

Investor Information

November - December, 2018



REGIONS

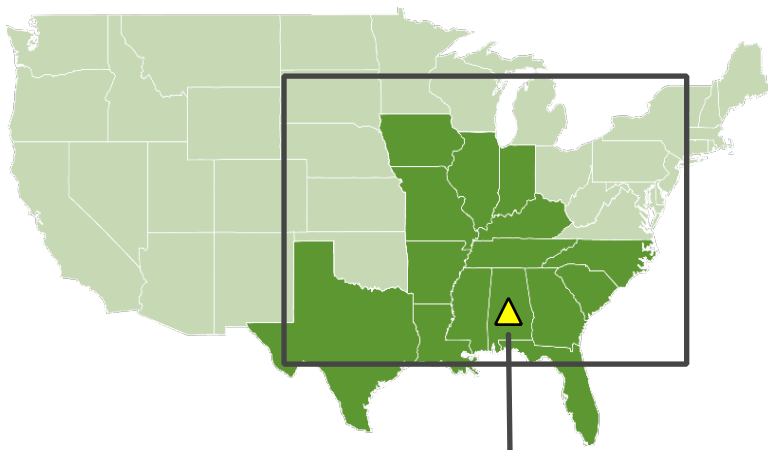
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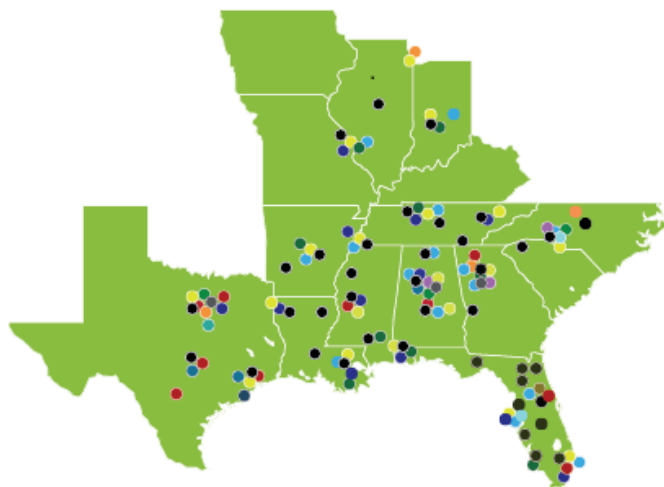
PROFILE

Our banking franchise

Regions aims to be the premier regional financial institution in America



Birmingham, Alabama



Ranked 16th nationally in total deposits⁽²⁾

Line of business coverage

- Corporate Banking
- Business Capital
- Capital Markets
- Dealer Finance
- Equipment Finance
- Government/Institutional
- Specialized Industry
- Institutional Services
- Private Wealth
- Real Estate Corporate Banking
- Commercial Banking

Branch locations by state ⁽¹⁾

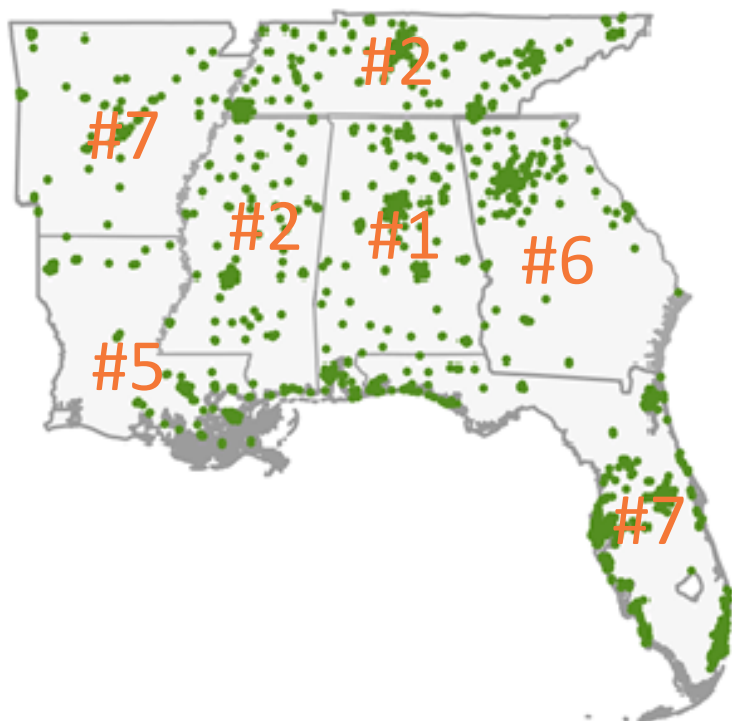
Alabama – 200	Louisiana – 96
Arkansas – 73	Mississippi – 117
Florida – 305	Missouri – 62
Georgia – 113	North Carolina – 7
Illinois – 46	South Carolina – 23
Indiana – 50	Tennessee – 209
Iowa – 8	Texas – 75
Kentucky – 10	

(1) Full Service branches as of 9/30/2018

(2) Source: SNL Financial as of 6/30/2018

Strength of our markets

Market rank in core states⁽¹⁾ (\$ in billions)



86% of total deposits are in our core states
Alabama - Mississippi - Florida - Georgia
Louisiana - Tennessee - Arkansas

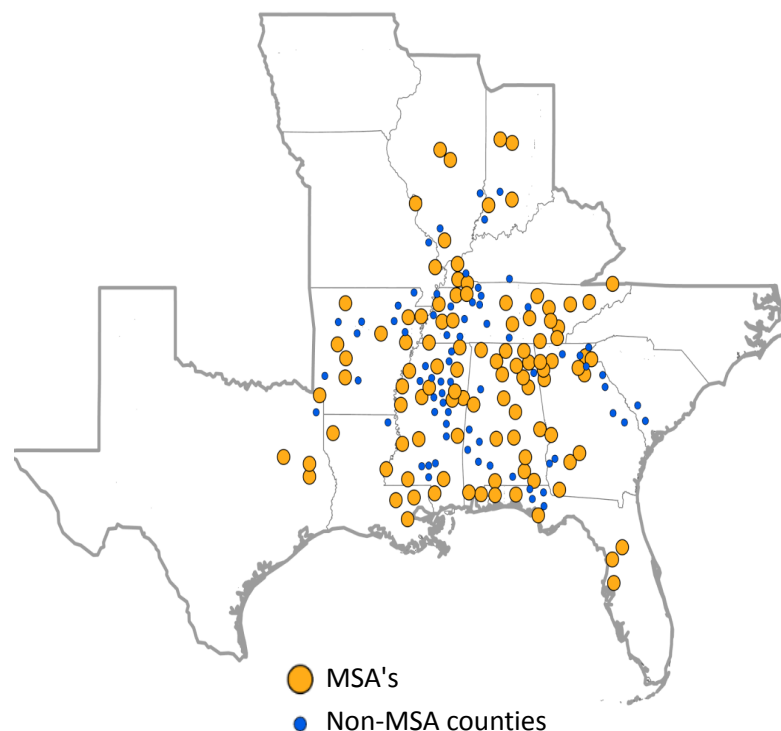
High market share⁽¹⁾ in top markets (\$ in billions)

Top MSAs	Deposits	Market Rank
Birmingham, AL	\$10.8	1
Nashville, TN	\$7.6	3
Memphis, TN	\$4.5	2
Tampa, FL	\$4.2	4
St. Louis, MO	\$3.2	5
New Orleans, LA	\$3.1	4
Jackson, MS	\$2.9	2
Mobile, AL	\$2.2	1
Knoxville, TN	\$2.1	3
Baton Rouge, LA	\$1.8	4

(1) MSA market rank based on FDIC deposit data as of 6/30/18

Strength of our markets (continued)

Markets with top 5 market share



- Top 5 or better market share in 70% of MSAs across 15-state footprint⁽¹⁾
- Investing in priority markets approaching a top 5 market share
 - Atlanta, GA
 - Orlando, FL
- ~70% of deposits in markets without a significant money center bank presence⁽²⁾

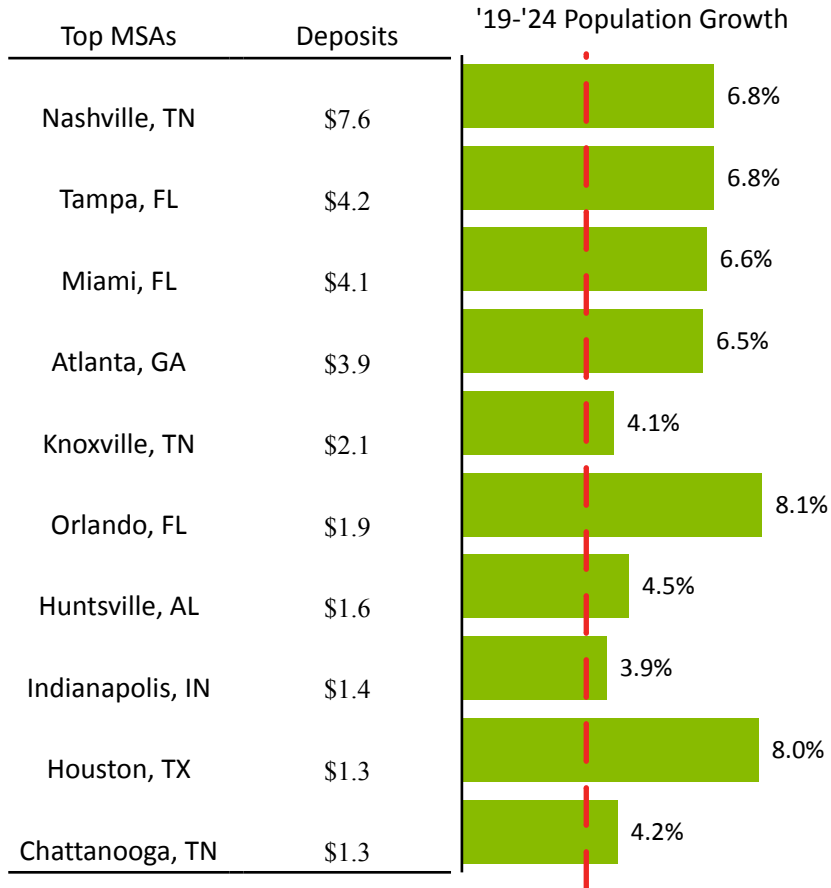
(1) Based on MSA and non-MSA counties using FDIC deposit data as of 6/30/18

(2) Significant money center bank presence (JPM, BAC, C, WFC) defined as combined market share using 6/30/18 FDIC deposit data of 20% or more

Footprint positioning

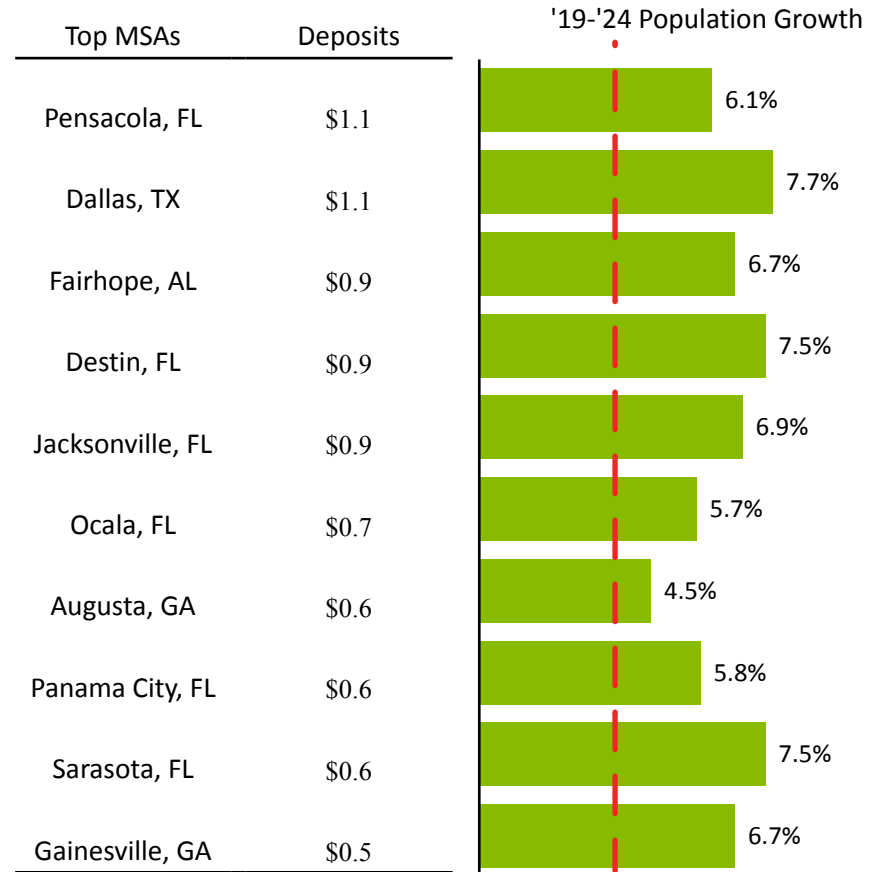
Characterized by high growth markets⁽¹⁾

(\$ in Billions)



National Average: 3.6%

(\$ in Billions)



National Average: 3.6%

(1) FDIC deposit data as of 6/30/18; population growth per SNL Financial

Strength of our markets - our 15 state footprint



43%

Of all new jobs created in the US since 2009 were in our footprint⁽¹⁾



59%

Of all US port trade tonnage⁽⁴⁾ traveling through ports in our footprint



58%

Of all US light vehicle production is within our footprint⁽²⁾



50%

Of non-durable goods manufacturing occurs in our footprint⁽⁵⁾



49%

Of all U.S. population growth between 2009-2017 occurred within our footprint⁽³⁾



36%

Of the total US GDP is within our footprint⁽⁵⁾

1. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics through March 2017; Data pulled May 2, 2017
2. Source: Automotive News Light Vehicle Production by state for 2016
3. Source: U.S. Census Bureau
4. Based on Total Domestic Shipping Tonnage by state; U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, as of 2017
5. Bureau of Economic Analysis; non-durable goods is as a percent of the non-durable good subcomponent of GDP, as of 2017

Regions receives top honors

Consumer



Top 10% in Customer Experience out of 312 companies in 20 industries



Highest-rated super-regional bank in 2017 American Customer Satisfaction Index for Retail Banking



Top-rated bank in Customer Trust in 2017 Javelin Trust in Banking Study

Mortgage



Awarded the Servicer Total Achievement and Reward™ (STAR™) Performer recognition by Fannie Mae for 2017

Private Wealth



Greenwich Excellence Award for Overall Satisfaction in Private Wealth

Corporate Banking

22 Greenwich Excellence Awards for Corporate Banking Group

Workplace Award



Received the 2018 Gallup Great Workplace Award for the fourth year in a row

Strategic priorities



Strategic financial initiatives supporting company priorities

Grow & Diversify Revenue

Leverage Simplify & Grow

Leverage **REGIONS 360[®]** to grow customers and households and deepen existing relationships

