

## **Cautionary Statement**

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This presentation contains statements which constitute forward-looking information or forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements"). Forward-looking statements include any statements that do not refer to historical facts and are provided for the purpose of providing information about management's current expectations and plans relating to the future. Forward-looking statements are generally identifiable by the use of words such as "may", "will", "should", "continue", "expect", "budget", "forecast", "anticipate", "estimate", "believe", "intend", "plan", "schedule", "guidance", "outlook", "potential", "seek", "targets", "trategy", or "project" or the negative or other variations of these words or comparable terminology.

Forward-looking statements in this presentation include, but are not limited to, those with respect to: construction costs and site expenditures; the impact of COVID-19 on the Company, including its operations, the project schedule for Côté Gold, key inputs, staffing and contractors; cost pressures, including diesel, power and haulage, the Company's guidance for production; costs of sales; cash costs; all-in sustaining costs; the timing and amount of estimated future production; costs of production; dependitures; operations outlook; expected benefits from the operational improvements and de-risking strategies enacted by the Company's plan to achieve net zero emissions; the timing for resumption of certain mining resultivities at Westwood; development and expansion projects; exploration; impairment assessments and estimates; the expected receipt of permits; permitting timelines; sale transactions; the future price of gold and other commodities; foreign exchange rates and currency fluctuations and currency fluctuation of mineral resources; the implementation of climate-related disclosure guidelines; the realization of mineral resource estimates; the construction of Côté Gold; and government regulation of mining operations.

Forward-looking statements are based on numerous material factors and assumptions, including, but not limited to: the Company's present and future business strategies; operations performance within expected ranges; anticipated future production and cash flows; local and global economic conditions and the environment in which the Company will operate in the future; the price of gold and other key commodities; projected mineral grades; international exchanges rates; anticipated capital and operating costs; the availability and timing of required governmental and other approvals for the construction of the Company's projects.

The Company cautions the reader that forward-looking statements are inherently subject to significant business, financial, operational and other risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors, including those described below, which could cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different than those that are expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and, as such, undue reliance must not be placed on them. Such risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors include, but are not limited to: the Company's business strategies: legal, litigation, legislative, political or economic developments in the jurisdictions in which the Company carries on business; the ongoing impact of COVID-19 and its variants on the Company and its workforce, the availability of labour and contractors, key inputs for the Company and global supply chains; government actions taken in response to COVID-19, and any worsening thereof; the volatility of the Company's securities; title disputes; input in the management of certain of the Company's assets by other companies or joint venture partners; the lack of availability of insurance covering all of the risks associated with the Company's operations; unexpected geological conditions;; increasing competition and consolidation in the mining sector; the condition and results of the mining industry as a whole, and the gold mining industry in particular; changes in the global prices for gold or other commodities (such as diesel and electricity); changes in tax laws, including mining tax regimes; the failure to obtain in a timely manner from authorities key permits, authorizations or approvals necessary for exploration, development or operations at the Company's operations; the inability to participate in any gold price increase above the cap in any collar transaction entered into in conjunction with a gold sale prepayment arrangement; the availability of necessary capital and impacts on the Company's liquidity levels; access to capital markets and financing; the Company's level of indebtedness; potential shareholder dilution; potential activist engagements; the Company's ability to satisfy covenants under its credit facilities and other debt instruments; changes in interest rates; adverse changes in the Company's credit rating; the Company's choices in capital allocation; effectiveness of the Company's ongoing cost containment efforts; the ability to execute on the Company's de-risking activities and measures to improve operations; risks related to third-party contractors, including reduced control over aspects of the Company's operations and/or the failure of contractors to perform as expected; risks arising from holding derivative instruments; changes in U.S. dollar and other currency exchange rates, interest rates or gold lease rates; capital and currency controls in foreign jurisdictions; assessment of carrying values for the Company's assets, including the ongoing potential for material impairment and/or write-downs of such assets; the speculative nature of exploration and development, including the risks of diminishing quantities or grades of reserves; the fact that reserves and resources, expected metallurgical recoveries, capital and operating costs are estimates which may require revision; the presence of unfavourable content in ore deposits, including clay and coarse gold; inaccuracies in life of mine plans; failure to meet operational targets; geotechnical difficulties and major equipment failure; security threats and cybersecurity; laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment; employee relations and labour disputes; the maintenance of tailings storage facilities and the potential for a major spill or failure of the tailings facilities due to uncontrollable events, such as extreme and unpredictable weather or seismic events; lack of reliable infrastructure, including access to roads, bridges. power sources and water supplies; physical and regulatory risks related to climate change; attraction and retention of key employees and other qualified personnel; availability and increasing costs associated with mining inputs and labour: the availability of qualified contractors and the ability of contractors to timely complete projects on acceptable terms; the relationship with the communities surrounding the Company's operations and projects; indigenous rights or claims; illegal mining; and the inherent risks involved in the mining industry generally. Please see the Company's AIF or Form 40-F available on www.sedar.com or www.sedar. achievements expressed or implied by forward-looking statements.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required by applicable law.

