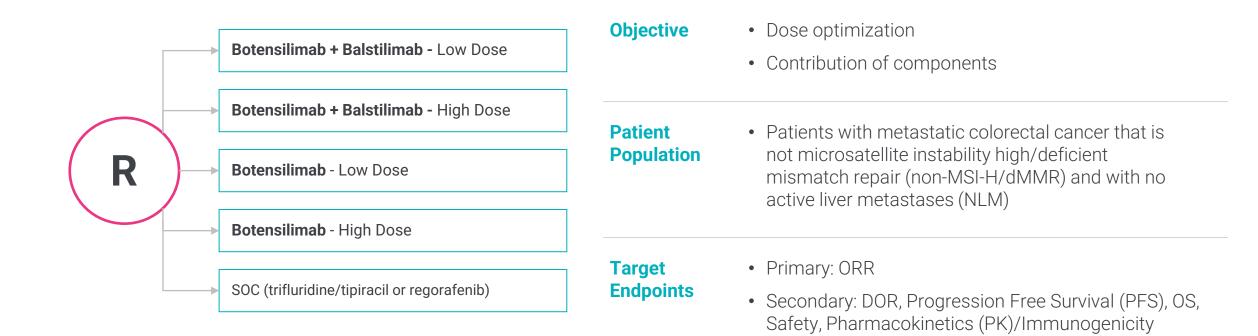
n (%)	All Grade	Grade 3 or 4		
Any TRAE	315 (85)	116 (31)		
GASTROINTESTINAL				
Immune-mediated diarrhea/colitis*	147 (40)	58 (16)		
Nausea	75 (20)	4 (1)		
Vomiting	46 (12)	3 (1)		
CONSTITUTIONAL				
Fatigue	123 (33)	8 (2)		
Chills	70 (19)	0 (0)		
Decreased appetite	70 (19)	0 (0)		
Pyrexia	69 (19)	6 (2)		
SKIN				
Rash maculopapular	60 (16)	4 (1)		
Pruritus	58 (16)	0 (0)		
MUSCULOSKELETAL				
Arthralgia	41 (11)	0 (0)		
HEPATIC				
Alanine aminotransferase increased	39 (11)	7 (2)		

**13** \*Patients with immune-mediated diarrhea/colitis received steroids or immunosuppressants/infliximab Note: discontinuation due to a BOT TRAE = 27% Agenus Data (01MAR2024) Median follow up: 6.5 months



# PHASE II STUDY IN 2/3L R/R MSS CRC NLM

Ongoing global, randomized phase II study, enrollment competed October 2023



# PLANNED BLA SUBMISSION IN R/R MSS CRC NLM BY END OF 2024

**Potential Accelerated Approval Path** 

# **Phase II: Maturing**

- Enrollment completed in Oct 2023 (n=234)
- Study objectives: dose optimization and contribution of components
- Includes SOC arm (trifluridine/tipiracil or regorafenib)

# **Phase III: Q3 Initiation**

- Confirmatory Phase III in r/r MSS CRC NLM (same population for which we've received Fast Track Designation from FDA\*) to confirm OS
- Plans to further align with FDA on structure and cadence for submission, potential accelerated filing, BOT dose and Phase III study design

**Robust Clinical Data to Support BLA Filing** 

**123 patients** 

In Phase I with ORR, DOR, OS, a median follow up of  $\geq$ 12 mos.

234 patients

Patients in Phase II with ORR, DOR based on >94% of patients with  $\geq$ 9-month follow up

# **Real World Data**

Supportive data from ARCAD & real-world evidence for SOC<sup>1</sup> performance in addition to Ph2 randomized SOC arm

>700 patients

Available in safety database at time of submission



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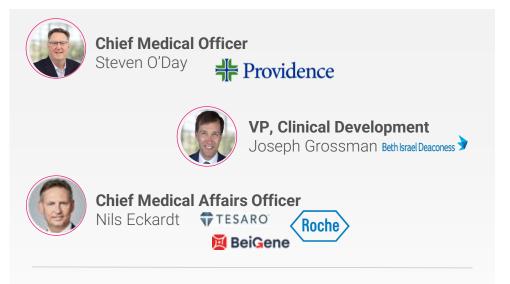
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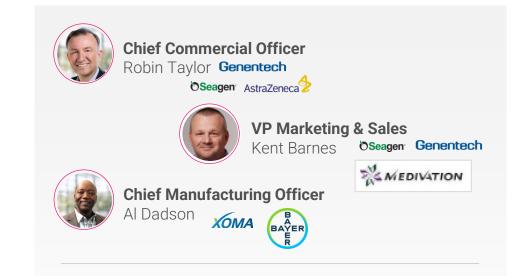
# **STRONG TEAM IN PLACE FOR POTENTIAL 1ST LAUNCH**

IO-experienced team across clinical, production/CMC, commercial, and global medical affairs to ensure go-to-market success



### **Clinical Team with I/O Pioneers**

- ✓ KOL relationships across 40+ countries facilitating scientific exchange
- ✓ 25+ podium & clinical presentations at major medical conferences
- Pls from the top cancer centers (Dana Farber, City of Hope, Weill Cornell etc.)