Prudently grow non-interest income

Disciplined Expense Management

Leverage Simplify & Grow

Continuously focus on efficiency and effectiveness

Generate positive operating leverage

Optimize & Effectively Deploy Capital

Leverage Simplify & Grow

Attractive ROA and Risk Adjusted Returns

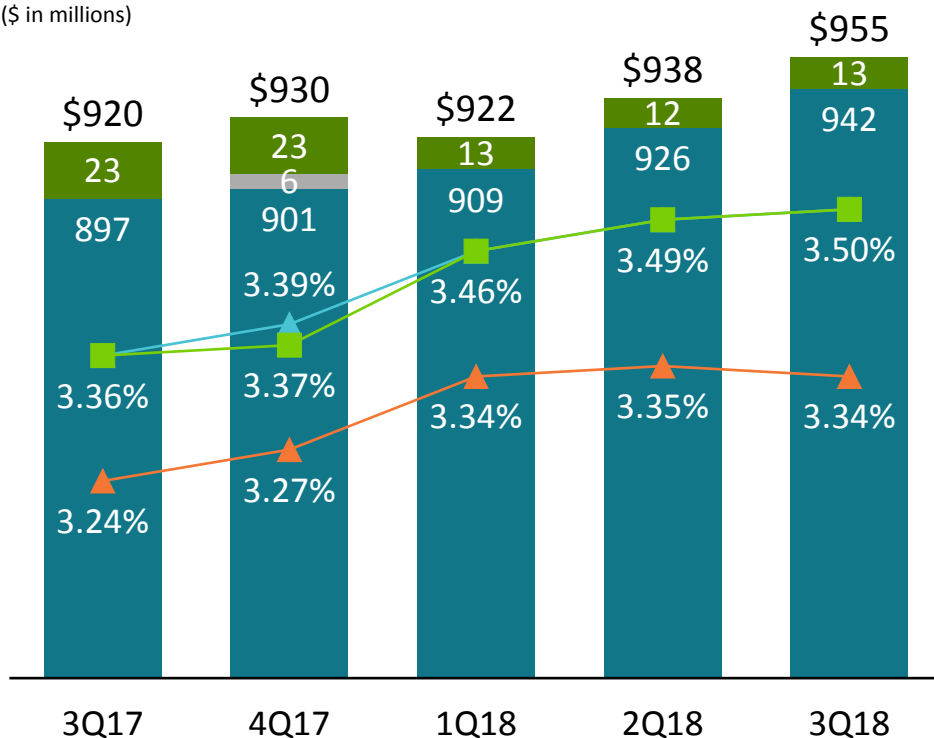
Return appropriate capital to shareholders

NET INTEREST INCOME AND ASSET SENSITIVITY

Increasing net interest income⁽¹⁾ and net interest margin

Net interest income⁽¹⁾ and net interest margin

(\$ in millions)



3Q18 results and outlook

- Net interest income (NII)⁽¹⁾ (non-FTE) increased \$16 million QoQ; net interest margin (NIM) +1 bps to 3.50%
- Both margin and income benefited from higher interest rates, prudent deposit cost management & loan growth/remixing, partially offset by increased wholesale funding
- NIM is 16 bps above the 3Q18 peer median
- 4Q18 expect to continue recent growth trends in NII⁽¹⁾ and 3 - 5 bps NIM expansion; assuming a December rate hike and modest increase in deposit costs

2018 Expectations: Adjusted net-interest income and other financing income (non-FTE) growth of 5-6%

(1) Net interest income and other financing income

(2) Non-GAAP; see appendix for reconciliation

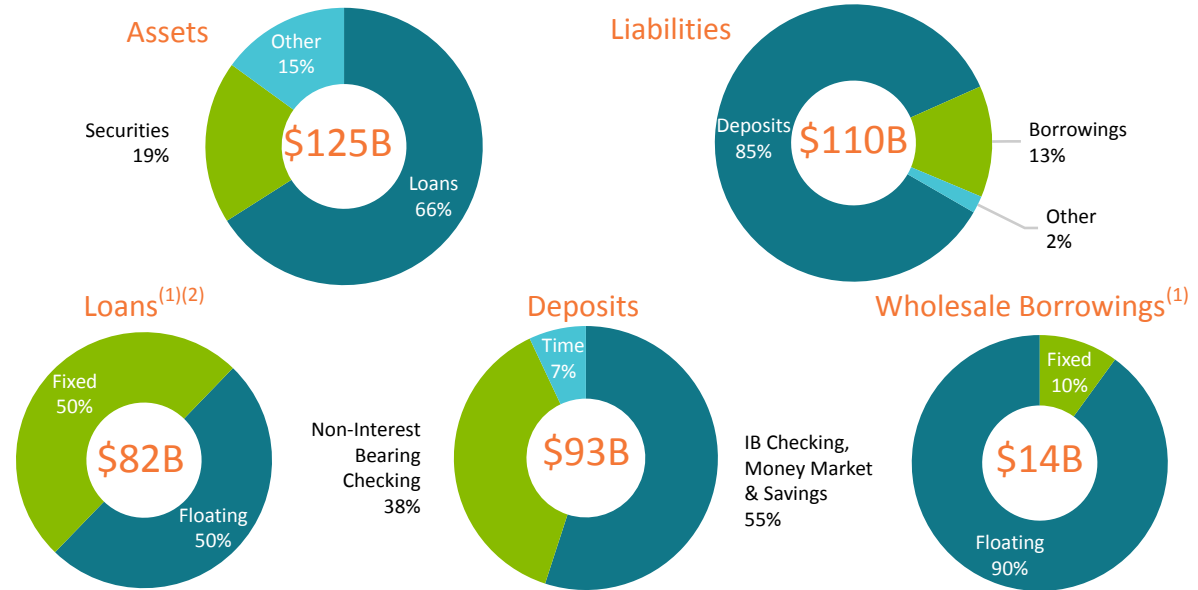
(3) Source: SNL Financial; Peer median includes BBT, CFG, CMA, FHN, FITB, HBAN, HWC, KEY, MTB, PNC, SNV, STI, USB, ZION

Interest rate sensitivity

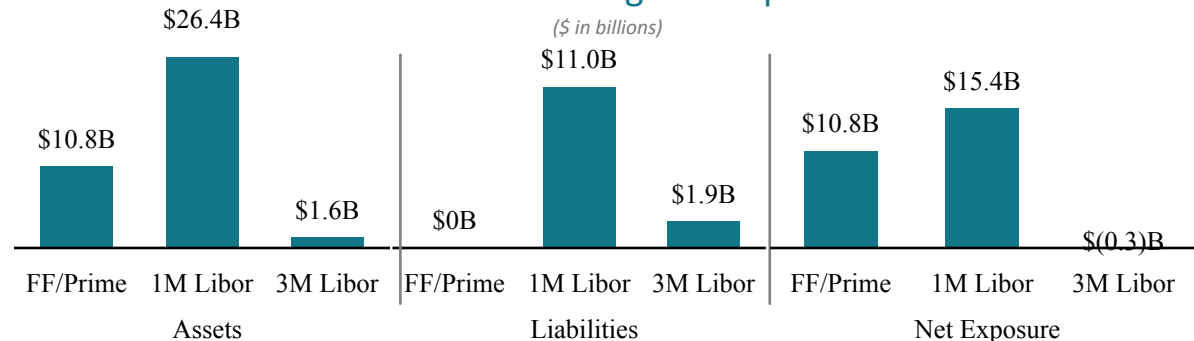
(as of September 30, 2018)

- Naturally asset sensitive balance sheet poised to benefit from rising interest rates
 - 50% of loans are floating rate, including loan hedges⁽¹⁾
 - \$26B of net contractual floating rate exposure⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
 - Middle and long-term sensitivity primarily driven by execution of fixed-rate lending strategies and reinvestment of fixed-rate securities; diminished impact from premium amortization unless interest rates decline substantially
 - Predominantly funded by deposit franchise, comprised mostly of smaller account, consumer balances; 45% is fixed rate (non-interest bearing or time)
- Loan hedges⁽¹⁾ used to protect earnings under low rates, while allowing for NII to expand as rates rise
- Deposit betas were roughly 54% through the last cycle and 15% so far this cycle⁽⁴⁾, both at the lower end of peers

Portfolio compositions



Contractual floating rate exposure⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾



(1) Including spot starting balance sheet hedges - receive fixed loan swaps & received fixed debt swaps; deferred start loans swaps not reflected in current exposure

(2) ARM mortgage loans are included as floating rate loans

(3) Excluding deposits, which are primarily management priced

(4) Last rising rate cycle measured from 2Q04 – 2Q07; current rising rate cycle measured from 3Q15 – 3Q18

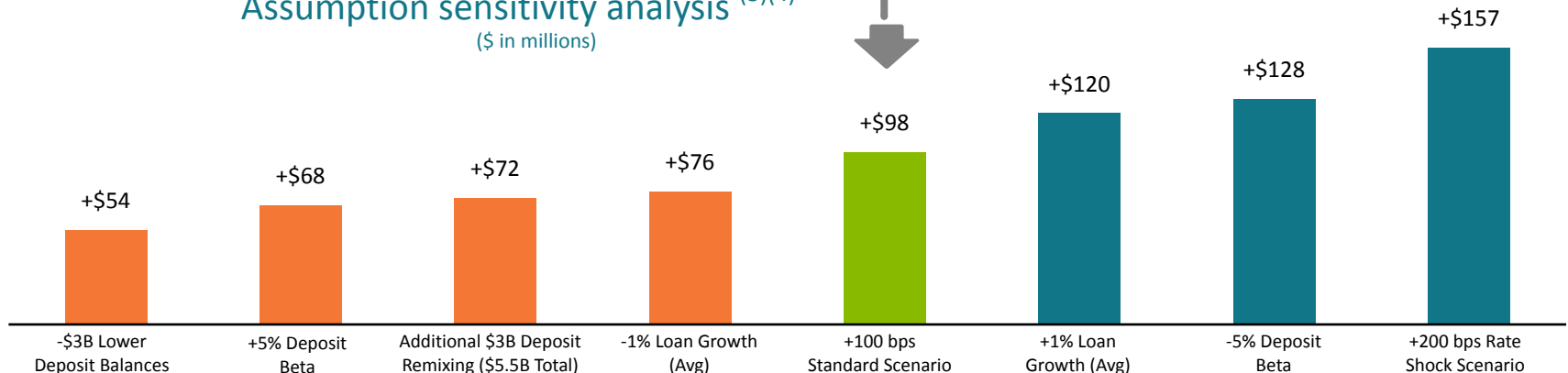
Interest rate scenario assumptions

(as of September 30, 2018)

Standard interest rate risk scenario assumptions

	Baseline Scenario	+100 bps Standard Shock Scenario (over a forward 12-month horizon)
Market Interest Rates	Current implied forward rates	+100bps parallel, instantaneous shock applied to current implied forward rates
Loan Balance Growth	Full-year adjusted average loans expected to grow low single digits ⁽¹⁾	Full-year adjusted average loans expected to grow low single digits ⁽¹⁾
Deposit Balance Growth/ Mix	Full-year average deposits expected to remain relatively stable ⁽²⁾	Full-year average deposits expected to remain relatively stable ⁽²⁾ ; ~\$2.5B ending remixing from NIB to Time (consistent with historical observations)
New Business Loan Spreads	Stable at current levels	Stable at current levels
Deposit Re-pricing Betas	Ramp up over 12 months within ~40% to ~60% range ⁽⁵⁾	Ramp up over 12 months within ~40% to ~60% range ⁽⁵⁾
2018 Full Year NII Growth	5% - 6% (non-FTE)	Baseline Scenario +\$98mm

Assumption sensitivity analysis ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ (\$ in millions)



(1) Growth expectations exclude the impact of third-party indirect-vehicle portfolio and sale of residential mortgage loans in 1Q18

(2) Growth expectations exclude the impact of brokered and Wealth Institutional Services deposits

(3) Impacts of stresses to standard shock scenario are applied independently; not cumulative

(4) Including spot starting and forward starting balance sheet hedges

(5) Deposit beta utilizes 3Q18 rates as a starting point

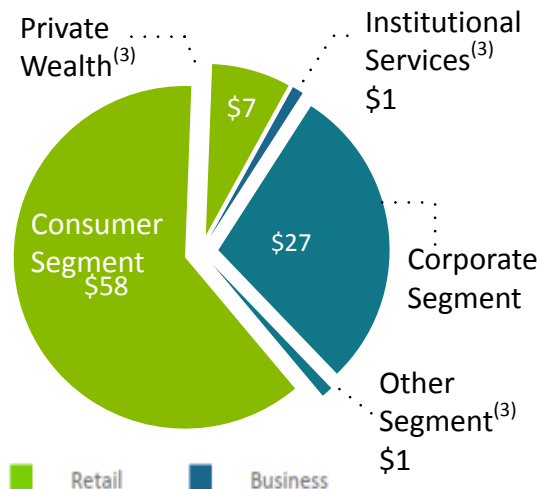
Deposit advantage

Expected to continue

Average deposits by customer type

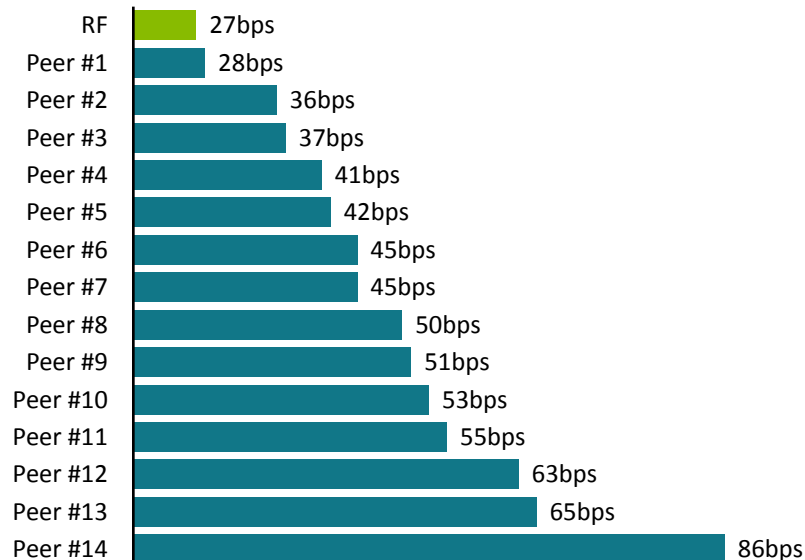
(Retail vs. Business)

3Q18, (\$ in billions)



- Retail deposits represent 69% of total deposits
- Total deposit costs 27 bps, interest-bearing costs 44 bps
- Approximately 50% of consumer low-cost deposit dollars have been customers for over 10 years
- Over 90% of consumer checking households include a high quality primary checking account⁽²⁾

3Q18 vs. 3Q15 change in interest bearing deposit costs⁽¹⁾



- Most common age of new consumer account openings is 18; ~45% of new account openings are in the under 30 age group⁽⁴⁾
- Over 55% of consumer checking customers utilize multiple channels and over 75% of all interactions are digital
- Active mobile banking customers increased 10% YoY and active mobile deposit customers increased 47% YoY

2018 Expectations: Full-year average deposits expected to remain relatively stable, excluding brokered and Wealth Institutional Services deposits⁽³⁾.

(1) Source: SNL Financial; Peers includes BBT, CFG, CMA, FHN, FITB, HBAN, HWC, KEY, MTB, PNC, SNV, STI, USB and ZION.