All amounts in this presentation are expressed in U.S. dollars except as otherwise noted.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures, including cash costs per ounce sold, "COC"), AISC per ounce sold, sustaining and expansion capital expenditures, average realized gold price and available liquidity. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional financial measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, certain investors use these non-GAAP financial measures to assess the performance of the Company. These non-GAAP financial measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Cash costs include mine site operating costs such as mining, processing, administration, royalties, production taxes, and realized derivative gains or losses, exclusive of depreciation, reclamation, capital expenditures and exploration and evaluation costs. AISC include cost of sales exclusive of depreciation expense, sustaining capital expenditures, which are required to maintain existing operations, capitalized exploration, sustaining lease principal payments, environmental rehabilitation accretion and depreciation, by-product credits, and corporate general and administrative costs. These costs are then divided by the Company's attributable gold ounces sold by mine sites in commercial production in the period to arrive at COC and AISC per ounce sold. The Company believes that the use of COC and AISC per ounce sold metrics will assist analysts, investors and other stakeholders of the Company in assessing its operating performance and its ability to generate free cash flow.

The Company presents its sustaining capital expenditures in its all-in sustaining costs to reflect the capital related to producing and selling gold from its mine operations. The distinctions between sustaining and expansion capital used by the Company align with the guidelines set out by the World Gold Council. Expansion capital is capital expenditures incurred at new projects and capital expenditures related to major projects or expansion at existing operations where these projects will materially benefit the operations. This non-GAAP financial measure provides investors with transparency regarding the capital expenditures required to support the ongoing operations at its mines, relative to its total capital expenditures.



## **Technical Information and Qualified Persons**

#### **QUALIFIED PERSON AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

The technical and scientific information relating to exploration activities disclosed in this document was prepared under the supervision of and verified and reviewed by Craig MacDougall, P.Geo., Executive Vice President, Growth, IAMGOLD. Mr. MacDougall is a "qualified person" (a "QP") as defined by National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101").

The Mineral Resource and Reserve Estimates contained in this presentation have been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101. The QP responsible for the review and approval of all year-end Mineral Resource and Reserve Estimates for IAMGOLD contained herein is Lisa Ragsdale, Eng., Director, Mining Geology. Ms. Ragsdale has worked in the mining industry for more than 15 years, mainly in operations, project development and consulting. Ms. Ragsdale joined IAMGOLD in January 2018 and acquired her knowledge of the Company's operations and projects through site visits, information reviews, and ongoing communication and oversight of mine site technical service teams or consultants responsible for mineral resource estimates. The technical information has been included herein with the consent and prior review of the above noted QP. The QP has verified the data disclosed, and data underlying the information or opinions contained herein.

Drilling results in this presentation have been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101. The sampling of, and assay data from, drill core is monitored through the implementation of a quality assurance – quality control program designed to follow industry best practice. The QP responsible for the supervision of the preparation, verification, and review of these results is Craig MacDougall, P.Geo., Executive Vice President, Growth for IAMGOLD.

For readers to fully understand the technical information contained in this presentation, they should read the relevant technical reports that have been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 (each, a "Technical Report") in their entirety, including all qualifications, assumptions and exclusions contained therein. Each Technical Report is intended to be read as a whole, and sections should not be read or relied upon out of context. Each Technical Report describes the Mineral Resource and Reserve estimation methodologies and the assumptions used, and to which those estimates are subject. The Company's AIF, which was filled on SEDAR on February 17, 2021 includes details of certain risk factors that could materially affect the potential development of the Mineral Resources and Mineral Resources and should be considered carefully. A discussion of these and other factors is contained in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in the Company's AIF.

#### CAUTIONARY NOTE TO U.S. INVESTORS REGARDING DISCLOSURE OF MINERAL RESERVE AND MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATES

The mineral resource and reserve estimates contained in this presentation have been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101. These standards are similar to those used by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") Industry Guide No. 7, as interpreted by the SEC staff. However, the definitions in NI 43-101 differ in certain respects from those under Industry Guide 7. Accordingly, mineral resource and reserve information may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by United States companies. Under the SEC's Industry Guide 7, mineralization may not be classified as a "reserve" unless the determination has been made that the mineralization could be economically and legally produced or extracted at the time the reserve determination is made.

As a result of the adoption of amendments to the SEC's disclosure rules (the "SEC Modernization Rules"), which more closely align its disclosure requirements and policies for mining properties with current industry and global regulatory practices and standards, including NI 43-101, and which became effective on February 25, 2019, the SEC now recognizes estimates of "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources." In addition, the SEC has amended definitions of "proven mineral reserves" and "probable mineral reserves" in its amended rules, with definitions that are substantially similar to those used in NI 43-101. Issuers must begin to comply with the SEC Modernization Rules in their first fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, though Canadian issuers that report in the United States using the Multijurisdictional Disclosure System ("MJDS") may still use NI 43-101 rather than the SEC Modernization statement and annual report forms.

United States investors are cautioned that while the SEC now recognizes "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" under the SEC Modernization Rules, investors should not assume that any part or all of the mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into a higher category of mineral resources or into mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in limited circumstances.