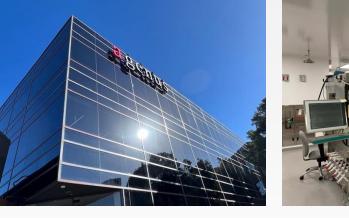
### Launch Readiness and CMC Preparedness

- Highly experienced Commercial Leadership with >20 launches of novel therapeutics in CRC and other solid tumors
- ✓ Detailed cross-functional launch plans in place
- ✓ Fully integrated cGMP manufacturing capabilities underway

# FULLY INTEGRATED COMMERCIAL CGMP MANUFACTURING FACILITY

# **Q** Agenus West (Emeryville, CA)

- ~83,000 sq foot commercial cGMP facility (opened in 2023 and pending validation)
- Enhances operational flexibility and efficiency through end-to-end clinical and commercial production:
  - Drug substance manufacturing
  - Drug product fill/finish
  - Visual Inspection
  - Packaging & labeling
  - Distribution
  - Warehousing







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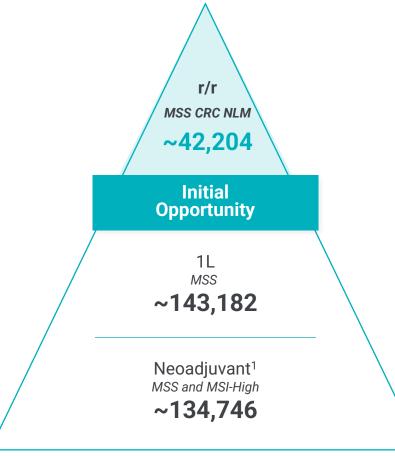


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# **OPPORTUNITY ACROSS CRC TREATMENT SETTINGS**





### r/r MSS CRC NLM

- Fast Track designation\* granted by FDA
- Planned BLA submission by YE 2024
- Non active liver mets make up 35 45% of total r/r MSS CRC population

### **1L MSS**

- BOT/BAL + Bevacizumab + FOLFOX vs. Bevacizumab + FOLFOX
- Investigator Sponsored Trial (IST) ongoing @ City of Hope (NCT05627635) designed to evaluate tolerability with chemo
- Anticipated data readout 2H 2024

### Neoadjuvant MSS and MSI-H

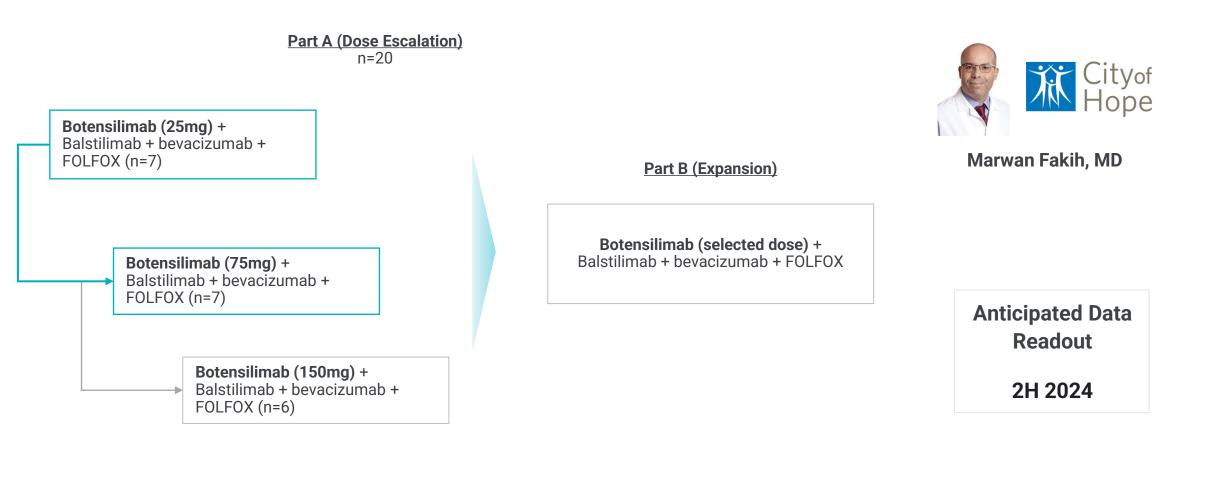
- Treatment with BOT+BAL pre-surgery
- IST ongoing @ Weill-Cornell in MSS & MSI-H CRC (NCT05571293)
- Initial data at ESMO 2023 event; expanding to 24 patients with an extended followup time (6-8 weeks)

20 \*Fast Track designation is for patients who are resistant or intolerant to a fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan, and who have also received a VEGF inhibitor, and EGFR inhibitor and/or a BRAF inhibitor, if indicated



# **IST: BOT/BAL/BEV + FOLFOX**

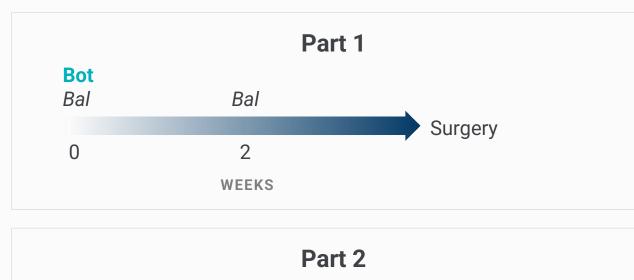
Metastatic MSS CRC or 1L or FOLFOX rechallenge patients given BOT (Q6W; 2 doses only) + BAL + BEV + FOLFOX (Q2W up to 2 years)



