

**CHARTER OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE  
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF  
OPENLANE, INC.**

**ADOPTED AS OF JUNE 7, 2024**

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**I. PURPOSE OF THE COMMITTEE**

The purpose of the Audit Committee (the “Committee”) of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of OPENLANE, Inc. (the “Company”) is to provide assistance to the Board in fulfilling its legal and fiduciary obligations with respect to matters involving the accounting, auditing, financial reporting, internal control and legal compliance related to such functions of the Company and its subsidiaries, including, without limitation, (a) assisting the Board’s oversight of (i) the integrity of the Company’s financial statements, (ii) the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements for financial and internal control reporting, (iii) the Company’s independent auditors’ qualifications and independence, (iv) the performance of the Company’s independent auditors and the Company’s internal audit function, and (v) the Company’s policies, process, and structure related to risk assessment and risk management, and (b) preparing the report required to be prepared by the Committee pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) for inclusion in the Company’s annual proxy statement.

**II. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE**

The Committee shall consist of three or more directors as determined from time to time by the Board. Each member of the Committee shall be independent (i) as defined in the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) listing requirements and (ii) within the meaning of Rule 10A-3(b)(1) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), and any additional requirements of the NYSE or that the Board deems appropriate.

No director may serve as a member of the Committee if such director serves on the audit committee of more than two other public companies, unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of such director to effectively serve on the Committee. Any such determination will be disclosed in the Company’s annual proxy statement.

The chairperson of the Committee shall be designated by the Board annually, on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, *provided* that if the Board does not so designate a chairperson, the members of the Committee, by a majority vote, may designate a chairperson.

Any vacancy on the Committee shall be filled by majority vote of the Board. No member of the Committee shall be removed except by majority vote of the Board.

Each member of the Committee must be financially literate, as such qualification is interpreted by the Board in its business judgment, or must become financially literate within a reasonable period of time after his or her appointment to the Committee. In addition, at least one member of the Committee must be designated by the Board to be the “audit committee financial expert,” as defined by the SEC pursuant to Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K promulgated under the Securities Act (“Regulation S-K”).

### **III. MEETINGS OF THE COMMITTEE**

The Committee shall meet as often as it determines necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities, but no less frequently than once every fiscal quarter. The Committee, in its discretion, may ask members of management, other Board members or others to attend its meetings (or portions thereof) and to provide pertinent information as necessary. The Committee should meet separately on a periodic basis with (i) management, (ii) the director of the Company’s internal auditing department or other person responsible for the internal audit function and (iii) the Company’s independent auditors, in each case to discuss any matters that the Committee or any of the above persons or firms believe warrant Committee attention.

A majority of the members of the Committee present in person or by means of a conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other shall constitute a quorum.

The Committee shall maintain minutes of its meetings and records relating to those meetings. The Secretary of the Company will assist the Committee in maintaining these records.

### **IV. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMITTEE**

In carrying out its duties and responsibilities, the Committee’s policies and procedures should remain flexible, so that it may be in a position to best address, react or respond to changing circumstances or conditions. The following duties and responsibilities are within the authority of the Committee and the Committee shall, consistent with and subject to applicable law and rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC, NYSE, or any other applicable regulatory authority:

#### ***Selection, Evaluation and Oversight of the Auditors***

(a) Be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of any registered public accounting firm engaged (including resolution of disagreements between management and the auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company, and each such registered public accounting firm must report directly to the Committee (the registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report for inclusion in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K is referred to herein as the “independent auditors”);

(b) Review and, in its sole discretion, approve in advance the Company’s independent auditors’ annual engagement letter, including the proposed fees contained therein, as well as all audit and, as provided in the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the “Sarbanes-Oxley

Act”) and the SEC rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, all permitted non-audit engagements and relationships between the Company and such independent auditors (which approval may be made after receiving input from the Company’s management, if desired). Approval of audit and permitted non-audit services will be made by the Committee or by one or more members of the Committee as shall be designated by the Committee or the chairperson of the Committee and the persons granting such approval shall report such approval to the Committee at the next scheduled meeting;

(c) Review the performance of the Company’s independent auditors, including the lead partner and reviewing partner of the independent auditors, and, in its sole discretion (subject, if applicable, to stockholder ratification), make decisions regarding the replacement or termination of the independent auditors when circumstances warrant;

(d) Obtain at least annually from the Company’s independent auditors and review a report describing:

- (i) the independent auditors’ internal quality-control procedures;
- (ii) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the independent auditors, or by any inquiry or investigation by any governmental or professional authority, within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the independent auditors, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and
- (iii) all relationships between the independent auditors and the Company (including a description of each category of services provided by the independent auditors to the Company and a list of the fees billed for each such category);

(e) Evaluate the independence of the Company’s independent auditors by, among other things:

- (i) reviewing the report described in subsection (d) above and the independent auditors’ work throughout the year;
- (ii) monitoring compliance by the Company’s independent auditors with the audit partner rotation requirements contained in the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC thereunder; and discuss any planned rotation with the independent auditors in advance of such rotation occurring;
- (iii) monitoring compliance by the Company of the employee conflict of interest requirements contained in the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC thereunder;
- (iv) engaging in a dialogue with the independent auditors to confirm that audit partner compensation is consistent with applicable SEC rules; and

- (v) reviewing and evaluating the lead partner and the reviewing partner of the independent auditors.