Investors are cautioned not to assume that any "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources", or "inferred mineral resources" that the Company reports in this presentation are or will be economically or legally mineable. Further, "inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that any part or all of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category.



# IAMGOLD - Building a Leading High-Margin Gold Producer







## **FOCUSING ON PROFITABILITY**

2021 gold production of 601,000 ounces

2022 gold production guidance of 570,000 – 640,000 ounces

Prioritizing highest return assets in core operating jurisdictions

Developing Côté Gold – a robust, tier I, low-cost and long-life asset on track for H2 2023 commercial production









#### **COMMITMENT TO ESG**

Zero Harm® commitment and focus on safety, while building strong community partnerships

Commitment to achieve net negative GHG emissions by 2050

Rapid COVID-19 response with robust health & safety protocols







Strong liquidity position of ~\$1.1 billion<sup>1</sup>, including \$553 million in cash & equivalents and \$500 million in an undrawn credit facility

Adequate financial capacity to develop Côté Gold

Commodities/currency risk management program during construction of Côté Gold





### ROBUST PIPELINE OF PROJECTS

Proven exploration program focused on unlocking value in key districts with long-term potential near existing infrastructure

Re-seeding the pipeline with long-term growth: Côté, Bambouk and Chibougamau districts



## **Asset Overview**

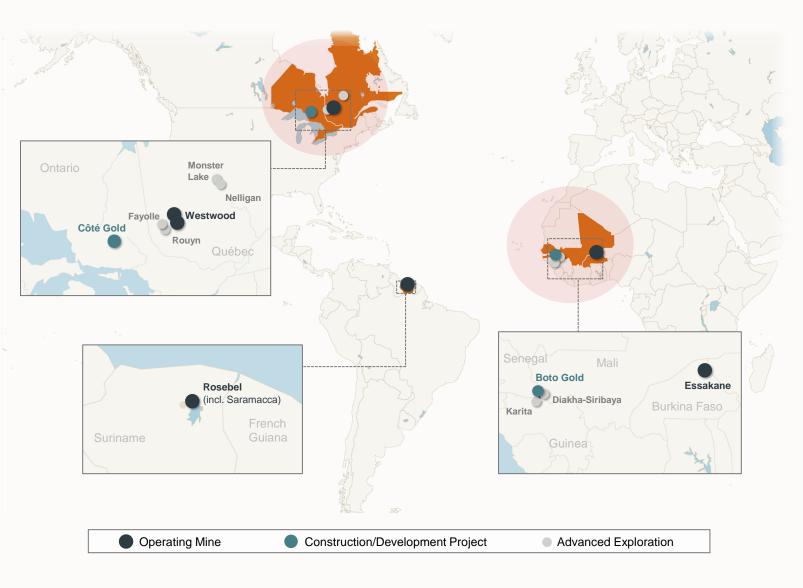
	ESSAKANE Burkina Faso (90% Ownership)	ROSEBEL Suriname (95% RGM   66.5% Saramacca <sup>3</sup> )	WESTWOOD Canada (100%)
Start-up	2010	2004 (Saramacca H2 20)	2014
Mine type	Open pit	Open pit	Underground / Satellite open pit
Expected mine life	~20271	~2033²	~2033+4
FY 2021 Results <sup>2</sup> , attributable	<b>412,000 oz</b> '21 guidance 390-400 koz	<b>154,000 oz</b> '21 guidance 140-160 koz	<b>35,000 oz</b> '21 guidance 35-45 koz
<b>2022 Guidance</b> <sup>2</sup> , attributable	360,000 – 385,000 oz	155,000 – 180,000 oz	55,000 – 75,000 oz

	CÔTÉ GOLD Canada (64.75% Ownership)	
Start-up	H2 2023	
Mine type	Open pit	
Expected mine life	~2041+	
<b>Years 1 – 5</b> (100% basis)	489,000 oz	
Life-of-mine (100% basis)	367,000 oz \$802/oz AISC	





## Focus On Core Operating Jurisdictions



#### STRATEGIC REVIEW OF PORTFOLIO

Prioritize highest return assets that will contribute strongest net free cash flow and value creation

Concentrate on core operating jurisdictions

Focus on value creation for shareholders

Strategic review process for Rosebel and Westwood

## ALLOCATION OF CAPITAL/RESOURCES<sup>1</sup>

Côté Gold is a tier 1, generational asset that is expected to contribute 316,600 ounces<sup>2</sup> annually at AISC of \$802/oz<sup>3</sup>

Prudent management of IAMGOLD capital to ensure delivery of Côté Gold and generate best return on invested capital

Essakane in 2021 reported best year of production to date at 457,000 ounces (100% basis)

Rosebel 2022 Life of Mine Plan ('LOMP") requires material capital investment in 2022 and 2023

Rosebel production expected to ramp up to 300,000 ounces per year on a 100% basis in 2025 until the expected end of mine life in 2033