### **Active cohorts**

# **IST (NEST-1): BOT/BAL NEOADJUVANT CRC**

Evaluating BOT/BAL in CRC prior to standard of care surgery





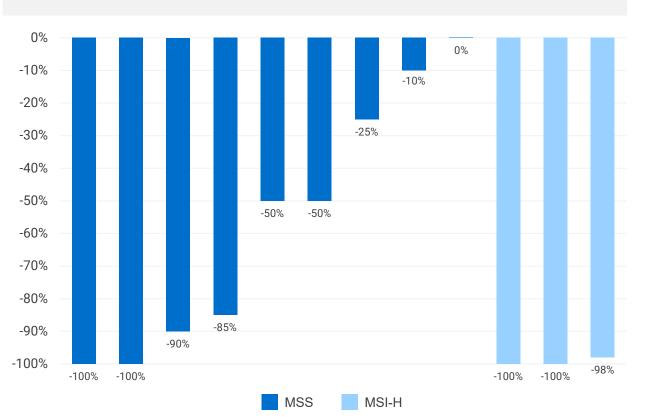
Pashtoon Kasi, MD



This IST is expanding to 24 patients with an extended follow-up time (6-8 weeks)

# **IST (NEST-1): BOT/BAL NEOADJUVANT CRC STUDY RESULTS**

Treatment with BOT/BAL leads to significant tumor reduction within ~4 weeks; No safety signals nor delay in surgery due to treatment



### Pathologic Tumor Reductions (%) by Patient

### **Topline Results**

### 6/9 **(67%)**

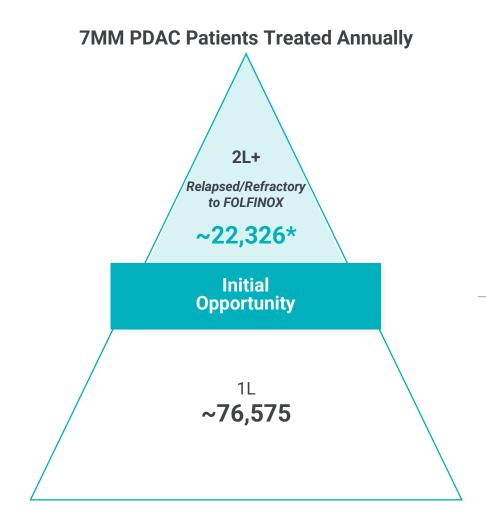
patients with MSS CRC had Pathologic Responses (≥50%)

• Ipi/Nivo: 29%<sup>1</sup>

Robust immunogenic pathologic response ("inside-out" phenomenon)

- No surgery was delayed due to any treatment-related adverse events (TRAEs)
- **All patients** positive for **ctDNA** at screening **cleared** and remained negative (7/7)
- Clinical downstaging and deep pathological responses reduced reliance on surgery and/or adjuvant chemotherapy in future studies.
- NEST-1 trial (NCT05571293) has expanded enrollment to evaluate 8-week course over current 4-week

# **OPPORTUNITY ACROSS PANCREATIC TREATMENT SETTINGS**



### **2L Pancreatic Cancer**

- Phase II with BOT + gem/Abraxane (n=60)
- High unmet need: SOC has <15% ORR, 7-8 month median overall survival

### **1L Pancreatic Cancer**

•

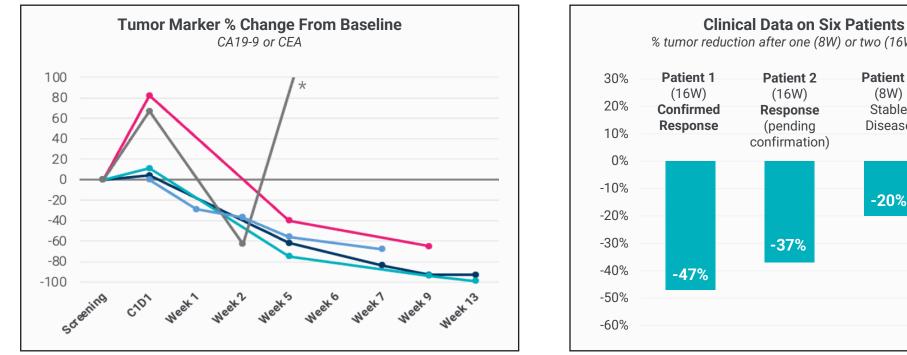
Potential registrational study: BOT + SOC (FOLFIRINOX) vs. FOLFIRINOX

24 \* Represent 2L patients not treated with Gem/Nab in 1L and all-comers in 3L in US and post-FOLFIRINOX in EU and Japan in 2L/3L.