In making its evaluation, the Committee should take into account the opinions of management and the Company's internal auditing personnel. The Committee should further consider whether, in order to ensure continuing independence of the independent auditors, there should be a regular rotation of the independent auditors' firm. The Committee should present its conclusions with respect to the above matters to the Board.

### ***Oversight of Annual Audit and Quarterly Reviews***

(a) Review and discuss with the independent auditors their annual audit plan, including the timing and scope of audit activities, and monitor such plan's progress and results during the year;

(b) Review with management, the Company's independent auditors and the director or other supervisor of the Company's internal auditing department, the following:

- (i) all critical accounting policies and practices to be used;
- (ii) any critical audit matters arising from the current period audit;
- (iii) all alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed by the independent auditors and management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditors;
- (iv) all other material written communications between the independent auditors and management, such as any management letter and any schedule of unadjusted differences; and
- (v) any material financial arrangements of the Company which do not appear on the financial statements of the Company;

(c) Review with management, the Company's independent auditors and, if appropriate, the director or other supervisor of the Company's internal auditing department, the following:

- (i) the Company's annual audited financial statements and unaudited quarterly financial statements, including the Company's disclosures under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and any major issues related thereto;
- (ii) major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statements presentations, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles;
- (iii) any analyses prepared by management and/or the independent auditors setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including

analyses of the effects of alternative generally accepted accounting principles methods on the Company's financial statements; and

- (iv) the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company;

(d) Be informed of all disagreements between the Company's independent auditors and management regarding financial reporting, and reporting on internal control over financial reporting and understand the resolution of such. To the extent required, participate in the resolution thereof. Review on a regular basis with the Company's independent auditors any problems or difficulties encountered by the independent auditors in the course of any audit work, including management's response with respect thereto, any restrictions on the scope of the independent auditor's activities or on access to requested information, and any significant disagreements with management. In connection therewith, the Committee should review with the independent auditors the following:

- (i) any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditors that were either accepted by or were rejected by management (as immaterial or otherwise);
- (ii) any communications between the audit team and the independent auditor's national office respecting auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement, including where applicable the resulting memoranda documenting the issue; and
- (iii) any "management" or "internal control" letter issued, or proposed to be issued, by the independent auditors to the Company;

### ***Oversight of the Financial Reporting Process and Internal Controls***

(a) Review:

- (i) the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's accounting and internal control policies and procedures on a regular basis, including the responsibilities, budget, compensation and the adequacy of the staffing of the Company's internal audit function, through inquiry and discussions with the Company's independent auditors, management and director or other supervisor of the Company's internal auditing department;
- (ii) any changes with respect to the system of internal control over financial reporting that could potentially have a material impact on such internal controls and may be required to be disclosed in the Company's periodic filings with the SEC;
- (iii) the yearly report prepared by management, and attested to by the Company's independent auditors, assessing the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and stating management's responsibility for establishing and maintaining adequate

internal control over financial reporting prior to its inclusion in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K; and

- (iv) the Committee's level of involvement and interaction with the Company's internal audit function, including the Committee's line of authority and role in appointing and compensating employees in the internal audit function;

(b) Review with the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and independent auditors, periodically, the following:

- (i) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (ii) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting; such management or other employees shall be identified by the Company's Vice President of Internal Audit;

(c) Discuss guidelines and policies governing the process by which management of the Company and the relevant departments of the Company, including the internal auditing department, assess and manage the Company's exposure to material financial risk, as well as the Company's material financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures;

(d) Review with management the progress and results of all internal audit projects, and, when deemed necessary or appropriate by the Committee, direct the Chief Executive Officer to assign additional internal audit projects to the director or other supervisor of the Company's internal auditing department;

(e) Review with management the Company's administrative, operational and accounting internal controls, including any special audit steps adopted in light of the discovery of material or significant control deficiencies;

(f) Receive periodic reports from the Company's independent auditors, management and director or other supervisor of the Company's internal auditing department to assess the impact on the Company of significant accounting or financial reporting developments that may have a bearing on the Company;

(g) Review and discuss with the independent auditors the results of the year-end audit of the Company, including any comments or recommendations of the Company's independent auditors and, based on such review and discussions and on such other considerations as it determines appropriate, recommend to the Board whether the Company's financial statements should be included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K;

(h) Establish and maintain free and open means of communication between and among the Committee, the Company's independent auditors, the Company's internal auditing department and management, including meeting separately and privately with such parties on a periodic basis; and

(i) Review the type and presentation of information to be included in the Company's earnings press releases (especially the use of "pro forma" or "adjusted" information not prepared in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles), as well as, subject to Board review, financial information and earnings guidance provided by the Company to analysts and rating agencies (which review may be done generally (i.e., discussion of the types of information to be disclosed and type of presentations to be made)), and the Committee need not discuss in advance each earnings release or each instance in which the Company may provide earnings guidance but such discussions shall be at the Board level in lieu thereof;