# Fourth Quarter and FY 2021 Highlights

- Q4 2021 production of 153,000 ounces (attributable)
- Full year 2021 production of 601,000 ounces (attributable)
  - o In line with updated guidance of 565,000 − 605,000 ounces
- Cash costs<sup>1</sup> and AISC<sup>1</sup> expected within guidance<sup>2</sup>, although certain costs pressures continue, including higher logistics and consumables

#### Essakane:

- Record annual production of 412,000 ounces (457,000 ounces on 100% basis)
- Exceeded guidance range of 390,000 400,000 ounces
- Benefitting from mill debottlenecking project completed earlier in the year

#### Rosebel:

- Produced 154,000 ounces (188,000 ounces on 100% basis)
- Upper end of guidance of 140,000 160,000 ounces
- New Life of Mine Plan demonstrates ramp up to annual production of 300,000 ounces (100% basis) with capital investments for processing facility improvements and stripping

#### Westwood:

 Produced 35,000 ounces achieving lower end of guidance range of 35,000 – 45,000 ounces

Q4 2021		Essakane	Rosebel	Westwood	Consolidated Q4 2021
Material mined	kt	15,016	13,788	290	
Ore mined	kt	4,113	2,194	290	
Mill feed	kt	3,292	2,449	254	
Mill feed grade	g/t	1.13	0.78	1.83	
Recoveries	%	91	86	90	
Gold produced, attributable	oz	98,000	42,000	13,000	153,000

2021		Essakane	Rosebel	Westwood	Consolidated 2021
Material mined	kt	60,420	43,138	1,025	
Ore mined	kt	16,015	5,975	1,025	
Mill feed	kt	12,948	9,887	965	
Mill feed grade	g/t	1.31	0.70	1.24	
Recoveries	%	84	85	92	
Gold produced, attributable	oz	412,000	154,000	35,000	601,000
2021 Guidance	koz	390 – 400	140 – 160	35 – 45	<i>565</i> – <i>605</i>
Cash costs <sup>1</sup>	\$/oz				\$1,115 – \$1,150
AISC <sup>1</sup>	\$/oz				\$1,395 – \$1,435



## 2022 Guidance

	CONSOLIDATED	ESSAKANE ROSEBEL		WESTWOOD	CÔTÉ GOLD	вото
Gold production <sup>1</sup> (attributable ounces)	570,000 – 640,000	360,000 - 385,000	155,000 – 180,000	55,000 - 75,000		
Cash costs <sup>2</sup> (per ounce sold)	\$1,100 – \$1,150					
AISC <sup>2</sup> (per ounce sold)	\$1,650 – 1,690					
Sustaining capex <sup>2,3</sup> (incl. capitalized stripping)	\$310M	\$165M	\$105M	\$40M		
Expansion capex <sup>2,3</sup>	\$660M - \$690M	\$5M	\$35M	\$10M	\$590M - \$620M	\$20M
NOTES		Production expected to be stable over the year as planned grades normalize to reserve grades partially offset by higher recoveries	Production stronger in H2/22 after seasonal rains and as mill improvements benefit recoveries	Production expected to see successively increasing levels each quarter Assumes safe re-start of Central and West zones		

Production guidance assumes no material operational impacts due to prolonged delays or significant deterioration in operating conditions due to COVID-19



# Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

Zero Harm<sup>®</sup> is our commitment to continually strive to reach the highest standards in human health & safety, minimize our environmental footprint, and work co-operatively with our host communities

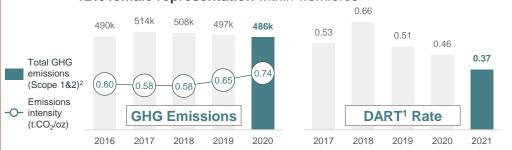


#### FRAMEWORKS / STANDARDS / PRINCIPLES

- Reporting under Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) standards (since 2007) and Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) standards (since 2021)
- Working toward reporting under Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) guidelines in 2022
- Advancing the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, aligned with our Zero Harm® commitment
- Implementing the World Gold Council's Responsible Gold Mining Principles since 2019
  - Adopted the WGC Conflict-Free Gold Standard since 2017
- Implemented Mining Association of Canada's Towards Sustainable Mining® (TSM) framework at operating sites since 2007
- Adopted Board diversity and renewal guidelines with average tenure not exceeding 10 years and minimum 30% female representation
- In 2021, committed to achieve **net negative greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions** by no later than 2050

## PERFORMANCE METRICS

- Focus on safety: DART frequency rate<sup>1</sup> outperformed 2021 target of 0.51
- **Board governance metrics:** Women represent 33% of the directors; average tenure ~4.3 years; 89% of Board consists of independent directors
  - Continued board renewal strategy appointing 3 new experienced directors in 2021, including 2 female independent directors
- 2020 Health, Safety and Sustainability report selected highlights:
  - 53% recycled water use at operating sites
  - 12% female representation within workforce





# Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)



Essakane solar/thermal facility commissioned in 2018 consisting of ~130,000 photovoltaic panels