# EARLY CLINICAL SIGNAL IN POST-FOLFIRINOX (2L) TREATMENT SETTING

Patients (n=6) dosed with 150mg BOT + gem/abraxane after FOLFIRINOX failure for metastatic disease; all patients had liver metastases



% tumor reduction after one (8W) or two (16W) scans Patient 4 Patient 3 (8W) (8W) Stable Stable Disease Disease -13% -20%

> \*5<sup>th</sup> patient had clinical progression and is now off study 6<sup>th</sup> patient is awaiting their first scan



# PHASE II ONGOING IN POST-FOLFIRINOX (2L) PANCREATIC CANCER

Designed to address certain key regulatory requirements

### Part A (Safety Lead-In)

- DLT evaluable patients get high dose or low dose depending on DLTs observed
- Determine Part B dose

**Objective** • Dose optimization

• Contribution of components

Part B (Randomization)

Patient• 2PopulationA

Target

**Endpoints** 

 2L metastatic Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma (mPDAC) post FOLFIRINOX

Botensilimab + Gemcitabine/nab-paclitaxel

Gemcitabine/nab-paclitaxel

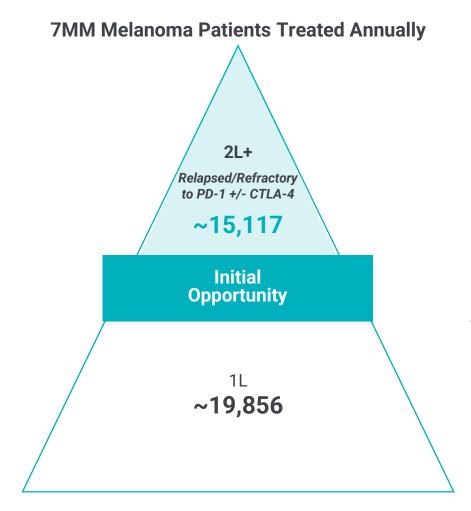
Primary: PFS

 Secondary: DOR, PFS, ORR, Safety, PK/Immunogenicity

R

1:1

# **OPPORTUNITY ACROSS MELANOMA TREATMENT SETTINGS**



### 2L+ Melanoma

- High unmet need: no established standard of care in I-O relapsed/refractory setting
- Phase II results are expected in the second half of 2024, with BOT monotherapy enrollment complete and approximately 30 patients enrolled in the BOT+BAL cohort
- Currently defining strategies for the rapid enrollment of BOT in patients who are refractory to current I-O treatments

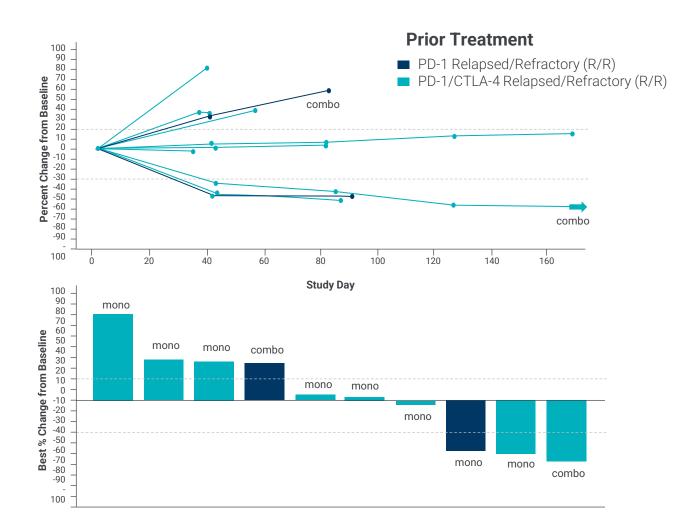
### 1L Melanoma

Registrational study consideration: BOT+BAL vs. 1L SOC



# BOT AND BOT+BAL RESPONSES IN CTLA-4/PD-1 R/R (2L+) MELANOMA

Data from Phase I cohort: cutaneous melanoma patients receiving BOT monotherapy or BOT+BAL combination



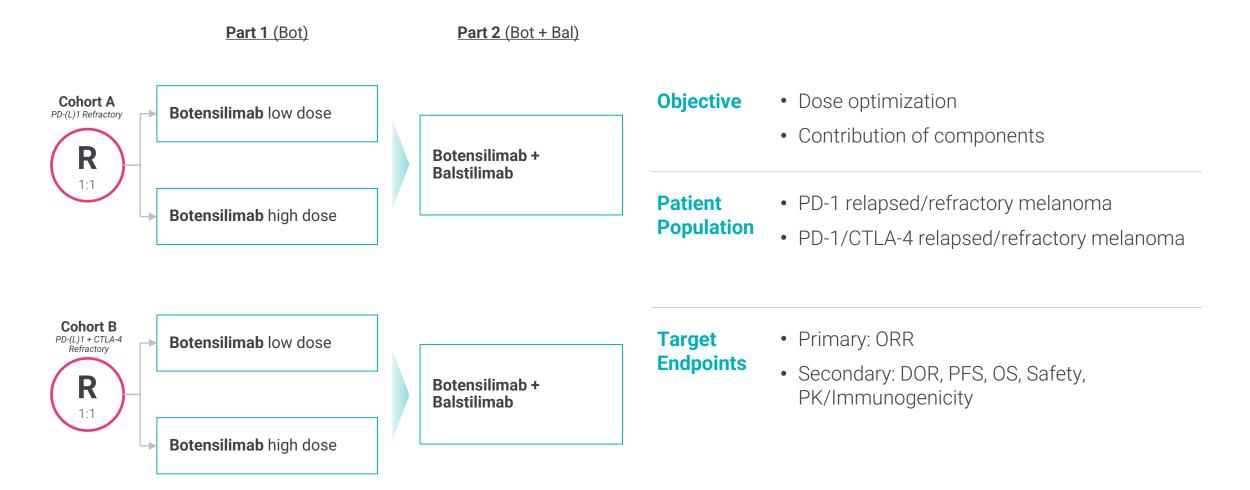
<b>Cutaneous 2L+ Melanoma</b> Efficacy Evaluable (First study n=10)					
ORR, % 30%					
BOR, n (%)					
CR	0 (0)				
PR	3 (30)				
SD	3 (30)				
PD	4 (40)				
DCR (CR + PR + SD), %	60%				
Responses ongoing	33%				