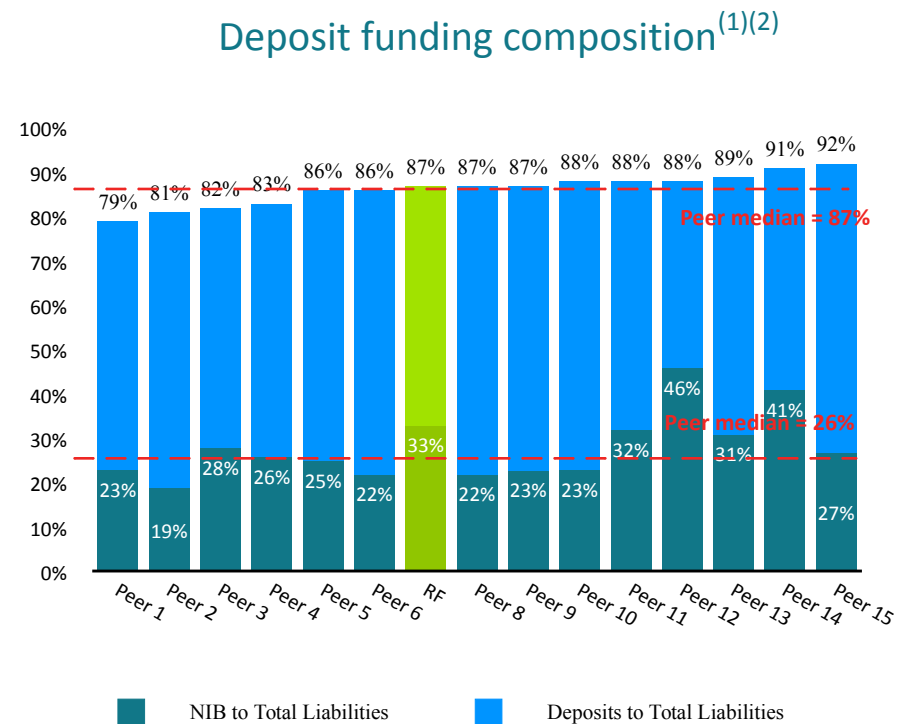
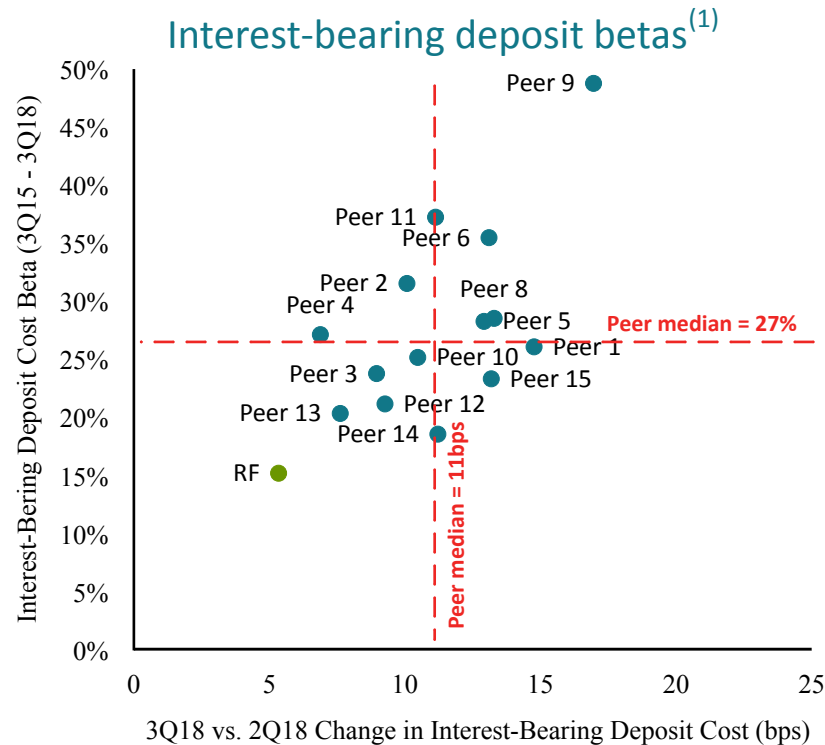
(2) High quality and primary account estimates are based on multiple individual account behaviors and activities (e.g., balances and transaction levels).

(3) Private Wealth Management and Institutional Services deposits are combined into the Wealth Management Segment. Total Other segment deposits consist primarily of brokered deposits. A break-out of these components is provided in the Company's quarterly Earnings Supplement.

(4) Based on primary account holders of customers who opened consumer checking accounts in 2017.

Deposit composition and pricing

(as of September 30, 2018)



- Regions' predominantly deposit funded balance sheet, which includes an attractive mix of low cost core deposits, provides for a competitive funding advantage against the peer set
 - 87% of liability funding is comprised of deposits
 - 33% of liability funding is in non-interest bearing accounts, the third highest in the peer group
- This advantage is evidenced in the current rising rate cycle (3Q15 to 3Q18) through Regions' 15% cumulative deposit beta versus the peer median of 27%; liability yield beta of 19% to date vs. peer median of 26%

(1) All peer data used is from the respective earnings report and has not been adjusted for M&A activity.

(2) Calculated using average balances in 3Q18.

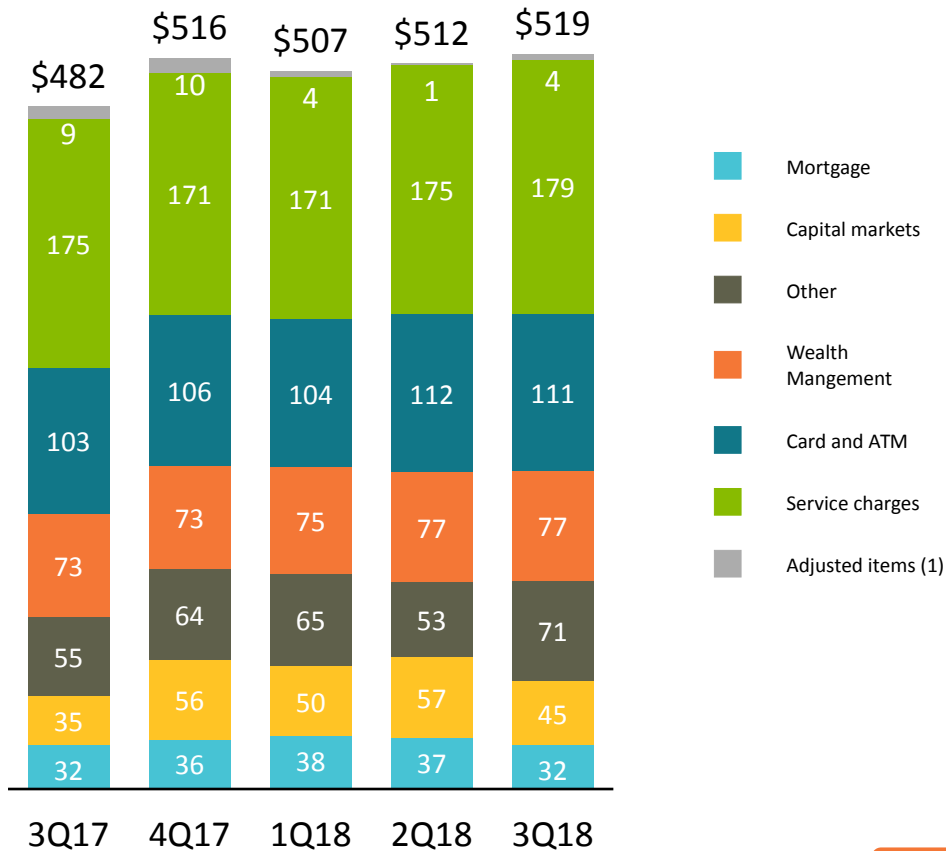
Peers include: BBT, CFG, CMA, FHN, FITB, HBAN, HWC, KEY, MTB, PNC, SNV, STI, USB, and ZION.

FEE INCOME AND EFFICIENCIES

Well-positioned for non-interest income growth

Non-interest income

(\$ in millions)



3Q18 results and outlook

- Non-interest income increased \$7 million or 1% QoQ; adjusted non-interest income⁽¹⁾ increased \$4 million or 1% impacted by:
 - Increased service charges driven by account growth; YTD checking account growth of 1.4%
 - Other income included valuation adjustments on equity investments and gain on sale of LIHTC⁽²⁾ investments
- Capital markets decreased from a record 2Q level, primarily due to lower M&A advisory fees
- Mortgage decreased primarily due to hedging and valuation adjustments on residential MSRs
 - Completed the purchase of MSR rights to service ~\$3.4 billion of residential mortgage loans

2018 Expectations: Adjusted non-interest income growth of 4.5%-5.5%

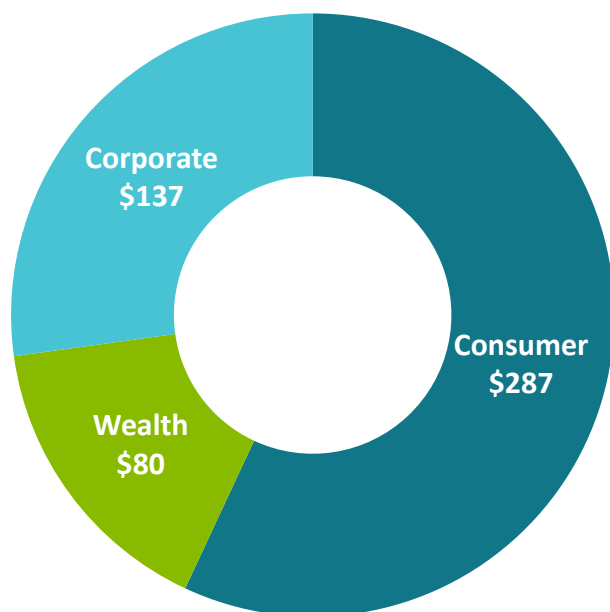
(1) Non-GAAP; see appendix for reconciliation

(2) Low income housing tax credit investments

Diversified fee income

3Q18 fee revenue by segment⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)



Consumer

- Consumer fee income categories are an important and stable component of fee revenue and are expected to contribute to overall growth
- Service charges are expected to increase consistent with growth in checking accounts and households
- Card and ATM fee growth is expected to continue consistent with growth in active cards and increased transactions

Wealth

- Continued growth in wealth management relationships, assets under management and improvement in equity markets are expected to contribute to income growth
 - 3Q18 wealth management relationships increased 27% YoY
 - 3Q18 assets under management increased 5% YoY
 - 3Q18 investment services fee income is up 20% YoY

Corporate

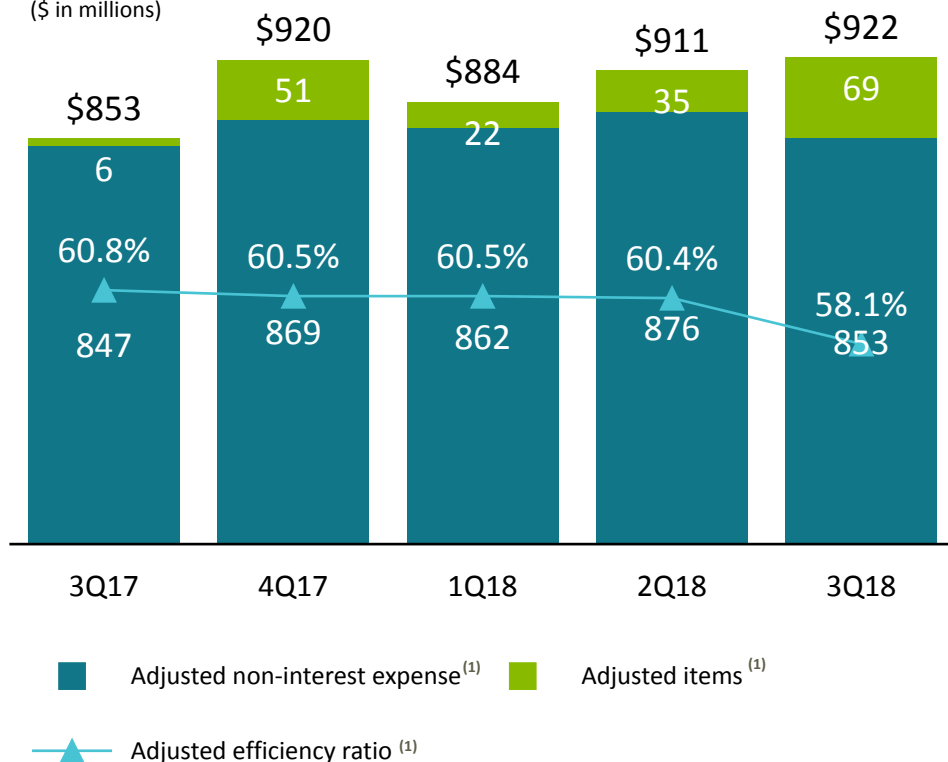
- Capital markets income decreased from a record 2Q, but increased 29% over the prior year
- Although timing can be difficult to project, capital markets income is expected to be a significant contributor to non-interest income growth in 2018

(1) Excludes Other Segment fee revenue of \$15 million in 3Q18

Disciplined expense management

Non-interest expense

(\$ in millions)



3Q18 results and outlook

- Non-interest expense increased \$11M or 1% QoQ driven primarily by a \$60M contribution to Regions Financial Corporation Foundation
- Adjusted non-interest expense⁽¹⁾ decreased \$23M or 3% impacted by:
 - Declines in most expense categories
 - Staffing (FTE basis) declined 2% QoQ and 7% YoY
- 3Q18 efficiency ratio 62.6%; adjusted efficiency ratio⁽¹⁾ 58.1%; adjusted YTD efficiency ratio⁽¹⁾ and operating leverage⁽¹⁾ were 59.7% and 3.4%, respectively

2018 Expectations: Adjusted non-interest expense relatively stable; adjusted efficiency ratio <60%, adjusted operating leverage of 3.5%-4.5%, and effective tax rate of ~21%

(1) Non-GAAP; see appendix for reconciliation

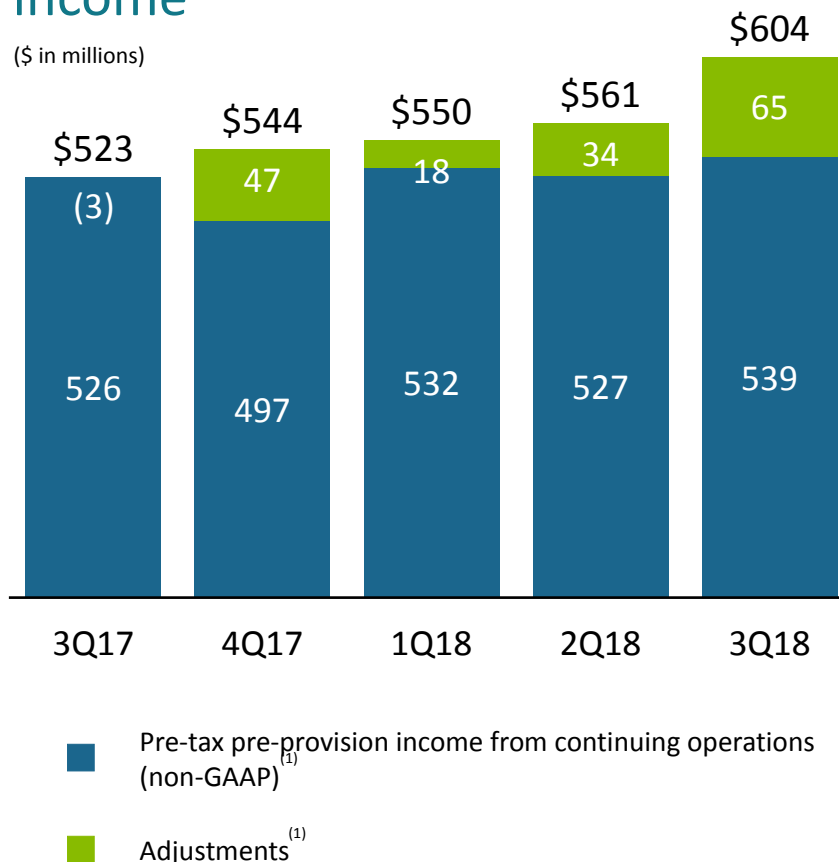
Pre-tax pre-provision income⁽¹⁾

3Q18 results and outlook

- Pre-tax pre-provision income⁽¹⁾ increased \$12M or 2% QoQ; adjusted pre-tax pre-provision income⁽¹⁾ increased \$43M or 8%, reflecting highest level in over 10 years
- Pre-tax pre-provision income⁽¹⁾ increased \$13M or 2% YoY; adjusted pre-tax pre-provision income⁽¹⁾ increased \$81M or 15%
- Efficiency remains a top priority

Adjusted pre-tax pre-provision income⁽¹⁾

(\$ in millions)



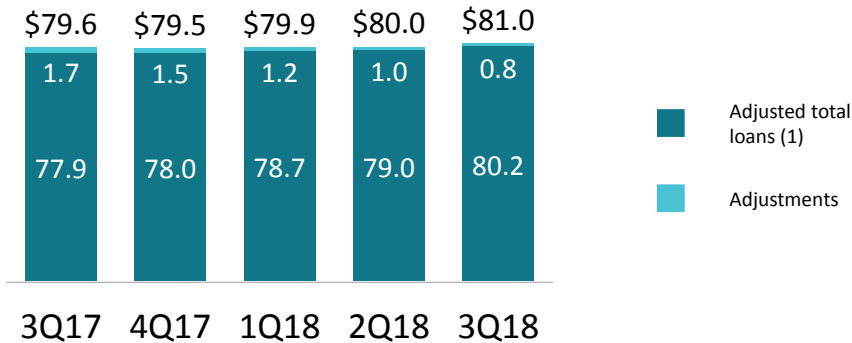
(1) Non-GAAP; see appendix for reconciliation