- Commissioned one of the world's largest hybrid solar/thermal plants at Essakane
- Public-Private Partnership with Canada's Gov't, One Drop Foundation, and Cowater on Triangle d'Eau project: Completed Phase I bringing potable water to 60,000 people near Essakane; Advancing Phase II (75,000 people)
- Rosebel Community Fund (RCF) initial funding of \$2.5 million to provide grants to local projects with positive economic and/or social impacts
- Signed an Impact & Benefits Agreement ("IBA") with Mattagami First Nation and Flying Post First Nation, and an IBA with Metis Nation of Ontario with respect to Côté Gold
- Investment of \$1.35 million to improve community access to quality medical care in Suriname
- Investing ~\$1.0 million in a 4-year **Giants of Africa program**, aimed at encouraging the development of youth through sports in Burkina Faso, Senegal and Mali





- Received Mining Association of Canada's prestigious 2021 TSM® Environmental Excellence Award for an innovative recycling program of
  plastic at Essakane
- Upgraded to a rating of AA in the MSCI¹ ESG Ratings assessment, placing IAMGOLD among the top 15% of precious metals companies
- Included in the **2021 Bloomberg Gender Equality Index** for the 3rd consecutive year and recognized among 380 global companies that foster a more inclusive and equitable workplace
- Named by Corporate Knights to Canada's list of 2021 Best 50 Corporate Citizens<sup>1</sup>









Fore more information, see our 2020 Sustainability report at https://www.iamgold.com



## COVID-19 Update: Q4 2021

Previously implemented protocols remain in place at our sites and are review on an ongoing basis to adapt to the evolving situation

- Essakane COVID-19 situation remains stable at site with >63% of workforce vaccinated
- Rosebel COVID-19 situation remains fragile in Suriname and at site
  - Vaccination rate in line with national average
  - The site continues to monitor and implement mitigating measures and educate on vaccines
- Westwood COVID-19 situation remains stable at site
- Côté Gold No material impact on the construction schedule due to COVID-19 at site as of Q4 2021;
   however, cases in Ontario and other provinces in Canada have risen sharply in January 2022
  - Schedule and timing of expenditures going forward do not account for any potential delays or disruptions caused by COVID-19
- Boto Gold COVID-19 situation remains stable at site with 88% of workforce vaccinated
- Contributed \$250,000 to UNICEF to support the International ACT-A / COVAX Emergency Response





RCF and SEMiF finance new cooling system for public health laboratory in Suriname



Medical equipment donations to the Dori Hospital in Burkina Faso



Rosebel Community Fund (RCF) contributes \$250,000 to the fight against COVID-19



# Côté Gold: Robust, Tier I, Low-cost and Long-life Asset

# PROJECT STATUS¹ 43.4% overall project completion 92.2% detailed engineering complete PROJECT COSTS¹.4 \$412M expended (from Jul '20 to Dec '21) \$710 - \$760M remaining (from Jan '22) ANNUAL GOLD PRODUCTION 489 koz (first 5 years, 100%)³ 367 koz (life-of-mine, 100%) PROJECT COSTS¹.4 \$412M expended (from Jul '20 to Dec '21) \$7.2 Moz >540km² PROJECT COSTS¹.4 \$412M expended (from Jul '20 to Dec '21) \$7.2 Moz >540km² \$489 koz (first 5 years, 100%)³ \$659/oz LOM average cash costs \$392M at \$392M at \$1.6B after

#### **EMERGING GOLD DISTRICT**<sup>2</sup>

7.2 Moz P&P | 13.6 Moz M&I

>540km<sup>2</sup> exploration land package

#### ROBUST ECONOMICS (100% BASIS)

\$392M annual pre-tax CF (first 5 years, \$1,600/oz Au)

\$1.6B after-tax NPV5% (\$1,600/oz Au)





# Côté Gold: Progress Report (Q4 2021)

43.4% project completion

92.2% detailed engineering

\$710 – \$760M

remaining costs estimate<sup>1,2</sup>

- **Health and safety:** Surpassed 3.4 million hours with no lost time injuries. COVID-19 protocols remain robust and we continue to assess site protocols in view of the Omicron variant
- Earthwork activities advanced with work on infrastructure for 2022 freshet, water realignment channels (Clam Lake Dam #1 and #2, and New Lake South Dam complete), TMF starter dam foundation excavation commenced as planned in early December
- Overburden pre-stripping progressing with access to fresh rock achieved to the east
- Process facility structural steel erection (commenced in mid-October) largely complete with a few minor in-fill steel sections remaining; ~32% of wall panel cladding installation completed; process building enclosure remains on track by the end of Q1 2022
- Other civil works: HPGR/secondary crusher and primary crusher building completed
- **Fabrication** of conveyors and deliveries of sections is progressing well. Major components of the ball mill (motor, chillers, shells) have started shipping. Primary crusher feeder frames, chutes and supports now on site
- Permanent camp commissioning completed (capacity of 1,388 rooms, including construction camp)
- **Permitting:** Secured the provincial Environmental Compliance Authorization (ECA) for operations (key remaining permit), permit to take water and permits for the transmission line construction
- 87% of procurement and 79% of contracts packages have been awarded
- Expended \$147 million (incurred \$118 million) in Q4 2021, totaling \$359 million expended in 2021