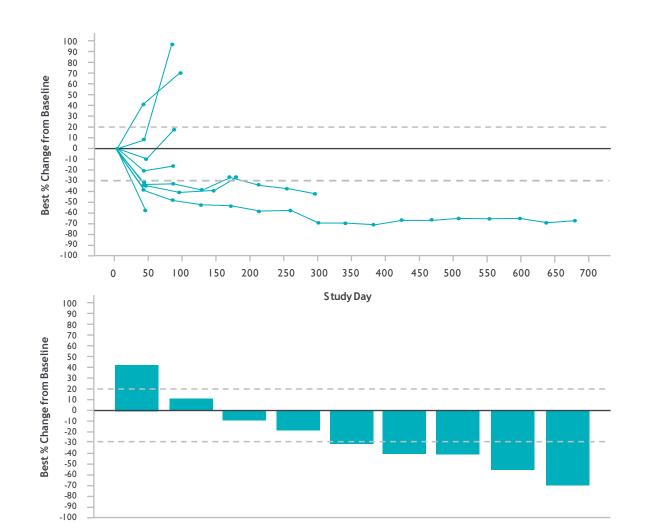
Source: Agenus Data (all evaluable patients on C800-01 as of 05APR2023 who received at least one scan); Includes investigator-reported data and subject to change; <sup>1</sup> VanderWalde, Nature Medicine 2023

# PHASE II ONGOING IN CTLA-4/PD-1 R/R (2L+) MELANOMA

Designed to address certain key regulatory requirements



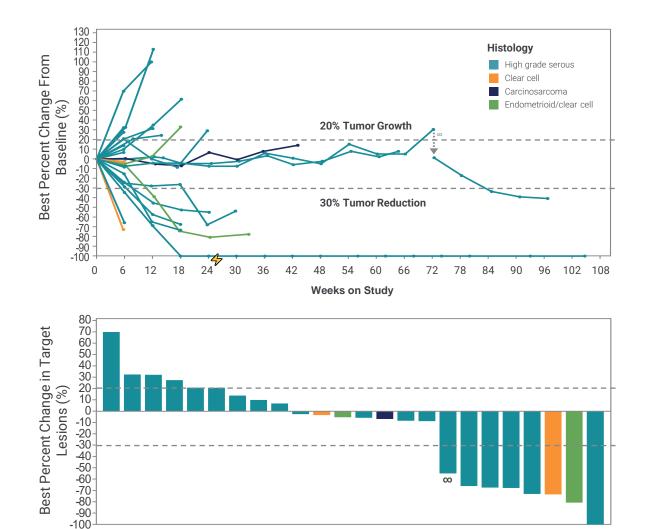
# **BOT/BAL CLINICAL DATA IN 2L+ NSCLC**



Efficacy Evaluable (n=9)			
ORR, %	56%		
BOR, n (%)			
CR	0 (0)		
PR	5 (56)		
SD	3 (33)		
PD	1 (11)		
DCR (CR + PR + SD), %	89%		



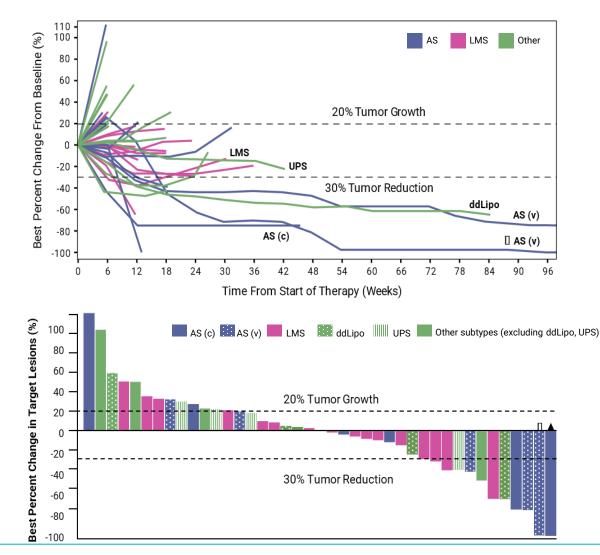
# **BOT/BAL CLINICAL DATA IN PLATINUM REFRACTORY OVARIAN CANCER**



Efficacy Evaluable (n=24)			
ORR, %*	<b>33%</b> (95% Cl, 15.6-55.3%)		
BOR, n (%)			
CR	1* (4)		
PR	7* (29)		
SD	8 (33)		
PD	8 (33)		
DCR (CR + PR + SD), %	<b>67%</b> (95% Cl, 44.7-84.4%)		
Median DOR, months	NR (4.2-NR)		
Median F/U, months	6.9 (Range, 1.7-29.2)		