BALANCE SHEET

Prudently managing loans

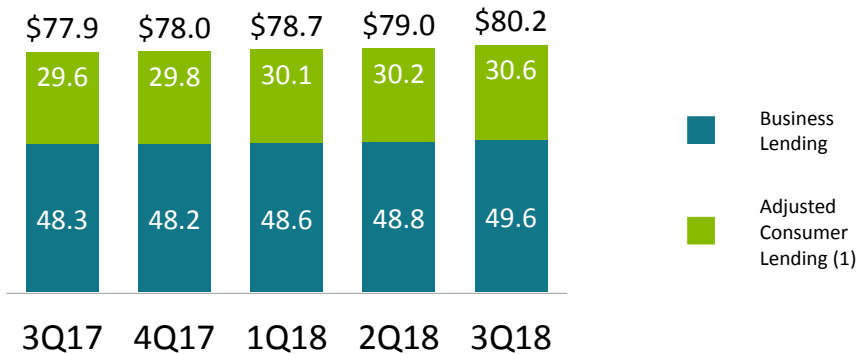
Average loans and leases

(\$ in billions)



Adjusted average loans and leases⁽¹⁾

(\$ in billions)



3Q18 results and outlook

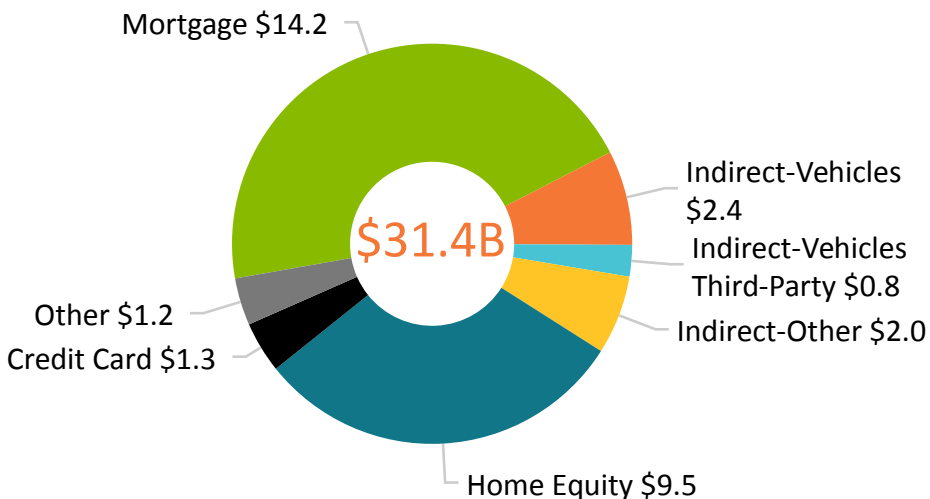
- Average loans grew 1% QoQ and 2% YoY; adjusted average loans⁽¹⁾ grew 2% QoQ and 3% YoY
- Broad-based loan growth; diminished headwinds from portfolio reshaping efforts
- C&I growth in corporate, including specialized lending, as well as middle market commercial
- IRE growth driven by term real estate lending
- Consumer growth led by point of sale partnerships; solid growth in residential mortgage, vehicle, and consumer credit card
- Pipelines remain healthy

(1) Non-GAAP; see appendix for reconciliation

Average loan composition

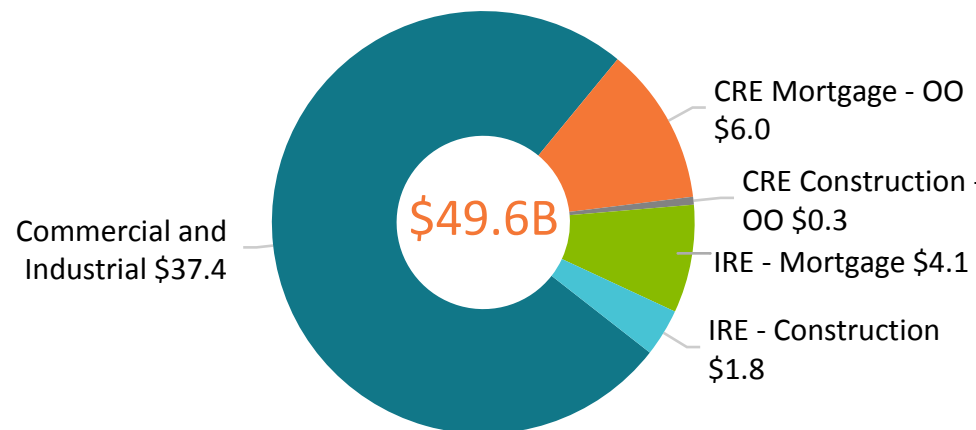
Average consumer loans⁽¹⁾

(\$ in billions)



Average business loans⁽¹⁾

(\$ in billions)



2018 Expectations: Full-year adjusted average loans⁽²⁾ expected to grow low single digits

(1) Average balances for 3Q18.

(2) Adjusted loans exclude the third-party indirect-vehicle portfolio and the impact of 1Q18 residential mortgage loan sale.

Optimizing deposit mix

Average deposits by type

(\$ in billions)



Average deposits by segment

(\$ in billions)



3Q18 results and outlook

- Remain focused on growing low-cost consumer and business service relationship deposits
- QoQ decline driven primarily by seasonality and continued strategic reductions
- YoY decline primarily attributable to strategic reductions and corporate customers using liquidity, partially offset by consumer growth
- Continue to grow net new consumer checking accounts, households, wealth relationships and corporate customers
- Total deposit costs 27 bps; interest-bearing deposit costs 44 bps

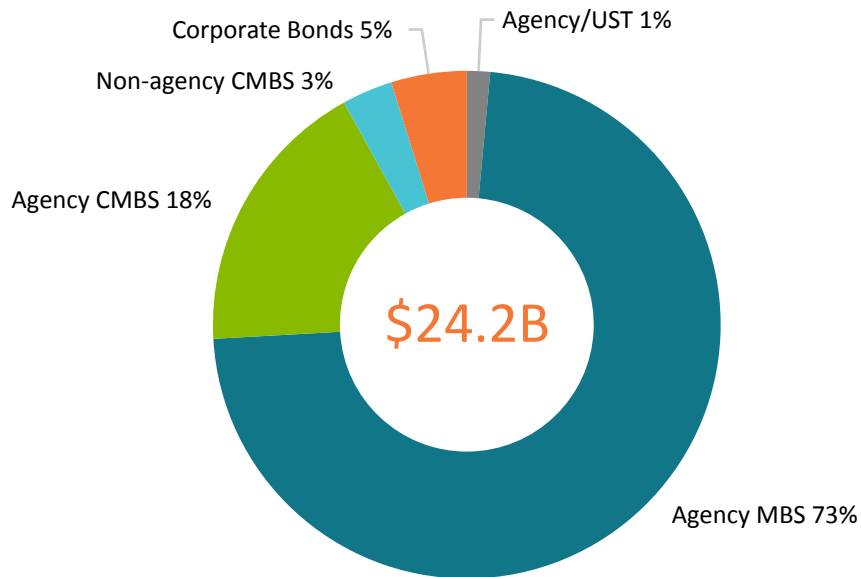
2018 Expectations: Full-year average deposits expected to remain relatively stable, excluding brokered and Wealth Institutional Services deposits

(1) Wealth Management segment deposits include Private Wealth Management and Institutional Services deposits. A break-out of these components is provided in the Company's quarterly Earning Supplement.

(2) Other deposits consist primarily of brokered deposits.

Securities portfolio

Securities portfolio composition⁽¹⁾



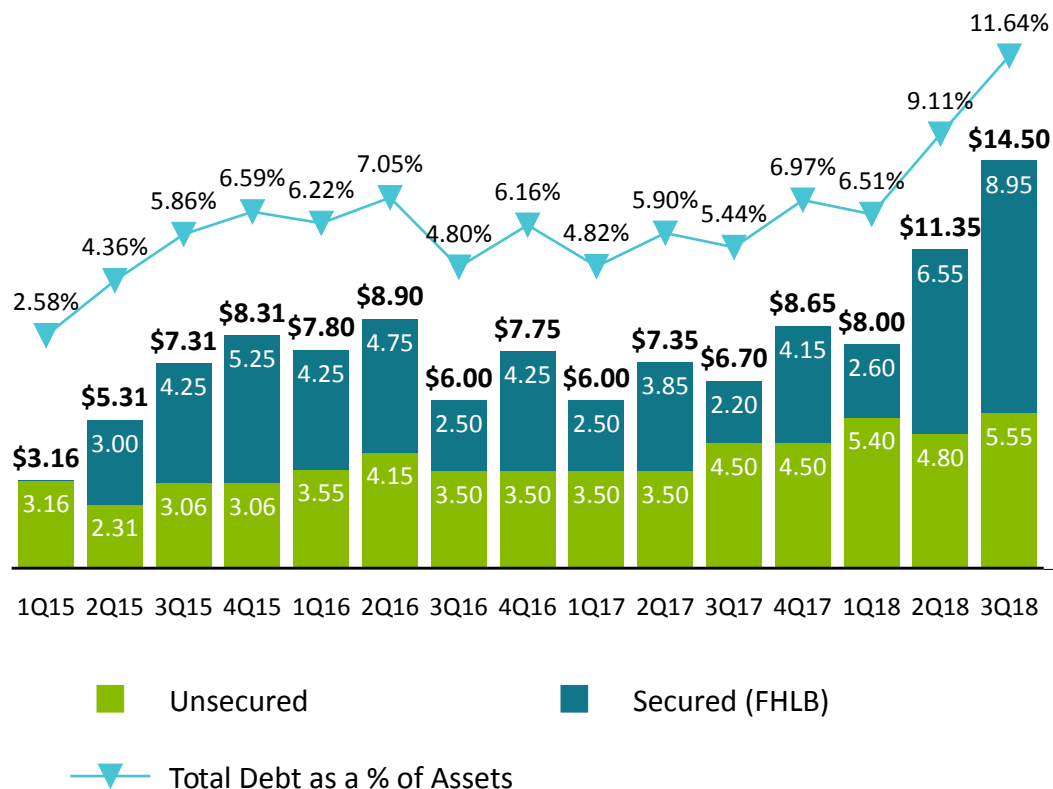
- Portfolio is managed within the construct of the overall balance sheet and risk management process
- Expected to perform well in a variety of economic environments
- Supportive of both regulatory and market liquidity objectives
- Selective when purchasing MBS - choose loan characteristics that offer prepayment protection while preserving upside in rising rate scenario
- Supplement MBS with bullet like assets such as Agency & Non-Agency CMBS and Investment Grade Corporate Bonds
- ~4.4yr duration with relatively modest extension risk from current levels
 - In a +200bps scenario duration remains below 5yrs

(1) Includes both AFS and HTM securities at 9/30/2018

Balance sheet optimization

Historical debt profile

(\$ in billions)



- Regions' wholesale funding footprint positions it well to utilize available funding sources to protect the deposit base
- In 3Q18, Regions issued \$1.0B of senior unsecured Bank notes and \$500M of senior unsecured holding company notes
 - Unsecured Bank notes reduce FDIC assessment expense, and improve diversified funding base
- Regions' 2Q18 unsecured debt as a % of assets was 3.9%; well below the peer median of 8.2%⁽¹⁾
- At 9/30/18, weighted average interest rate for FHLB advances was 2.2% and weighted average of remaining maturities of 0.75 years
 - Advances used to manage short-term balance sheet fluctuations including seasonal deposit trends

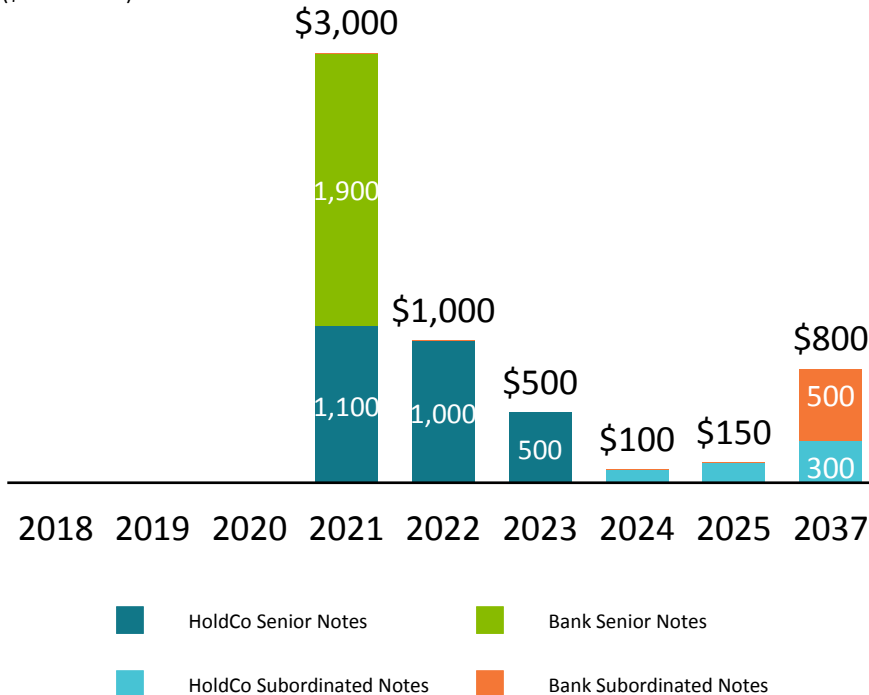
Note: Balances exclude valuation adjustments on hedged long-term debt and capital lease obligations.

(1) Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence; Peers includes BBT, CFG, CMA, FHN, FITB, HBAN, HWC, KEY, MTB, PNC, SNV, STI, USB and ZION.

Regions unsecured debt and credit ratings profile

Debt maturity profile

(\$ in millions)



Select credit ratings

	Moody's	S&P	Fitch
Regions Financial Corporation			
Senior Unsecured Debt	Baa2	BBB+	BBB+
Subordinated Debt	Baa2	BBB	BBB
Regions Bank			
Senior Unsecured Debt	Baa2	A-	BBB+
Subordinated Debt	Baa2	BBB+	BBB

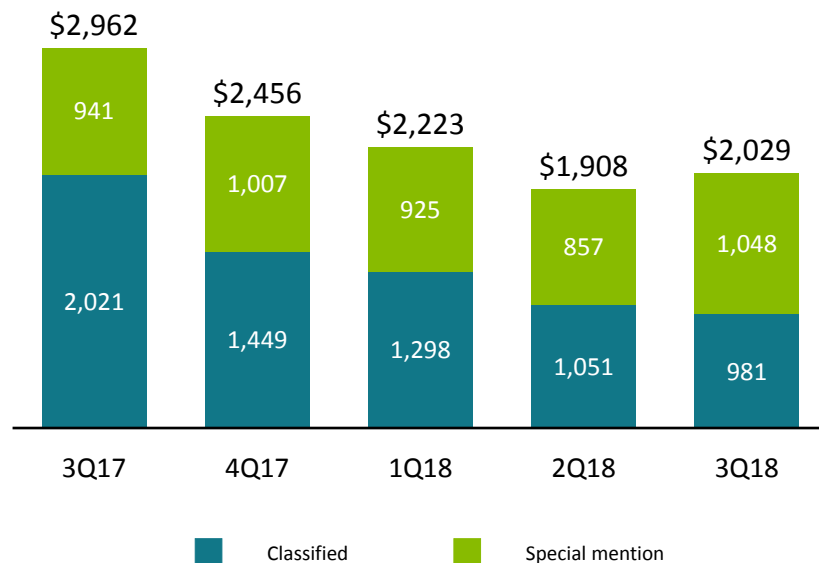
- Regions' unsecured wholesale debt footprint represents just 4.5% of 9/30/2018 assets with Holding Company and Bank unsecured debt making up 2.5% and 1.9% of 9/30/2018 assets, respectively
- Regions maintains solid, investment grade ratings for both senior and subordinated unsecured debt at the Bank and Holding Company