### ***Oversight of Enterprise Risk Management***

(a) Review and discuss with management:

(i) the Company's risk governance structure, risk assessment and risk management practices and the guidelines, policies and processes for risk assessment and risk management, and

(ii) the Company's approach and strategy relating to key risks, as well as the guidelines, policies and processes for monitoring and mitigating risk;

(b) Provide oversight for matters relating to cybersecurity and other risks related to information technology systems and procedures and emerging technologies (including artificial intelligence), including but not limited to data security and privacy;

### ***Miscellaneous***

(a) Establish clear hiring policies by the Company for employees or former employees of the Company's independent auditors;

(b) Establish and implement policies and procedures for the Committee's review and approval or disapproval of proposed transactions or courses of dealings with respect to which executive officers or directors or members of their immediate families have an interest (including all transactions with related persons required to be disclosed by Item 404(a) of Regulation S-K);

(c) Meet periodically with the general counsel, and outside counsel when appropriate, to review legal and regulatory matters, including (i) any matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company and (ii) any matters involving potential or ongoing material violations of law or breaches of fiduciary duty by the Company or any of its directors, officers, employees or agents or breaches of fiduciary duty to the Company;

(d) Prepare the report required by Item 407(d)(3)(i) of Regulation S-K to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement;

(e) Review the Company's program to monitor compliance with the Company's codes of conduct and ethics, and meet periodically with the general counsel to discuss compliance with such codes;

(f) Review the Company's policies relating to the ethical handling of conflicts of interest and review past or proposed transactions between the Company and members of management, as well as policies and procedures with respect to officers' expense accounts and perquisites, including the use of corporate assets. The Committee shall consider the results of any review of these policies and procedures by the Company's independent auditors;

(g) Review and approve in advance any services provided by the Company's independent auditors to the Company's executive officers or members of their immediate family. Any approval by the Committee of such services will be an exception based on the facts and circumstances and as permissible under current law and regulations;

(h) Establish procedures for (i) the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and (ii) the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters;

(i) Secure independent expert advice to the extent the Committee determines it to be appropriate, including retaining, with or without Board approval, independent counsel, accountants, consultants or others, to assist the Committee in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities, the cost of such independent expert advisors to be borne by the Company;

(j) Report regularly to the Board on its activities, as appropriate. In connection therewith, the Committee should review with the Board any issues that arise with respect to the quality or integrity of the Company's financial statements, the Company's compliance with legal or regulatory requirements as it relates to financial reporting and internal controls, the performance and independence of the Company's independent auditors, or the performance of the internal audit function; and

(k) Perform such additional activities, and consider such other matters, within the scope of its responsibilities, as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

## **V. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY**

The Committee may form subcommittees for any purpose that the Committee deems appropriate and may delegate to such subcommittees such power and authority as the Committee deems appropriate; *provided, however*, that no subcommittee shall consist of fewer than two members; and *provided further* that the Committee shall not delegate to a subcommittee any power or authority required by any law, regulation or listing standard to be exercised by the Committee as a whole.

## **VI. EVALUATION OF THE COMMITTEE**

The Committee shall, no less frequently than annually and in coordination with the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, evaluate its performance. In conducting this



review, the Committee shall evaluate whether this Charter appropriately addresses the matters that are or should be within its scope and shall recommend such changes as it deems necessary or appropriate. The Committee shall address all matters that the Committee considers relevant to its performance, including at least the following: the adequacy, appropriateness and quality of the information and recommendations presented by the Committee to the Board, the manner in which they were discussed or debated, and whether the number and length of meetings of the Committee were adequate for the Committee to complete its work in a thorough and thoughtful manner.

The Committee shall deliver to the Board a report, which may be oral, setting forth the results of its evaluation, including any recommended amendments to this Charter and any recommended changes to the Company's or the Board's policies or procedures.

## **VII. INVESTIGATIONS AND STUDIES; OUTSIDE ADVISERS**

The Committee may conduct or authorize investigations into or studies of matters within the Committee's scope of responsibilities, and may retain, at the Company's expense, such independent counsel or other consultants or advisers as it deems necessary.

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While the Committee has the duties and responsibilities set forth in this Charter, the Committee is not responsible for certifying the financial statements, for planning or conducting the audit; both of which are the responsibility of the independent auditors or for preparing and determining whether the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; both of which are the responsibility of management.

In fulfilling their responsibilities hereunder, it is recognized that members of the Committee are not full-time employees of the Company, it is not the duty or responsibility of the Committee or its members to conduct "field work" or other types of auditing or accounting reviews or procedures or to set auditor independence standards, and each member of the Committee shall be entitled to rely on (i) the integrity of those persons and organizations within and outside the Company from which it receives information and (ii) the accuracy of the financial and other information provided to the Committee, in either instance absent actual knowledge to the contrary.

Nothing contained in this Charter is intended to create, or should be construed as creating, any responsibility or liability of the members of the Committee, except to the extent otherwise provided under applicable federal or state law.

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