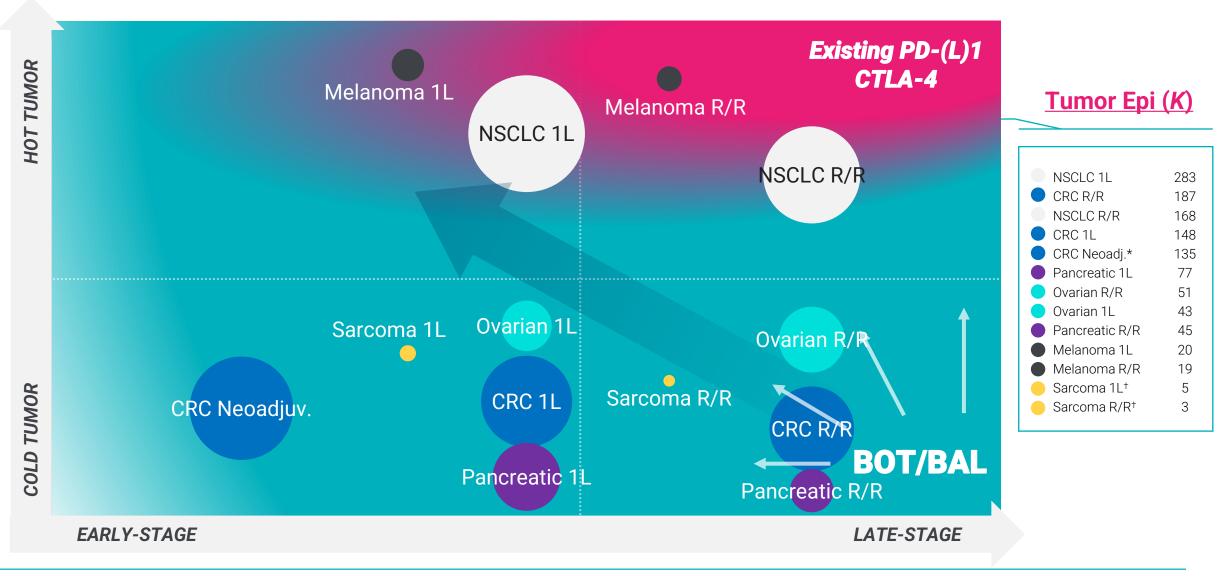
# **BOT/BAL CLINICAL DATA IN REFRACTORY SARCOMAS**



Efficacy Evaluable (N=41)*	iRECIST	RECIST v1.1
ORR <sup>+</sup> , % (95% CI)	<b>20%</b> (9-35)	<b>17%</b> (7–32)
1mg/kg (n=27)	15%	11%
2mg/kg (n=14)	29%	29%
BOR, n (%)		
CR	0	0
PR	8 (20)	7 (17)
SD	18 (44)	18 (44)
PD	15 (37)	16 (39)
Median DOR, months (95% CI)	<b>19.4</b> (1.9–NR)	<b>11.8</b> (1.9–NR)
DCR (CR + PR + SD), % (95% CI)	<b>63%</b> (47-78)	<b>61%</b> (45–76)
<b>CBR (CR + PR + SD at 6 months),</b> % (95% Cl)	<b>27%</b> (14-43)	<b>24%</b> (12-40)
6-month PFS, % (95% CI)	<b>40%</b> (23 <b>-</b> 57)	<b>37%</b> (20-54)



# **BOT/BAL POTENTIAL ACROSS SOLID TUMOR CANCER LANDSCAPE\***



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\*Size of bubbles based on 2023 drug treated epidemiology for metastatic disease by tumor type (Kantar for Sarcoma, and DRG for all other tumor types), assuming all-comers for US+EU5+JP. R/R = 2L+; \* Stage II-III Only; † US-only; \*Bot+Bal, and Bot monotherapy, target patient populations may be a subset of illustrated bubble by tumor indication.

# **ACHIEVEMENTS & UPCOMING CATALYSTS**

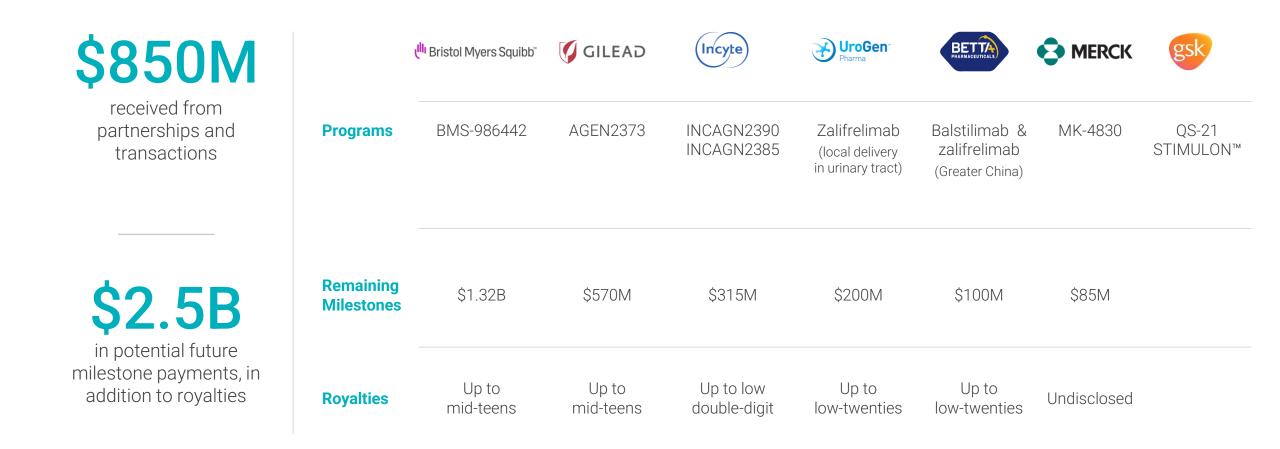
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**34** \*Fast Track designation is for patients who are heavily pretreated and resistant or intolerant to a fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan, and who have also received a VEGF inhibitor, and EGFR inhibitor and/or a BRAF inhibitor, if indicated