CREDIT

Asset quality remains benign

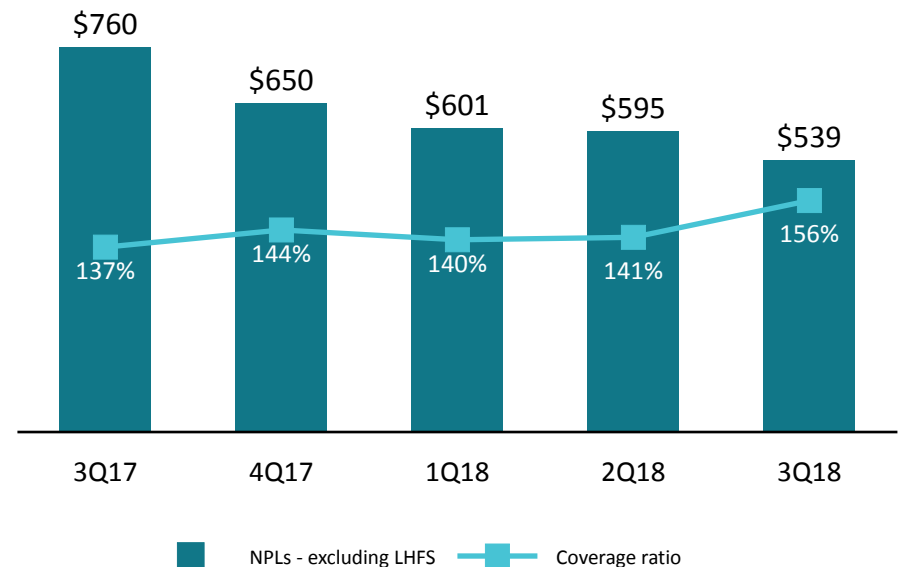
Criticized business loans

(\$ in millions)



NPLs and coverage ratio

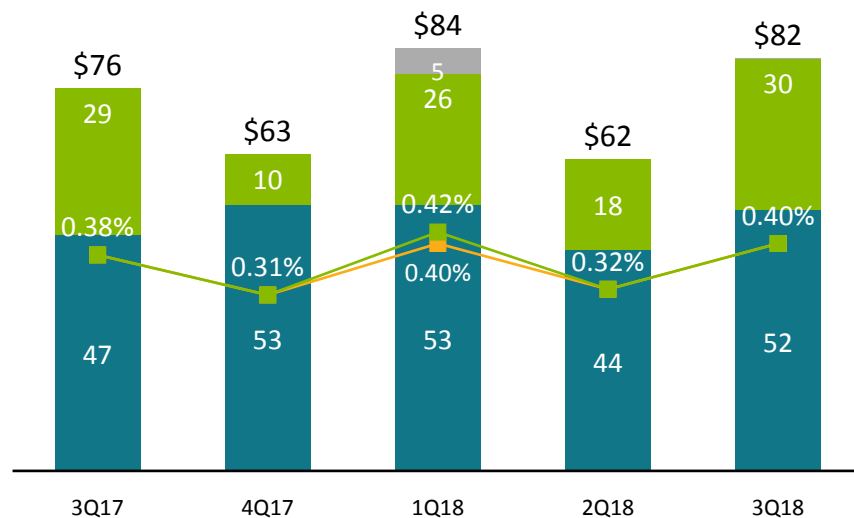
(\$ in millions)



Asset quality remains benign (continued)

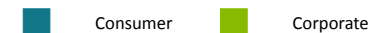
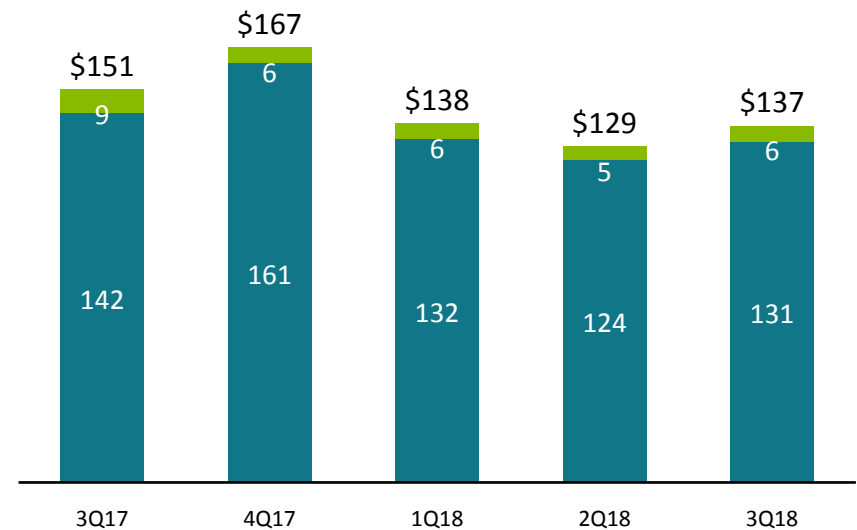
Net charge-offs and ratio

(\$ in millions)



Accruing 90+ days past due

(\$ in millions)



2018 Expectations: Net charge-offs of 35-50 bps; based on recent performance and current market conditions, expect to be toward the lower end of the range

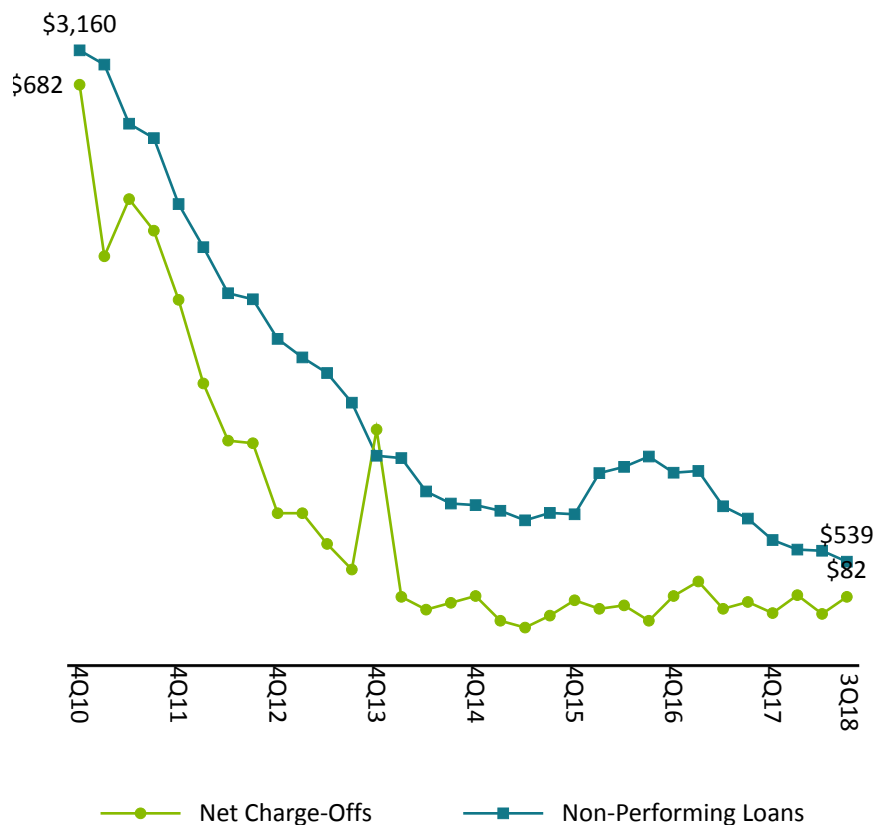
(1) Non-GAAP; see appendix for reconciliation

(2) Related to 1Q18 residential mortgage loan sale consisting primarily of TDRs

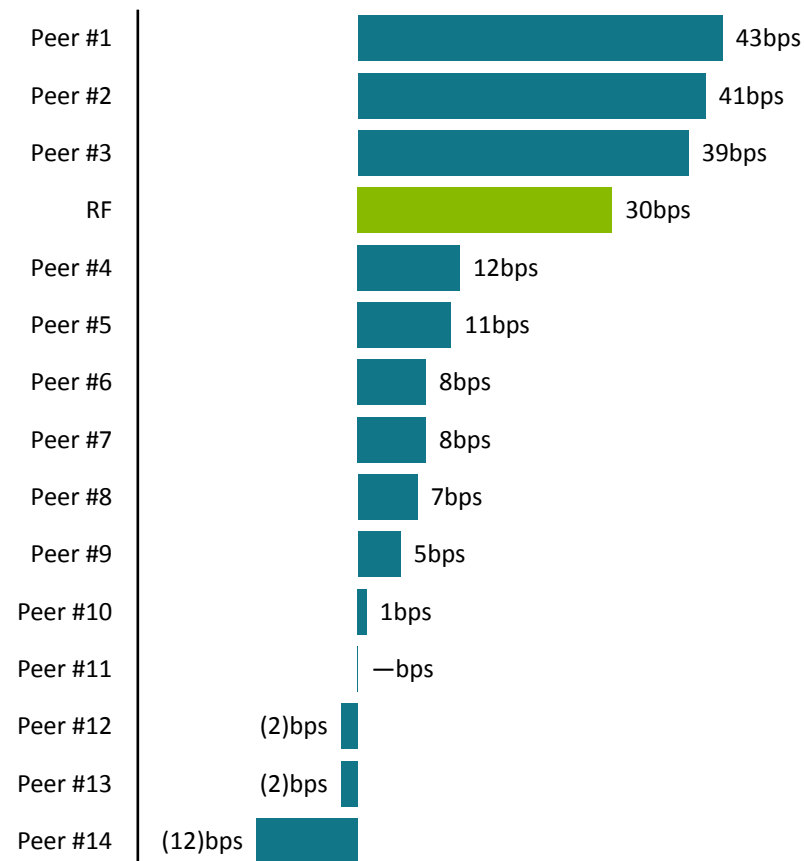
Enhanced risk management led to significant improvement in asset quality

Net charge-offs and NPLs⁽¹⁾ have significantly improved

(\$ in millions)



YoY improvement in NPLs⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ to total loans



(1) Excludes loans held for sale.

(2) Source: SNL Financial; Peers includes BBT, CFG, CMA, FHN, FITB, HBAN, HWC, KEY, MTB, PNC, SNV, STI, USB and ZION.

INNOVATION & TECHNOLOGY

Simplify and Grow: making it easier for customers and associates



Goal:

- Achieve sustainable, long-term growth
- Deliver a great customer experience at every touch point: digital and in-person
- Become more efficient and effective across the enterprise
- Appeal to the next generation of customer

Why:

- Customer expectations for fast, easy and now are growing
- Pace of technology change has accelerated driven by the smartphone
- Banking industry undergoing transformational change

Simplify and Grow

A continuous journey



Making banking easier

- Digitization
- Loan process
- Account opening
- Streamline credit process; more digital; faster response

Organization simplification

- Organizational structure review
- Spans and layers review
- Streamline committees and decision making

Revenue growth

- Faster launch of new initiatives
- Advanced analytics to drive next best customer offers
- Channel optimization
- Digitization

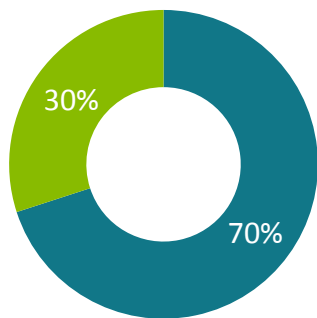
Efficiency improvements

- Robotics and artificial intelligence
- Shared services
- Branch and other facility consolidations
- Outsourcing

Simplify and Grow: progress update

A continuous journey

Initial efficiency and revenue review



Through the initial review opportunities identified represent ~70% expense savings and ~30% revenue growth opportunities

~ 45 initiatives underway aimed at...



making banking easier



growing revenue



improving efficiencies & effectiveness

Accomplishments

- Organizational changes to streamline structure
- Staffing (FTE-basis) down approximately 1,500 positions YoY
- Closed sale of Regions Insurance
- Refined retail network strategy
- Sold \$254 million of primarily TDR residential mortgage loans
- Streamlined risk governance while improving oversight and effectiveness

Simplify and Grow: investing for growth

A continuous journey



- **Investing in talent and growth markets**

- Hiring new bankers
- Adding talent in capital markets and digital banking
- Adding branches in targeted growth markets



- **Streamlining processes**

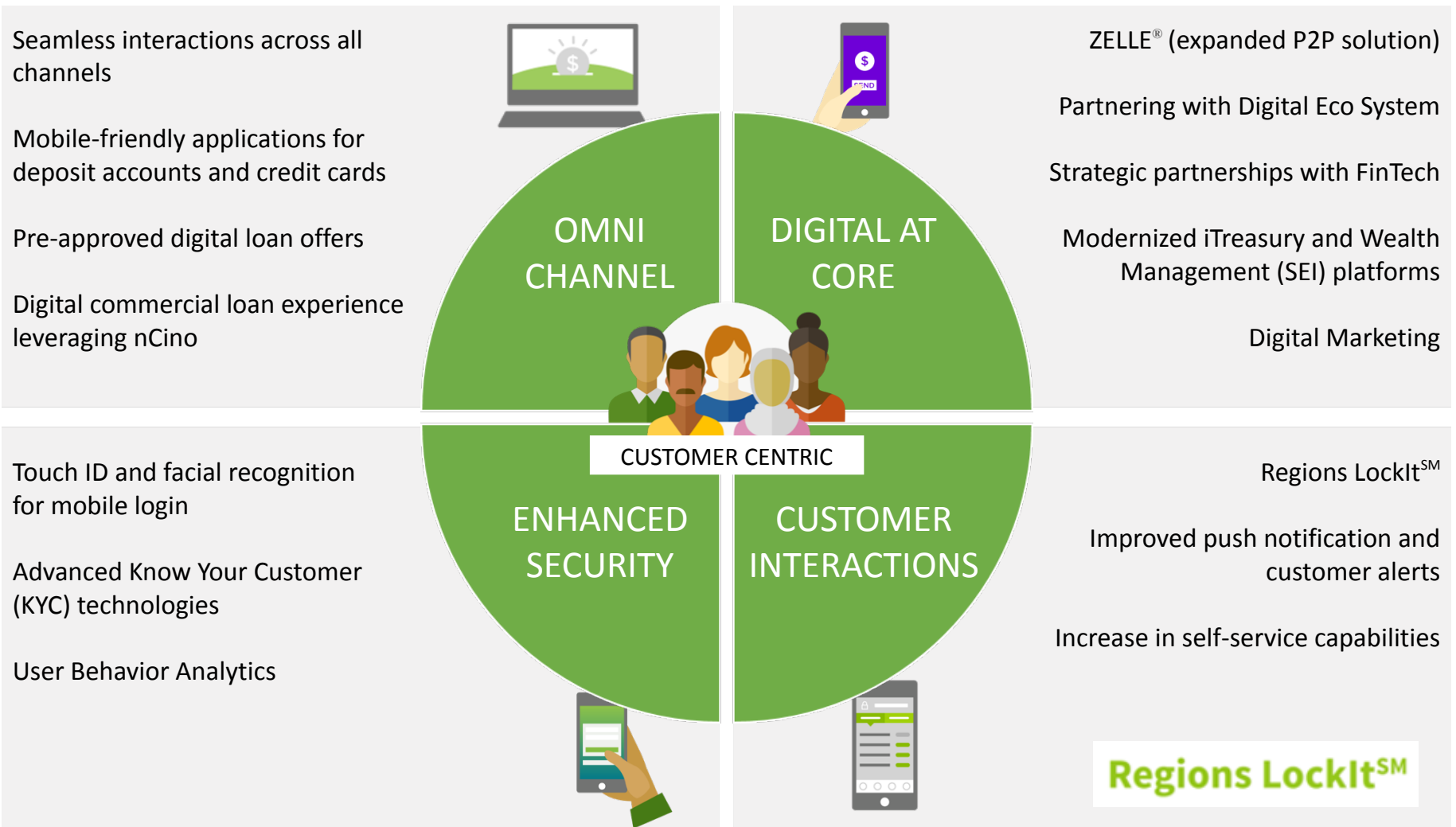
- Accelerated commercial response time ~70%
- Digitization of consumer loan process



- **Investing in technology**

- Rolled out Reggie, our virtual banker, in contact centers
- Enhanced ROSIE, our A.I. enabled branch assistant
- Systems upgrades in Commercial, Treasury Management & Wealth Management facilitating growth