Ownership: 92.5% JV (70:30 IAG/SMM); 7.5% 3rd party

Mining friendly jurisdiction – located ~20 km SW of Gogama, Ontario

125 km SW of Timmins, and 175 km N of Sudbury

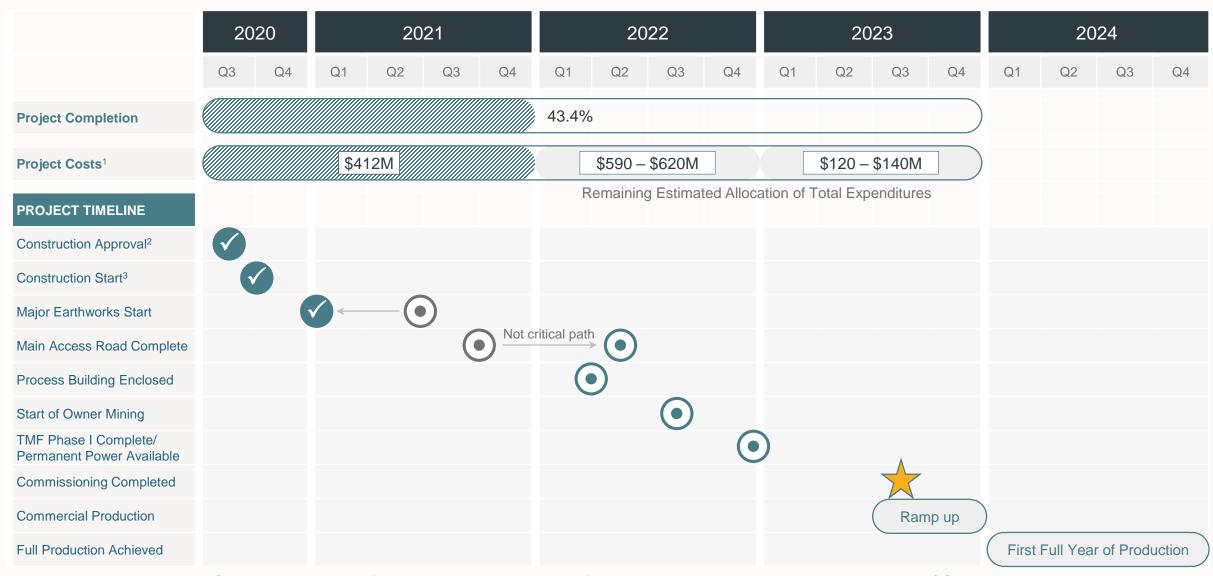
#### Access to skilled local labour pool

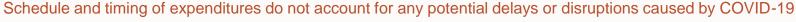
#### Close to infrastructure

- 6 km west of Highway 144
- Close to two main rail lines
- Existing power supply 45 km from site



## Côté Gold: Construction on Schedule for H2 2023<sup>1</sup>







# Côté Gold: Construction Progress (January 2022)



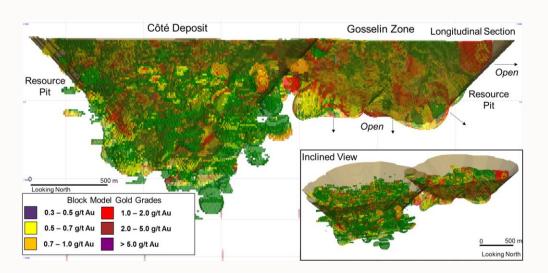






## Gosselin 2021 Initial Resource Estimate

- Gosselin zone adjoins the Côté deposit to the northeast with potential to further expand district-scale resources
- Gosselin increases the overall Côté Gold project M&I resources by 33% and inferred resources by 45%
- 66% of the Gosselin initial resource classified as indicated
- Gosselin deposit remains open along strike to the northeast and has only been drilled to approx. half the depth of Côté
- Nearly 3x increase in total resources since acquisition<sup>1</sup>
- Gosselin discovery cost \$1.62/oz from discovery to delineation



## Côté Gold Project – Mineral Reserves & Resources (2021)<sup>2,3</sup>

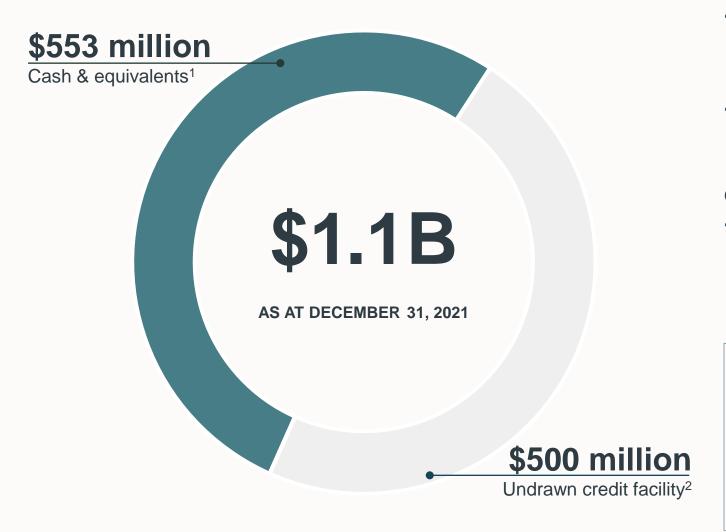
Classification	Tonnes (millions)			Attributable Contained (Moz Au)	
Côté Gold Deposit					
P&P Reserves	233.0	0.96	7.19	4.66	
M&I Resources <sup>4</sup>	365.5	0.87	10.20	6.61	
Inferred	189.6	0.63	3.82	2.47	