# **Additional Clinical Portfolio Highlights**

# **TRACK RECORD OF VALUE CREATION THROUGH STRATEGIC PARTNERHSIPS**

Seven ongoing corporate collaborations with oncology industry leaders





# **CLINICAL STAGE PIPELINE**

Diverse portfolio targeting complementary mechanisms of the cancer immunity cycle

Majority / fully owned pipeline	<b>Mechanism/target</b> Fc-enhanced CTLA-4 +/- PD-1 Fc-enhanced CTLA-4 +/- PD-1 Fc-enhanced CTLA-4 + chemo CD137 + Fc-enhanced CTLA-4 CD137	<b>Product Candidate</b> Botensilimab +/- Balstilimab Botensilimab +/- Balstilimab Botensilimab +/- Chemotherapy AGEN2373 + Botensilimab AGEN2373	Partner	Phase IPhase IINon MSI-H colorectal cancerPD-1 r/r melanomaPancreatic (w/chemo)PD-1 r/r melanomaSolid tumors
Temporarily Paused	PD-1 +/- CTLA-4 ILT2 +/- PD-1 +/- CTLA-4	Balstilimab +/- Zalifrelimab AGEN1571 +/- Balstilimab +/- Botensilimab	Greater China	Cervical (2 <sup>nd</sup> line) Solid tumors
Partner directed pipeline	ILT4 TIM-3 LAG-3 TIGIT x CD96 (bispecific) RTGel™ + CTLA-4	MK-4830 INCAGN2390 INCAGN2385 BMS-986442 UGN-301	MERCK (Incyte) (Incyte) (III Bristol Myers Squibb Constant Power	Neoadjuvant ovarian PD-1 r/r melanoma, SCCHN, endometrial PD-1 r/r melanoma, SCCHN, endometrial NSCLC and solid tumors NMIBC
Clinical collaborations	EP4 + PD-1 Hedgehog + CTLA-4 CD205 + PD-1	CR6086 + Balstilimab NLM001 + Zalifrelimab OBT076 + Balstilimab	ROTTERHARM BIOTECH W Nelum OXFORD BioTheropeutics	Non-MSI-H-colorectal cancer         Pancreatic cancer         Solid tumors

37 \* AGEN1423 and AGEN1876 are advancing in externally funded investigator sponsored studies



# AGEN2373: SELECTIVE CD137 TARGETING ANTIBODY

Status: Phase Ib combination study with botensilimab ongoing in PD-1 relapsed/refractory melanoma

### Conditionally Active Design

- CD137 is an important pathway for antitumor immunity due to its ability to enhance T cell and NK cell proliferation, cytokine secretion, and cellular cytotoxicity
- However, clinical CD137 antibodies have been limited by liver toxicity caused by systemic CD137 activation
- AGEN2373 selectively enhances tumor immunity within the tumor microenvironment to mitigate side effects associated with systemic CD137 activation

### Clinical Highlights

- Data presented at ASCO (June 2023) demonstrates single-agent activity and clinical benefit in highly refractory patient population
- No liver or any related high-grade toxicities reported\*

### Development Plans

- Phase Ib ongoing in combination with botensilimab in PD-1 relapsed / refractory melanoma
- AGEN2373 monotherapy completed

### **Gilead Partnership**

- Gilead has exclusive option to license AGEN2373
- \$177.5M received from Gilead for upfront and achieved milestones
- **\$50M** option exercise fee
- **\$520M** in potential milestone payments
- Up to **mid-teens royalties**
- Agenus opt-in right to co-fund development and commercialization in exchange for:
  - 50:50 U.S. profit share
  - U.S. co-commercialization rights



# BMS-986442 (AGEN1777): FC-ENHANCED TIGIT-CD96 BISPECIFIC ANTIBODY

Status: Phase I/II combination study ongoing with nivolumab +/- chemotherapy in patients with NSCLC and gastric cancer

Oral presentation at AACR (April 2024) highlighted superior mono and combo activity vs. conventional TIGIT antibodies in preclinical models

# Bispecific Design

- Targets major inhibitory receptors expressed on T and NK cells to improve anti-tumor activity
- Potential to address tumors where anti-PD-1 or anti-TIGIT monospecific antibodies alone are ineffective

### Fc Enhanced Design

- Fc engineering promotes single agent anti-tumor immunity
- Potential to expand benefit of TIGIT therapy to ~40% patients with a common genetic predisposition (low affinity FcyRIIIA)

### Development Plans

- Phase I dose escalation completed in solid tumors
- Phase I/II combination study ongoing with nivolumab +/chemotherapy in patients with NSCLC and gastric cancer