Making banking easier for our customers through digitization



All efforts focused on CUSTOMER JOURNEYS

Modern execution approach with 45% IT in Agile and DevOps

Automation

- Rolled out pre-approved consumer loan offers within online banking as well as eSignature capabilities
- Intelligent process automation through bots creating operational efficiencies in front and back offices



Artificial intelligence

- Cognitive capabilities in the contact center improving customer experience and efficiency
- Cognitive chat functionality in development



Data management and advanced analytics

- Data lake capabilities for all critical data
- Advanced analytics to improve lead management and location based analytics



Cloud technologies

- More than 90% virtualization in private cloud
- API strategy deployed to further enable cloud integrations

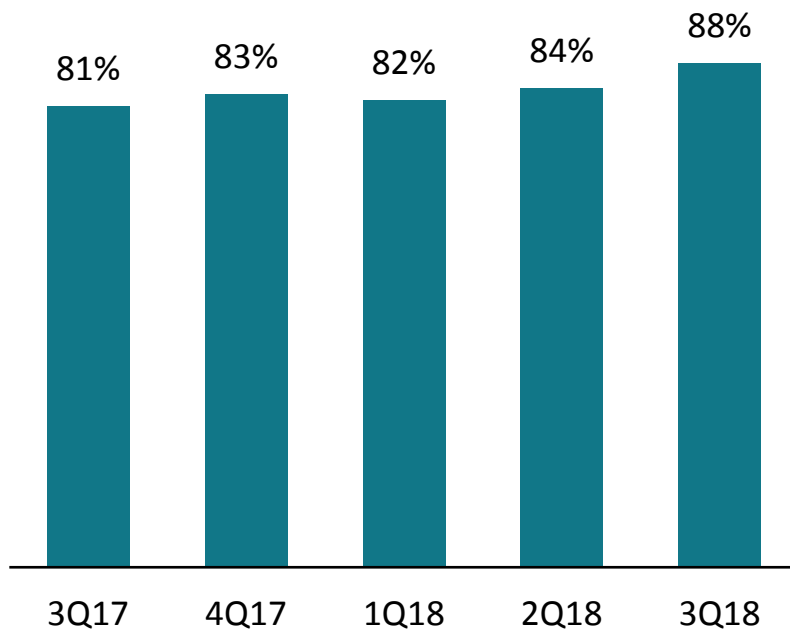


FOCUSED ON INCREASED SPEED TO MARKET

CAPITAL & LIQUIDITY

Solid liquidity

Loan-to-deposit ratio⁽¹⁾

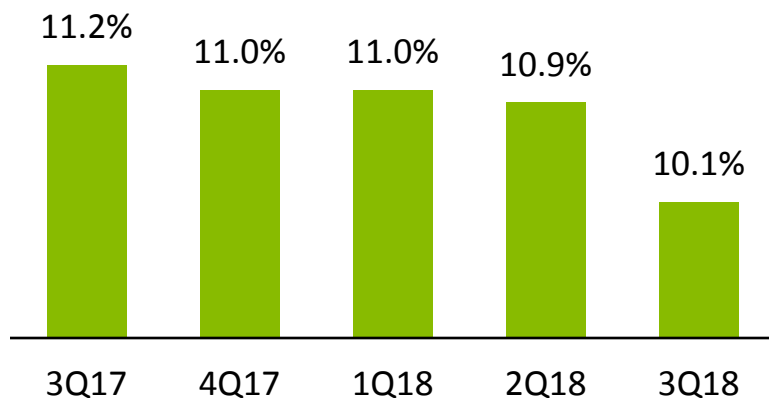


- Regions has a strong, core funded balance sheet
- Future debt maturities are manageable and allow for efficient re-financing
- Regions' liquidity policy requires the holding company maintain at least 18 months coverage of maturities, debt service and other cash needs
 - Management targets 24 months coverage
- Bank wholesale funding requirements will be largely dictated by the relative performance of loan and deposit growth

(1) Based on ending balances

Strong capital levels

Common equity Tier 1 ratio – Fully phased-in pro-forma⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾



Capital priorities



**Organic
Growth**



**Strategic
Investments**



Dividends



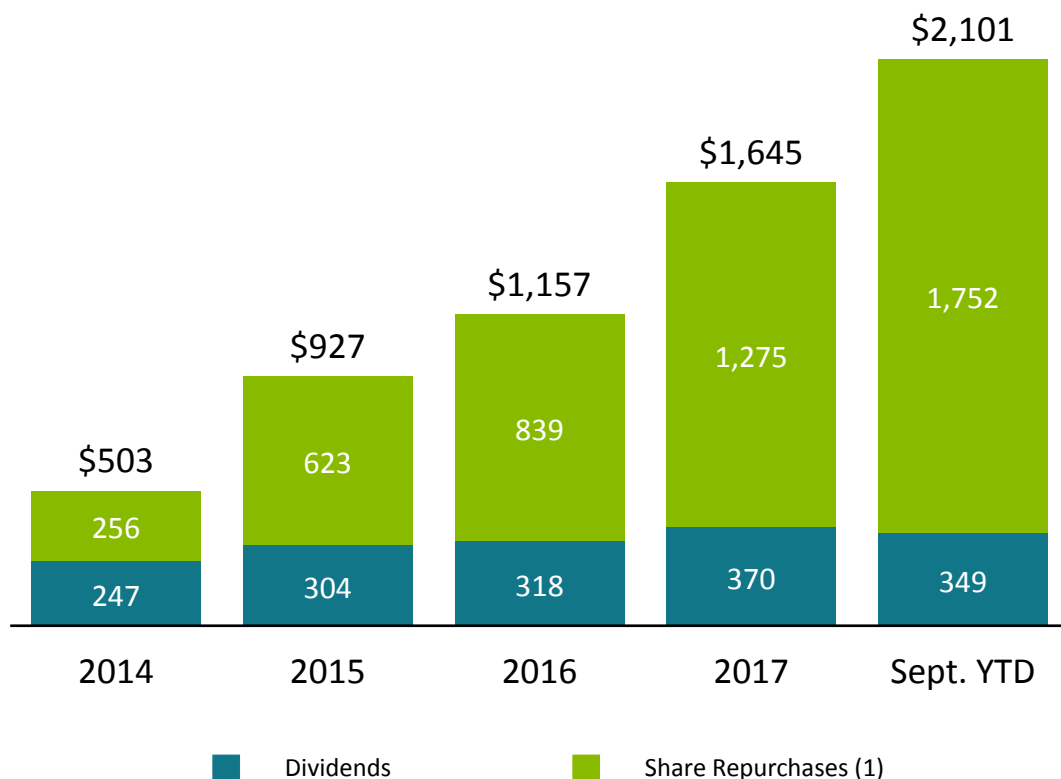
**Share
Repurchases**

(1) Current quarter ratios are estimated
(2) Non-GAAP; see appendix for reconciliation

Robust capital returns

Capital returned to shareholders

(\$ in millions)



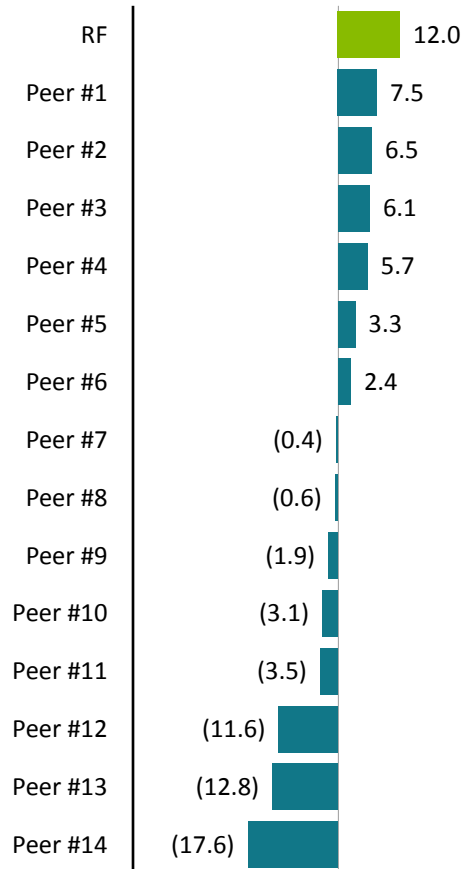
- Sufficient capital to support organic growth, strategic investments, and a robust return to shareholders
- No objection to CCAR capital plans; up to \$2.031B in common share repurchases and 56% increase in quarterly common stock dividend to \$0.14 (3Q18-2Q19); plan includes capital generated from insurance sale
- Repurchased ~\$1.1B or 55M shares of common stock YTD through open market purchases and \$700M through an ASR⁽²⁾ agreement with initial delivery of 29M shares as of 9/30/18 and an additional ~9M shares at final settlement on 10/29/18; also declared \$349M in dividends to common shareholders
- Sold Regions Insurance on 7/2/18; after-tax gain was \$196M (3Q18 disc ops)

(1) Includes fees associated with open market share repurchases

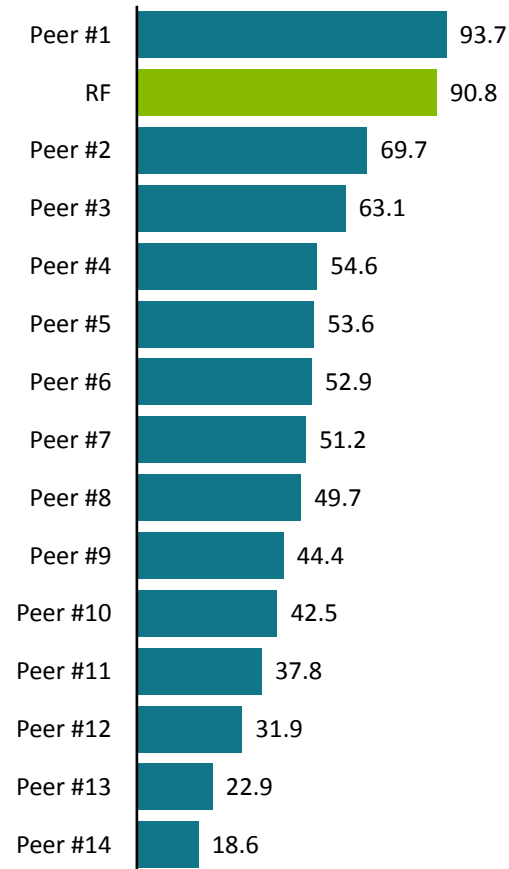
(2) Accelerated share repurchase agreement

Solid total shareholder returns

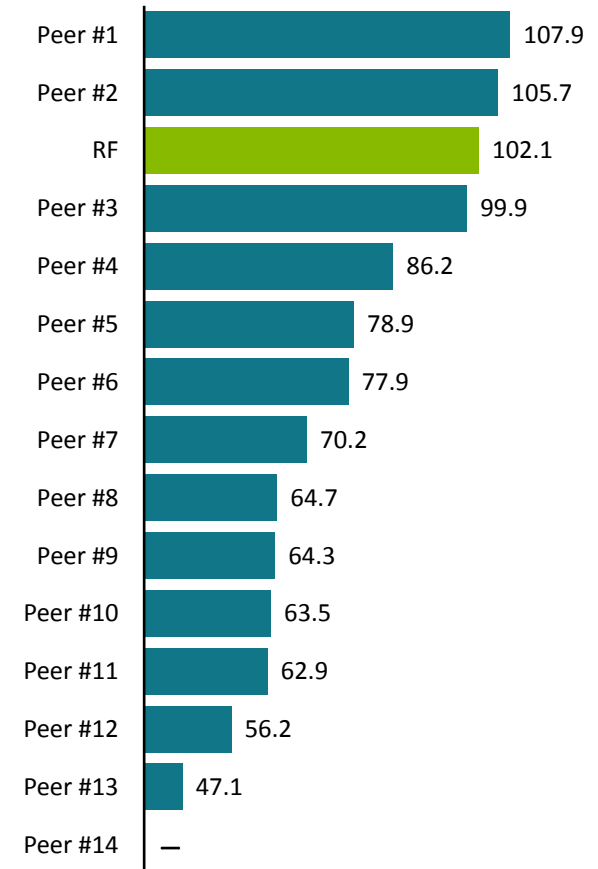
1 Year⁽¹⁾



3 Year⁽¹⁾



5 Year⁽¹⁾



(1) Total shareholder return data as of 11/5/2018. Peers include BBT, CFG (Publicly traded as of 2015), CMA, FITB, HBAN, HWC, KEY, MTB, PNC, SNV, STI, USB, FHN and ZION. Source - SNL Financial

LONG-TERM TARGETS & 2018 EXPECTATIONS

Managing for long-term performance

Opportunities to drive growth and efficiencies



Asset sensitivity

Significant funding advantage driven by loyal and low-cost deposit base; accretive fixed-rate reinvestments



Capital return

Capital sufficient for organic growth, strategic investments, & robust shareholder returns



Stable asset quality

Broad-based credit metric improvements; sound risk management practices combined with recently completed de-risking activities have us positioned well for the next credit cycle



Revenue growth & efficiency opportunities

Identify and execute additional opportunities to increase revenues and reduce expenses through



2018 full-year expectations

- Adjusted ROATCE of approximately 16%⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- Full-year adjusted average loans are expected to grow in the low single digits⁽¹⁾
- Full-year average deposits are expected to remain relatively stable, excluding brokered and Wealth Institutional Services deposits⁽³⁾
- Adjusted operating leverage of approximately 3.5% - 4.5%⁽¹⁾
 - Adjusted net interest income and other financing income growth (non-FTE) of 5% - 6%⁽¹⁾
 - Adjusted non-interest income growth of 4.5% - 5.5%⁽¹⁾
 - Adjusted non-interest expenses relatively stable⁽¹⁾
 - Adjusted efficiency ratio < 60%⁽¹⁾
- Effective income tax rate of approximately 21%
- Net charge-offs of 35-50 bps; based on performance to date and current market conditions, expect to be toward the lower end of the range

(1) The reconciliation with respect to forward-looking non-GAAP measures is expected to be consistent with actual non-GAAP reconciliations included in attached appendix or previous filings with the SEC.

(2) This long-term target was updated to reflect the impact of corporate income tax reform.

(3) Private Wealth Management and Institutional Services deposits are combined into the Wealth Management Segment. Total Other segment deposits consists primarily of brokered deposits. A break-out of these components is provided in the Company's quarterly Earnings Supplement.

Long-term financial targets

Strategic financial initiatives

GROW AND DIVERSIFY REVENUE

DISCIPLINED EXPENSE MANAGEMENT

EFFECTIVELY DEPLOY CAPITAL

2016 - 2018 long-term financial targets

Adjusted EPS growth of 12-15% (CAGR)⁽¹⁾

Adjusted efficiency ratio of <60%⁽¹⁾

Adjusted ROATCE ~16%⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

(1) Non-GAAP; the reconciliation with respect to forward-looking non-GAAP measures is expected to be consistent with actual non-GAAP reconciliations included in attached appendix or previous filings with the SEC.

(2) Adjusted ROATCE target was reset from 12-14% to 14-16% for 2018 as a result of tax reform; subsequently revised to ~16% in 3Q18.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL & CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

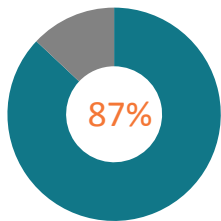
Corporate governance

The Company understands that good governance is the foundation of sustainable business and good decision making is necessary for creating shareholder value over the long term.

Board of Directors

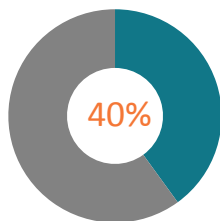
Our Corporate Governance Principles affirm that the Board will seek members from diverse professional and demographic backgrounds, who combine a broad spectrum of experience and expertise with a reputation for integrity, to ensure that the Board maintains an appropriate mix of skills and characteristics to meet the needs of the Company.

Independence



Diversity

Based on gender, ethnic,
or sexual orientation



Compensation principles

Create a balanced, performance-based compensation philosophy that is properly aligned with strategic and financial objectives and supports the Company's risk appetite and tolerance.