Gosselin Deposit				
Indicated	124.5	0.84	3.35	2.17
Inferred	72.9	0.73	1.71	1.11

Côté Gold – Total				
P&P Reserves	233.0	0.96	7.19	4.66
M&I Resources <sup>4</sup>	490.0	0.86	13.55	8.78
Inferred	262.5	0.66	5.53	3.58



## **Financial Position**



## **Hedging Program**

- Côté's project costs primarily incurred in CAD:
  - Hedges and cash on hand cover 75% and 48% CAD exposure of project costs in 2022 and 2023, respectively, during the construction period (between 1.30-1.48)
- Hedged 100% of the project's total expected fuel costs for the construction period

## **Gold Hedging and Prepay**<sup>3</sup>

- Completed 150,000 ounce prepay transaction in 2021 effectively rolling forward the 2019 prepay to 2024 after completion of Côté
  - Total proceeds of \$236 million to be received in 2022, and physically settled in 2024<sup>4</sup>



OCT 15, 2028 maturity date

5.75% coupon rate

B2 (Moody's) B+ (S&P)

debt rating



## Advancing Exploration Activities in Key Districts

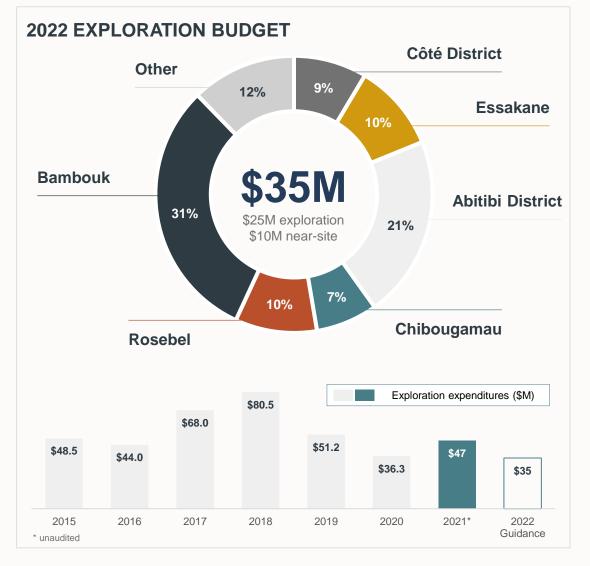
- Robust exploration program focused on unlocking value in key districts
- Declining industry reserves and resources highlight the challenge to access quality exploration projects at acceptable entry costs
- Continue to develop and invest in a healthy pipeline of greenfield and brownfield exploration projects and leverage existing infrastructure





















## Essakane – Record Production of 457,000 ounces in 2021 (100% basis)

#### **OVERVIEW**

Ownership	90% IAMGOLD, 10% Government of Burkina Faso
Mine type	Open pit
Start-up	• 2010
Mill Expansion (Hard Rock)	<ul> <li>2013/14: Hard rock plant expansion from 5.4 Mtpa to 10.8 Mtpa completed on time and under budget</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2021: Expanded plant nameplate capacity on 100% hard rock from 10.8 Mtpa to 11.7 Mtpa</li> </ul>
Mine Life	• ~2027 <sup>1</sup>
FY 2021 Results <sup>2</sup>	• 412,000 oz ('21 guidance 390 – 400 koz)
2022 Guidance <sup>2,3</sup>	<ul><li>360,000 – 385,000 oz</li><li>\$165M (sustaining capex)</li><li>\$5M (expansion capex)</li></ul>

#### **KEY NOTES**

## **Outlook Beyond 2022**

 Expected annual production between 325,000 – 375,000 ounces in '23-'24

## CIL (carbon-in-leach) Debottlenecking

✓ Mill upgrade project to increase hard rock processing capacity to 11.7 Mtpa completed in Q1 2021

## **Satellite Prospects**

 Evaluating resource potential of satellite within 1-15 km of mill

## **Community Relations**

- ✓ Renewed 3 year CLA agreement in July 2021 to June 2024
- Proposal to advance Phase II of the Triangle d'Eau Project submitted – decision expected in 2022

### LOCATION

NORTH-EASTERN BURKINA FASO, WEST AFRICA



## **RESERVES AND RESOURCES<sup>4</sup>**

(December 31, 2020)

Category	Tonnes (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)	Attrib. Ounces (000's)
P&P Reserves	113,153	0.9	3,349	3,014
M&I Resources*	140,456	0.9	4,254	3,829
Inferred Resources	10,262	1.1	352	317

<sup>\*</sup> Inclusive of mineral reserves



<sup>1.</sup> Heap leach project currently under assessment. 2. On an attributable basis. Refer to IAMGOLD news release dated January 12, 2022. Capital expenditures guidance ±5%. 3. This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section on slide #2. 4. Refer to IAMGOLD news release dated February 17, 2021.