### **BMS Partnership**

- BMS has exclusive worldwide license to BMS-986442
- **\$220M** received from BMS for upfront and achieved milestones
- **\$1.34B** in future milestone payments
- Double-digit to mid-teens royalties
- Options for co-development:
  - Conduct clinical studies under the development plan
  - Access BMS-986442 for certain pipeline combination studies
- Option to co-fund a minority of global development costs for increased U.S. royalties up to the low-twenties percent
- Option for **U.S. co-promotion**

# MK-4830: FIRST-IN-CLASS ILT4 ANTAGONIST ANTIBODY

Status: Phase I studies ongoing in 8 tumor types

### Design

- First-in-class human IgG4 monoclonal antibody targeting the myeloid-specific ILT4 receptor
- Catalyzes reprogramming of tumor-associated macrophages, relieving myelosuppression and enhancing T cell function

### Clinical Highlights

- MK-4830 +/pembrolizumab confirmed responses in gastric, colorectal, head & neck, Merkel cell, ovarian, NSCLC, sarcoma, and papillary thyroid cancers
- 24% response rate observed for MK-4830 + pembrolizumab combination across tumor types in dose escalation study
- All responses maintained for ≥ 6 months
- Well tolerated; no DLTs or treatment-related deaths

### Development Plans

Phase II study ongoing in neoadjuvant ovarian

### Merck Partnership

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- Merck has an exclusive worldwide license to MK-4830
- **\$20M** received from Merck for upfront and achieved milestones
- **\$85M** in potential milestone payments
- Royalties on worldwide net sales

# Agenus Subsidiaries: MiNK & SaponiQx

# MINK THERAPEUTICS (NASDAQ:INKT): ALLOGENEIC CELL THERAPY

Pioneering allogeneic iNKT cell therapies for oncology and other immune-mediated diseases

### iNKTs Bridge Adaptive and Innate Immune Systems

• Directly attack cancer cells, recruit host immunity, and reshape tumor microenvironment

### **Encouraging Phase I Data in Cancer and ARDS**

- Clinical benefit of iNKTs ± anti-PD-1 in heavily pre-treated solid tumor patients refractory to prior standard of care.
- 75% survival in elderly mechanically ventilated patients with severe ARDS secondary to COVID-19 compared to 30% case control.

### Native and Engineered iNKT Programs

- iNKT cells engineered with CAR and TCR
- Bispecific iNKT cell engagers

### **Proprietary Manufacturing at Scale**

• Highly efficient isolation process from healthy donors with potential to generate ≥5000 doses per donor

### Access to Validated Immuno-oncology Therapies

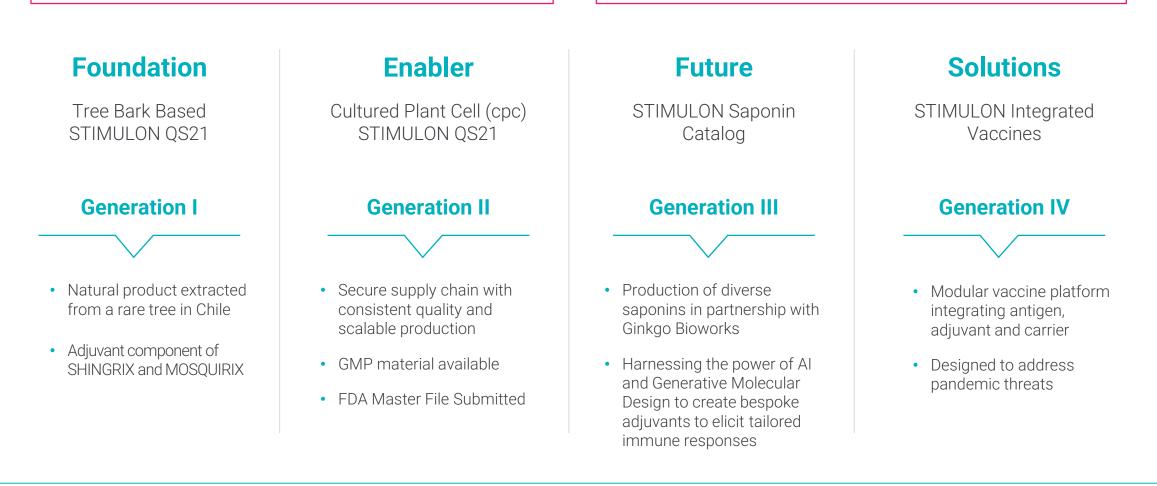
· Combinations with Agenus' immuno-oncology antibodies

Mechani	ism / Indication	Product	Preclinical	IND-Enabling	Phase I/II	
Native iNK	Native iNKT Cells					
Oncology	Solid Tumors	aGENT-797 ± anti-PD1				
Oncology	Gastric cancer	agenT-797 + Chemo ± BOT/BAL				
Immune Mediated Diseases	ARDS Secondary to Viral Infections	agenT-797				
Targeted il	Targeted iNKT Cells					
FAP-CAR-iNKT		MiNK-215				
BCMA-CAR-iNI	КТ	MiNK-413				
PRAME-TCR-IN	IKT					
Undisclosed						



# **SAPONIQX: DESIGNED TO BE AN INTEGRATED VACCINE PLATFORM**

Supplying existing demand for delivery of novel adjuvants



agenus

Discovery of novel adjuvants enabling superior vaccines