Engagement

- We take a long-term view of how we create value, and we take a similar approach to corporate governance shareholder engagement.
- Regions is committed to constructive and meaningful communications with our shareholders and building ongoing relationships over time.
- We consider proper shareholder engagement to be a continuous relationship throughout the year through in-person meetings, phone calls, and email updates.
- Engaging with our shareholders and soliciting their points of view is critical to providing long-term value to all of the Company's stakeholders.

Corporate governance enhancements

- Enhanced Board oversight for environmental and social responsibility
- Appointed a Chief Governance Officer and Associate Conduct Officer and hired a Diversity & Inclusion Officer
- Enhanced Director recruitment criteria to further consider diversity
- Strengthened the Board self-evaluation process
- Brought more balance among our newer, mid-tenured, and seasoned Directors
- Expanded oversight of the newly renamed Compensation and Human Resources Committee to include associate conduct, corporate culture, human capital/talent management, and diversity and inclusion.

Environmental & social highlights⁽¹⁾



Communities

- Commitment to community development
Invested \$2.96 billion
- Assist our communities
\$100 million Foundation supports economic and community development, education and workforce readiness, and financial wellness
- Promote financial wellness
Presented 90,000 financial education seminars
- Associates invest time in the communities
Over 77,700 volunteer hours



Associates

- Invest in our associates
Increased entry-level wage to \$15 per hour
- Engage our associates
Received Gallup Great Workplace Award for 4th year in a row in 2018
- Focus on diversity and inclusion
Hired a Diversity and Inclusion Officer in 2018
- Significant training and leadership development
Over 1 million hours of associate training



Customers

- Serve the unbanked and underbanked
Commitment to providing access to safe and reliable financial services to all
- Fair and responsible banking
Relationship banking that puts the customer first
- Meet customer needs
2018 Javelin Trust in Banking Leader



Environment

- Commitment to environmental conservation
Adopted an Environmental Sustainability Policy Statement and environmental goals in 2018
- Operate efficiently
Reduced our GHG emissions by 45% since 2008
- Invest in renewables
Provided financing for \$347 million solar projects

(1) Represents activity between January 1, 2017 and December 31, 2017, unless otherwise noted.

NON-GAAP & FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Selected items impacting earnings

	Quarter Ended		
	9/30/2018	6/30/2018	9/30/2017
(\$ amounts in millions, except per share data)			
Pre-tax adjusted items:			
Branch consolidation, property and equipment charges	\$ (4)	\$ (1)	\$ (5)
Salaries and benefits related to severance charges	(5)	(34)	(1)
Contribution to Regions' charitable foundation	(60)	—	—
Securities gains (losses), net	—	1	8
Leveraged lease termination gains	4	—	1
Diluted EPS impact ⁽¹⁾	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.02)	\$ —
Pre-tax additional selected items ⁽²⁾ :			
Operating lease impairment charges	\$ (1)	\$ (5)	\$ (10)
Reduction (establishment) of hurricane-related allowance for loan losses	—	10	(40)
Hurricane-related impacts on non-interest income and expense, net	—	—	(13)
Visa Class B shares expense	—	(10)	(4)

Adjusted Items

- Contributed \$60 million to Regions Financial Corporation Foundation
- Incurred \$5 million in severance and \$4 million in branch consolidation expenses related to Simplify and Grow strategic priority
- Recorded \$4 million associated with a leveraged lease termination gain

Selected Items⁽²⁾

- Incurred \$1 million of net impairment charges reducing the value of certain operating lease assets

(1) Based on income taxes at a 25% incremental rate beginning in 2018, and 38.5% for all prior periods. Tax rates associated with leveraged lease terminations are incrementally higher based on their structure.

(2) Items represent an outsized or unusual impact to the quarter or quarterly trends, but are not considered non-GAAP adjustments.

Non-GAAP reconciliation: NII/NIM, non-interest income/expense, operating leverage and efficiency ratio

The table below and on the following page present computations of the net interest margin; efficiency ratio, which is a measure of productivity, generally calculated as non-interest expense divided by total revenue; and the fee income ratio, generally calculated as non-interest income divided by total revenue. Management uses these ratios to monitor performance and believes these measures provide meaningful information to investors. Non-interest expense (GAAP) is presented excluding certain adjustments to arrive at adjusted non-interest expense (non-GAAP), which is the numerator for the efficiency ratio. Net interest income and other financing income (GAAP) on a taxable-equivalent basis is presented excluding certain adjustments related to tax reform to arrive at adjusted net interest income and other financing income on a taxable-equivalent basis (non-GAAP). Non-interest income (GAAP) is presented excluding certain adjustments to arrive at adjusted non-interest income (non-GAAP), which is the numerator for the fee income ratio. Net interest income and other financing income on a taxable-equivalent basis and non-interest income are added together to arrive at total revenue on a taxable-equivalent basis. Adjustments are made to arrive at adjusted total revenue on a taxable-equivalent basis (non-GAAP), which is the denominator for the fee income and efficiency ratios. Regions believes that the exclusion of these adjustments provides a meaningful base for period-to-period comparisons, which management believes will assist investors in analyzing the operating results of the Company and predicting future performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are also used by management to assess the performance of Regions' business. It is possible that the activities related to the adjustments may recur; however, management does not consider the activities related to the adjustments to be indications of ongoing operations. The table on the following page presents a computation of the operating leverage ratio (non-GAAP) which is the period to period percentage change in adjusted total revenue on a taxable-equivalent basis (non-GAAP) less the percentage change in adjusted non-interest expense (non-GAAP). Regions believes that presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures will permit investors to assess the performance of the Company on the same basis as that applied by management.

		Quarter Ended								
(\$ amounts in millions)		9/30/2018	6/30/2018	3/31/2018	12/31/2017	9/30/2017	3Q18 vs. 2Q18		3Q18 vs. 3Q17	
Non-interest expense (GAAP)	A	\$ 922	\$ 911	\$ 884	\$ 920	\$ 853	\$ 11	1.2 %	\$ 69	8.1 %
Adjustments:										
Contribution to the Regions Financial Corporation foundation		(60)	—	—	(40)	—	(60)	NM	(60)	NM
Branch consolidation, property and equipment charges		(4)	(1)	(3)	(9)	(5)	(3)	300.0 %	1	(20.0)%
Expenses associated with residential mortgage loan sale		—	—	(4)	—	—	—	NM	—	NM
Salary and employee benefits—severance charges		(5)	(34)	(15)	(2)	(1)	29	(85.3)%	(4)	400.0 %
Adjusted non-interest expense (non-GAAP)	B	\$ 853	\$ 876	\$ 862	\$ 869	\$ 847	\$ (23)	(2.6)%	\$ 6	0.7 %
Net interest income and other financing income (GAAP)	C	\$ 942	\$ 926	\$ 909	\$ 901	\$ 897	16	1.7 %	45	5.0 %
Reduction in leveraged lease interest income resulting from tax reform		—	—	—	6	—	—	NM	—	NM
Adjusted net interest income and other financing income (non-GAAP)	D	\$ 942	\$ 926	\$ 909	\$ 907	\$ 897	16	1.7 %	45	5.0 %
Net interest income and other financing income (GAAP)		\$ 942	\$ 926	\$ 909	\$ 901	\$ 897	\$ 16	1.7 %	\$ 45	5.0 %
Taxable-equivalent adjustment		13	12	13	23	23	1	8.3 %	(10)	(43.5)%
Net interest income and other financing income, taxable-equivalent basis - continuing operations	E	\$ 955	\$ 938	\$ 922	\$ 924	\$ 920	\$ 17	1.8 %	\$ 35	3.8 %
Reduction in leveraged lease interest income resulting from tax reform		—	—	—	6	—	—	NM	—	NM
Adjusted net interest income and other financing income, taxable equivalent basis (non-GAAP)	F	\$ 955	\$ 938	\$ 922	\$ 930	\$ 920	\$ 17	1.8 %	\$ 35	3.8 %
Net interest margin (GAAP)		3.50%	3.49%	3.46%	3.37%	3.36%				
Reduction in leveraged lease interest income resulting from tax reform		—	—	—	0.02	—				
Adjusted net interest margin (non-GAAP)		3.50%	3.49%	3.46%	3.39%	3.36%				
Non-interest income (GAAP)	G	\$ 519	\$ 512	\$ 507	\$ 516	\$ 482	\$ 7	1.4 %	\$ 37	7.7 %
Adjustments:										
Securities (gains) losses, net		—	(1)	—	(10)	(8)	1	(100.0)%	8	(100.0)%
Leveraged lease termination gains		(4)	—	(4)	—	(1)	(4)	NM	(3)	300.0 %
Adjusted non-interest income (non-GAAP)	H	\$ 515	\$ 511	\$ 503	\$ 506	\$ 473	\$ 4	0.8 %	\$ 42	8.9 %
Total revenue	C+G=I	\$ 1,461	\$ 1,438	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,379	\$ 23	1.6 %	\$ 82	5.9 %
Adjusted total revenue (non-GAAP)	D+H=J	\$ 1,457	\$ 1,437	\$ 1,412	\$ 1,413	\$ 1,370	\$ 20	1.4 %	\$ 87	6.4 %
Total revenue, taxable-equivalent basis	E+G=K	\$ 1,474	\$ 1,450	\$ 1,429	\$ 1,440	\$ 1,402	\$ 24	1.7 %	\$ 72	5.1 %
Adjusted total revenue, taxable-equivalent basis (non-GAAP)	F+H=L	\$ 1,470	\$ 1,449	\$ 1,425	\$ 1,436	\$ 1,393	\$ 21	1.4 %	\$ 77	5.5 %
Efficiency ratio (GAAP)	A/K	62.6%	62.7%	61.9%	63.9%	60.9%				
Adjusted efficiency ratio (non-GAAP)	B/L	58.1%	60.4%	60.5%	60.5%	60.8%				
Fee income ratio (GAAP)	G/K	35.2%	35.3%	35.5%	35.9%	34.3%				
Adjusted fee income ratio (non-GAAP)	H/L	35.0%	35.2%	35.3%	35.3%	33.9%				

NM - Not Meaningful

Non-GAAP reconciliation: NII/NIM, non-interest income/expense, operating leverage and efficiency ratio - continued

		Nine Months Ended September 30			
		2018	2017	2018 vs. 2017	
(\$ amounts in millions)					
Non-interest expense (GAAP)	M	\$ 2,717	\$ 2,571	\$ 146	5.7 %
Adjustments:					
Contribution to Regions' charitable foundation		(60)	—	(60)	NM
Branch consolidation, property and equipment charges		(8)	(13)	5	(38.5)%
Expenses associated with residential mortgage loan sale		(4)	—	(4)	NM
Salary and employee benefits—severance charges		(54)	(8)	(46)	NM
Adjusted non-interest expense (non-GAAP)	N	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,550	\$ 41	1.6 %
Net interest income and other financing income (GAAP)		\$ 2,777	\$ 2,638	\$ 139	5.3 %
Taxable-equivalent adjustment		38	67	(29)	(43.3)%
Net interest income and other financing income, taxable-equivalent basis - continuing operations	O	\$ 2,815	\$ 2,705	\$ 110	4.1 %
Non-interest income (GAAP)	P	\$ 1,538	\$ 1,446	\$ 92	6.4 %
Adjustments:					
Securities (gains) losses, net		(1)	(9)	8	(88.9)%
Leveraged lease termination gains		(8)	(1)	(7)	NM
Gain on sale of affordable housing residential mortgage loans		—	(5)	5	(100.0)%
Adjusted non-interest income (non-GAAP)	Q	\$ 1,529	\$ 1,431	\$ 98	6.8 %
Total revenue, taxable-equivalent basis	O+P=R	\$ 4,353	\$ 4,151	\$ 202	4.9 %
Adjusted total revenue, taxable-equivalent basis (non-GAAP)	O+Q=S	\$ 4,344	\$ 4,136	\$ 208	5.0 %
Operating leverage ratio (GAAP)	R-M				(0.8)%
Adjusted operating leverage ratio (non-GAAP)	S-N				3.4 %
Efficiency ratio (GAAP)	M/R	62.4%	61.9%		
Adjusted efficiency ratio (non-GAAP)	N/S	59.7%	61.7%		
Fee income ratio (GAAP)	P/R	35.3%	34.8%		
Adjusted fee income ratio (non-GAAP)	Q/S	35.2%	34.6%		

NM - Not Meaningful

Non-GAAP reconciliation: pre-tax pre-provision income

The Pre-Tax Pre-Provision Income (PPI) tables below present computations of pre-tax pre-provision income from continuing operations excluding certain adjustments (non-GAAP). Regions believes that the presentation of PPI and the exclusion of certain items from PPI provides a meaningful base for period-to-period comparisons, which management believes will assist investors in analyzing the operating results of the Company and predicting future performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are also used by management to assess the performance of Regions' business. It is possible that the activities related to the adjustments may recur; however, management does not consider the activities related to the adjustments to be indications of ongoing operations. Regions believes that presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures will permit investors to assess the performance of the Company on the same basis as that applied by management. Non-GAAP financial measures have inherent limitations, are not required to be uniformly applied and are not audited. Although these non-GAAP financial measures are frequently used by stakeholders in the evaluation of a company, they have limitations as analytical tools, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analyses of results as reported under GAAP. In particular, a measure of income that excludes certain adjustments does not represent the amount that effectively accrues directly to stockholders.

(\$ amounts in millions)	Quarter Ended								
	9/30/2018	6/30/2018	3/31/2018	12/31/2017	9/30/2017	3Q18 vs. 2Q18		3Q18 vs. 3Q17	
Net income from continuing operations available to common shareholders (GAAP)	\$ 354	\$ 362	\$ 398	\$ 304	\$ 296	\$ (8)	(2.2)%	\$ 58	19.6 %
Preferred dividends (GAAP)	16	16	16	16	16	—	NM	—	NM
Income tax expense (GAAP)	85	89	128	221	138	(4)	(4.5)%	(53)	(38.4)%
Income from continuing operations before income taxes (GAAP)	455	467	542	541	450	(12)	(2.6)%	5	1.1 %
Provision (credit) for loan losses (GAAP)	84	60	(10)	(44)	76	24	40.0 %	8	10.5 %
Pre-tax pre-provision income from continuing operations (non-GAAP)	539	527	532	497	526	12	2.3 %	13	2.5 %
Other adjustments:									
Securities (gains) losses, net	—	(1)	—	(10)	(8)	1	(100.0)%	8	(100.0)%
Leveraged lease termination gains	(4)	—	(4)	—	(1)	(4)	NM	(3)	300.0 %
Reduction in leveraged lease interest income resulting from tax reform	—	—	—	6	—	—	NM	—	NM
Salaries and employee benefits—severance charges	5	34	15	2	1	(29)	(85.3)%	4	400.0 %
Branch consolidation, property and equipment charges	4	1	3	9	5	3	300.0 %	(1)	(20.0)%
Contribution to Regions' charitable foundation	60	—	—	40	—	60	NM	60	NM
Expenses associated with residential mortgage sale	—	—	4	—	—	—	NM	—	NM
Total other adjustments	65	34	18	47	(3)	31	91.2 %	68	NM
Adjusted pre-tax pre-provision income from continuing operations (non-GAAP)	\$ 604	\$ 561	\$ 550	\$ 544	\$ 523	\$ 43	7.7 %	\$ 81	15.5 %

NM - Not Meaningful

Non-GAAP reconciliation: adjusted average loans

Regions believes adjusting total average loans for the impact of the first quarter 2018 residential first mortgage loan sale and the indirect vehicles third-party exit portfolio, provides a meaningful calculation of loan growth rates and presents them on the same basis as that applied by management.

Adjusted Average Balances of Loans (non-GAAP)

	Average Balances								
<i>(\$ amounts in millions)</i>	3Q18	2Q18	1Q18	4Q17	3Q17	3Q18 vs. 2Q18		3Q18 vs. 3Q17	
Total consumer loans	\$ 31,409	\$ 31,177	\$ 31,272	\$ 31,367	\$ 31,327	\$ 232	0.7 %	\$ 82	0.3 %
Less: Balances of residential first mortgage loans sold ⁽¹⁾	—	—	164	254	254	—	NM	(254)	(100.0)%
Less: Indirect—vehicles third-party	776	909	1,061	1,223	1,406	(133)	(14.6)%	(630)	(44.8)%
Adjusted total consumer loans (non-GAAP)	\$ 30,633	\$ 30,268	\$ 30,047	\$ 29,890	\$ 29,667	\$ 365	1.2 %	\$ 966	3.3 %
Total Loans	\$ 81,022	\$ 79,957	\$ 79,891	\$ 79,523	\$ 79,585	1,065	1.3 %	1,437	1.8 %
Less: Balances of residential first mortgage loans sold ⁽¹⁾	—	—	164	254	254	—	NM	(254)	(100.0)%
Less: Indirect—vehicles third-party	776	909	1,061	1,223	1,406	(133)	(14.6)%	(630)	(44.8)%
Adjusted total loans (non-GAAP)	\$ 80,246	\$ 79,048	\$ 78,666	\$ 78,046	\$ 77,925	\$ 1,198	1.5 %	\$ 2,321	3.0 %

(1) Adjustments to average loan balances assume a simple day-weighted average impact for the first quarter of 2018, and are equal to the ending balance of the residential first mortgage loans sold for the prior periods.

NM - Not Meaningful

Non-GAAP reconciliation: Adjusted net charge-off ratio

Select calculations for annualized net charge-offs as a percentage of average loans (GAAP) are presented in the table below. During the first quarter of 2018, Regions made the strategic decision to sell certain primarily performing troubled debt restructured, as well as, certain non-restructured interest-only residential first mortgage loans. These loans were marked down to fair value through net charge-offs. Management believes that excluding the incremental increase to net charge-offs from the affected net charge-off ratios to arrive at an adjusted net charge-off ratio (non-GAAP) will assist investors in analyzing the Company's credit quality performance as well as provide a better basis from which to predict future performance. Non-GAAP financial measures have inherent limitations, are not required to be uniformly applied and are not audited. Although these non-GAAP financial measures are frequently used by stakeholders in the evaluation of a company, they have limitations as analytical tools, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analyses of results as reported under GAAP.

		As of and for Quarter Ended				
		9/30/2018	6/30/2018	3/31/2018	12/31/2017	9/30/2017
<i>(\$ amounts in millions)</i>						
Residential first mortgage net charge-offs (GAAP)	A	\$ 2	\$ (2)	\$ 7	\$ 1	\$ 2
Less: Net charge-offs associated with TDR sale		—	—	5	—	—
Adjusted residential first mortgage net charge-offs (non-GAAP)	B	\$ 2	\$ (2)	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 2
Total consumer net charge-offs (GAAP)	C	\$ 52	\$ 44	\$ 58	\$ 53	\$ 47
Less: Net charge-offs associated with TDR sale		—	—	5	—	—
Adjusted total consumer net charge-offs (non-GAAP)	D	\$ 52	\$ 44	\$ 53	\$ 53	\$ 47
Total net charge-offs (GAAP)	E	\$ 82	\$ 62	\$ 84	\$ 63	\$ 76
Less: Net charge-offs associated with TDR sale		—	—	5	—	—
Adjusted total net charge-offs (non-GAAP)	F	\$ 82	\$ 62	\$ 79	\$ 63	\$ 76
Average residential first mortgage loans (GAAP)	G	\$ 14,162	\$ 13,980	\$ 13,977	\$ 13,954	\$ 13,808
Add: Average balances of residential first mortgage loans sold		—	—	90	—	—
Average residential first mortgage loans adjusted for residential first mortgage loans sold (non-GAAP)	H	\$ 14,162	\$ 13,980	\$ 14,067	\$ 13,954	\$ 13,808
Average total consumer loans (GAAP)	I	\$ 31,409	\$ 31,177	\$ 31,272	\$ 31,367	\$ 31,327
Add: Average balances of residential first mortgage loans sold		—	—	90	—	—
Average total consumer loans adjusted for residential first mortgage loans sold (non-GAAP)	J	\$ 31,409	\$ 31,177	\$ 31,362	\$ 31,367	\$ 31,327
Average total loans (GAAP)	K	\$ 81,022	\$ 79,957	\$ 79,891	\$ 79,523	\$ 79,585
Add: Average balances of residential first mortgage loans sold		—	—	90	—	—
Average total loans adjusted for residential first mortgage loans sold (non-GAAP)	L	\$ 81,022	\$ 79,957	\$ 79,981	\$ 79,523	\$ 79,585
Residential first mortgage net charge-off percentage (GAAP)*	A/G	0.04%	(0.05)%	0.21%	0.04%	0.05%
Adjusted residential first mortgage net charge-off percentage (non-GAAP)*	B/H	0.04%	(0.05)%	0.06%	0.04%	0.05%
Total consumer net charge-off percentage (GAAP)*	C/I	0.65%	0.58 %	0.75%	0.66%	0.60%
Adjusted total consumer net charge-off percentage (non-GAAP)*	D/J	0.65%	0.58 %	0.69%	0.66%	0.60%
Total net charge-off percentage (GAAP)*	E/K	0.40%	0.32 %	0.42%	0.31%	0.38%
Adjusted total net charge-off percentage (non-GAAP)*	F/L	0.40%	0.32 %	0.40%	0.31%	0.38%

* Annualized

Non-GAAP reconciliation: Basel III common equity tier 1 ratio – fully phased-in pro-forma

The calculation of the fully phased-in pro-forma "Common equity Tier 1" (CET1) is based on Regions' understanding of the Final Basel III requirements. For Regions, the Basel III framework became effective on a phased-in approach starting in 2015 with full implementation beginning in 2019. The calculation provided below includes estimated pro-forma amounts for the ratio on a fully phased-in basis. Regions' current understanding of the final framework includes certain assumptions, including the Company's interpretation of the requirements, and informal feedback received through the regulatory process. Regions' understanding of the framework is evolving and will likely change as analyses and discussions with regulators continue. Because Regions is not currently subject to the fully phased-in capital rules, this pro-forma measure is considered to be a non-GAAP financial measure, and other entities may calculate it differently from Regions' disclosed calculation.

A company's regulatory capital is often expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets. Under the risk-based capital framework, a company's balance sheet assets and credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet items are assigned to broad risk categories. The aggregated dollar amount in each category is then multiplied by the prescribed risk-weighted percentage. The resulting weighted values from each of the categories are added together and this sum is the risk-weighted assets total that, as adjusted, comprises the denominator of certain risk-based capital ratios. Common equity Tier 1 capital is then divided by this denominator (risk-weighted assets) to determine the common equity Tier 1 capital ratio. The amounts disclosed as risk-weighted assets are calculated consistent with banking regulatory requirements on a fully phased-in basis.

Since analysts and banking regulators may assess Regions' capital adequacy using tangible common stockholders' equity and the fully phased-in Basel III framework, we believe that it is useful to provide investors the ability to assess Regions' capital adequacy on these same bases

	As of and for Quarter Ended				
	9/30/2018	6/30/2018	3/31/2018	12/31/2017	9/30/2017
<i>(\$ amounts in millions)</i>					
Basel III Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio—Fully Phased-In Pro-Forma ⁽¹⁾					
Stockholder's equity (GAAP)	\$ 14,770	\$ 15,777	\$ 15,866	\$ 16,192	\$ 16,624
Non-qualifying goodwill and intangibles	(4,845)	(4,953)	(4,961)	(4,972)	(4,922)
Adjustments, including all components of accumulated other comprehensive income, disallowed deferred tax assets, threshold deductions and other adjustments	1,376	1,230	1,121	712	411
Preferred stock (GAAP)	(820)	(820)	(820)	(820)	(820)
Basel III common equity Tier 1—Fully Phased-In Pro-Forma (non-GAAP)	D \$ 10,481	\$ 11,234	\$ 11,206	\$ 11,112	\$ 11,293
Basel III risk-weighted assets—Fully Phased-In Pro-Forma (non-GAAP) ⁽²⁾	E \$ 103,807	\$ 102,819	\$ 101,482	\$ 101,498	\$ 100,857
Basel III common equity Tier 1 ratio—Fully Phased-In Pro-Forma (non-GAAP)	D/E 10.1%	10.9%	11.0%	11.0%	11.2%

(1) Current quarter amounts and the resulting ratio are estimated.

(2) Regions continues to develop systems and internal controls to precisely calculate risk-weighted assets as required by Basel III on a fully phased-in basis. The amount included above is a reasonable approximation, based on our understanding of the requirements.

Forward-looking statements

Forward-Looking Statements

This release may include forward-looking statements as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which reflect Regions' current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Forward-looking statements are not based on historical information, but rather are related to future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments. Forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations as well as certain assumptions and estimates made by, and information available to, management at the time the statements are made. Those statements are based on general assumptions and are subject to various risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from the views, beliefs and projections expressed in such statements. Therefore, we caution you against relying on any of these forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to, those described below:

- Current and future economic and market conditions in the United States generally or in the communities we serve, including the effects of possible declines in property values, increases in unemployment rates and potential reductions of economic growth, which may adversely affect our lending and other businesses and our financial results and conditions.
- Possible changes in trade, monetary and fiscal policies of, and other activities undertaken by, governments, agencies, central banks and similar organizations, which could have a material adverse effect on our earnings.
- The effects of a possible downgrade in the U.S. government's sovereign credit rating or outlook, which could result in risks to us and general economic conditions that we are not able to predict.
- Possible changes in market interest rates or capital markets could adversely affect our revenue and expense, the value of assets and obligations, and the availability and cost of capital and liquidity.
- Any impairment of our goodwill or other intangibles, any repricing of assets, or any adjustment of valuation allowances on our deferred tax assets due to changes in law, adverse changes in the economic environment, declining operations of the reporting unit or other factors.
- The effect of changes in tax laws, including the effect of Tax Reform and any future interpretations of or amendments to Tax Reform, which may impact our earnings, capital ratios and our ability to return capital to shareholders.
- Possible changes in the creditworthiness of customers and the possible impairment of the collectability of loans and leases, including operating leases.
- Changes in the speed of loan prepayments, loan origination and sale volumes, charge-offs, loan loss provisions or actual loan losses where our allowance for loan losses may not be adequate to cover our eventual losses.
- Possible acceleration of prepayments on mortgage-backed securities due to low interest rates, and the related acceleration of premium amortization on those securities.
- Loss of customer checking and savings account deposits as customers pursue other, higher-yield investments, which could increase our funding costs.
- Possible changes in consumer and business spending and saving habits and the related effect on our ability to increase assets and to attract deposits, which could adversely affect our net income.
- Our ability to effectively compete with other traditional and non-traditional financial services companies, some of whom possess greater financial resources than we do or are subject to different regulatory standards than we are.
- Our inability to develop and gain acceptance from current and prospective customers for new products and services and the enhancement of existing products and services to meet customers' needs and respond to emerging technological trends in a timely manner could have a negative impact on our revenue.
- Our inability to keep pace with technological changes could result in losing business to competitors.
- Changes in laws and regulations affecting our businesses, including legislation and regulations relating to bank products and services, as well as changes in the enforcement and interpretation of such laws and regulations by applicable governmental and self-regulatory agencies, which could require us to change certain business practices, increase compliance risk, reduce our revenue, impose additional costs on us, or otherwise negatively affect our businesses.
- Our ability to obtain a regulatory non-objection (as part of the CCAR process or otherwise) to take certain capital actions, including paying dividends and any plans to increase common stock dividends, repurchase common stock under current or future programs, or redeem preferred stock or other regulatory capital instruments, may impact our ability to return capital to stockholders and market perceptions of us.
- Our ability to comply with stress testing and capital planning requirements (as part of the CCAR process or otherwise) may continue to require a significant investment of our managerial resources due to the importance and intensity of such tests and requirements.
- Our ability to comply with applicable capital and liquidity requirements (including, among other things, the Basel III capital standards and the LCR rule), including our ability to generate capital internally or raise capital on favorable terms, and if we fail to meet requirements, our financial condition could be negatively impacted.
- The effects of any developments, changes or actions relating to any litigation or regulatory proceedings brought against us or any of our subsidiaries.
- The costs, including possibly incurring fines, penalties, or other negative effects (including reputational harm) of any adverse judicial, administrative, or arbitral rulings or proceedings, regulatory enforcement actions, or other legal actions to which we or any of our subsidiaries are a party, and which may adversely affect our results.
- Our ability to manage fluctuations in the value of assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet exposure so as to maintain sufficient capital and liquidity to support our business.

Forward-looking statements continued

- Our ability to execute on our strategic and operational plans, including our ability to fully realize the financial and non-financial benefits relating to our strategic initiatives.
- The risks and uncertainties related to our acquisition or divestiture of businesses.
- The success of our marketing efforts in attracting and retaining customers.
- Our ability to recruit and retain talented and experienced personnel to assist in the development, management and operation of our products and services may be affected by changes in laws and regulations in effect from time to time.
- Fraud or misconduct by our customers, employees or business partners.
- Any inaccurate or incomplete information provided to us by our customers or counterparties.
- Inability of our framework to manage risks associated with our business such as credit risk and operational risk, including third-party vendors and other service providers, which could, among other things, result in a breach of operating or security systems as a result of a cyber attack or similar act or failure to deliver our services effectively.
- Dependence on key suppliers or vendors to obtain equipment and other supplies for our business on acceptable terms.
- The inability of our internal controls and procedures to prevent, detect or mitigate any material errors or fraudulent acts.
- The effects of geopolitical instability, including wars, conflicts and terrorist attacks and the potential impact, directly or indirectly, on our businesses.
- The effects of man-made and natural disasters, including fires, floods, droughts, tornadoes, hurricanes, and environmental damage, which may negatively affect our operations and/or our loan portfolios and increase our cost of conducting business.
- Changes in commodity market prices and conditions could adversely affect the cash flows of our borrowers operating in industries that are impacted by changes in commodity prices (including businesses indirectly impacted by commodities prices such as businesses that transport commodities or manufacture equipment used in the production of commodities), which could impair their ability to service any loans outstanding to them and/or reduce demand for loans in those industries.
- Our ability to identify and address cyber-security risks such as data security breaches, malware, “denial of service” attacks, “hacking” and identity theft, a failure of which could disrupt our business and result in the disclosure of and/or misuse or misappropriation of confidential or proprietary information, disruption or damage to our systems, increased costs, losses, or adverse effects to our reputation.
- Our ability to realize our adjusted efficiency ratio target as part of our expense management initiatives.
- Possible downgrades in our credit ratings or outlook could increase the costs of funding from capital markets.
- The effects of problems encountered by other financial institutions that adversely affect us or the banking industry generally could require us to change certain business practices, reduce our revenue, impose additional costs on us, or otherwise negatively affect our businesses.
- The effects of the failure of any component of our business infrastructure provided by a third party could disrupt our businesses, result in the disclosure of and/or misuse of confidential information or proprietary information, increase our costs, negatively affect our reputation, and cause losses.
- Our ability to receive dividends from our subsidiaries could affect our liquidity and ability to pay dividends to stockholders.
- Changes in accounting policies or procedures as may be required by the FASB or other regulatory agencies could materially affect how we report our financial results.
- Other risks identified from time to time in reports that we file with the SEC.
- Fluctuations in the price of our common stock and inability to complete stock repurchases in the time frame and/or on the terms anticipated.
- The effects of any damage to our reputation resulting from developments related to any of the items identified above.

The foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. For discussion of these and other factors that may cause actual results to differ from expectations, look under the captions “Forward-Looking Statements” and “Risk Factors” of Regions’ Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 as filed with the SEC.

The words “future,” “anticipates,” “assumes,” “intends,” “plans,” “seeks,” “believes,” “predicts,” “potential,” “objectives,” “estimates,” “expects,” “targets,” “projects,” “outlook,” “forecast,” “would,” “will,” “may,” “might,” “could,” “should,” “can,” and similar terms and expressions often signify forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all of them. We assume no obligation and do not intend to update or revise any forward-looking statements that are made from time to time, either as a result of future developments, new information or otherwise, except as may be required by law.

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