## Rosebel – Long Operating History with District Potential

#### **OVERVIEW**

## **Ownership** Gross Rosebel Concession (RGM): 95% IAMGOLD, 5% Government of Suriname Saramacca UJV: 70% RGM, 30% Staatsolie (66.5% IAMGOLD effective<sup>1</sup>) Mining Open pit Method Start-up • 2004 Saramacca H2 20 Mine Life ~2033<sup>2</sup> FY 2021 • 154.000 oz Results<sup>2,3</sup> ('21 guidance 140 - 160 koz) 2022 • 155,000 – 180,000 oz Guidance<sup>2,3,4</sup> \$105M (sustaining capex) \$35M (expansion capex)

#### **KEY NOTES**

## **Strategic Review Process**

- Operational challenges over the last 2 years resulted in material capital investment required in 2022/2023
- Initiated a strategic review process in view of internal capital allocation prioritization

#### 2022 Life-of-Mine Plan

- Mineral reserves and resources update incorporated revised geologic, cost models and pit optimization
- Annual production expected to ramp up to 300,000 oz by 2025 (100% basis)

## **Rosebel Community Fund**

 Launched in 2019 – \$2.5 million fund, supporting local communities

#### LOCATION

**BROKOPONDO DISTRICT IN NORTH-EASTERN SURINAME** 



## **RESERVES AND RESOURCES**<sup>2</sup>

(December 31, 2021)

Category	Tonnes (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)	Attrib. Ounces (000's)
P&P Reserves	109,164	1.1	3,829	3,286
M&I Resources*	173,715	1.1	6,305	5,558
Inferred Resources	22,017	1.0	687	587

<sup>\*</sup> Inclusive of mineral reserves



## 2021 Rosebel Mineral Reserves and Resources Update<sup>1</sup>

	<b>2020</b> (as of Dec 31)			<b>2021</b> (as of Dec 31)			▲ YoY	
(On a 100% basis)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Ounces (000's)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Ounces (000's)	Contained Ounces (000's)	%
RESERVES	137,638	1.1	4,797	109,164	1.1	3,829	<b>-</b> 968	- 20%
M&I RESOURCES <sup>2</sup>	299,503	1.0	9,578	173,716	1.1	6,305	- 3,273	- 34%
INFERRED RESOURCES	73,968	0.9	2,025	22,017	1.0	687	- 1,338	- 66%

2021 mineral reserves decreased by 20% or 1.0 Moz, with the majority of the decrease primarily driven by Rosebel pits incorporating an updated geologic model, new cost model, pit optimization assumptions and 2021 production depletion

**2021 M&I resources decreased by 34% or 3.3 Moz** (3.1 Moz at Rosebel and 0.2 Moz at Saramacca):

- At Rosebel, the decrease is mainly attributable to: 2021 production depletion; a revised optimization methodology incorporating fixed cost distribution (versus dynamic cost accounting used previously); changes to the cost model which translated in an increase in mining, processing and general and administrative costs; and an updated resource block model incorporating the results of infill and conversion drilling programs completed in 2021 and applying a different block model interpolation methodology (Ordinary Kriging versus Uniform Conditioning)
- This resulted in reduction in both size and depth of resource and reserve pit shells, notably Royal Hill and Pay Caro, with some ore zones excluded in the pit shells (at \$1,500/oz) that could re-enter the mine plan in the future under different financial conditions

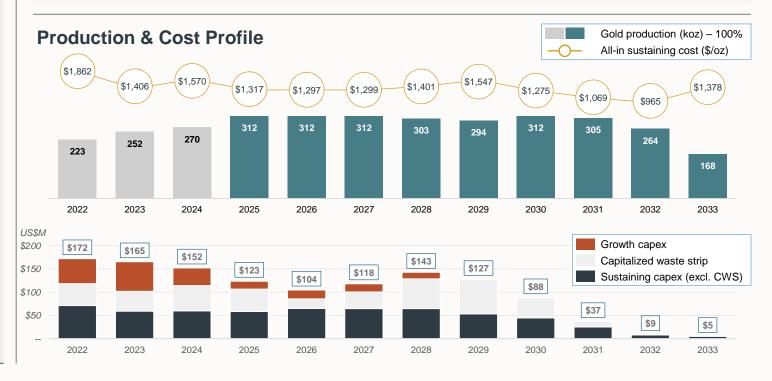


# 2022 Rosebel Updated Life-of-Mine Plan (100% basis)

#### KEY PROJECT METRICS<sup>1</sup>

		LOM PLAN
(100% basis, unless otherwise stated)		(12 YEARS)
Rosebel Mining		
Ore mined	Mt	74.0
Strip ratio	w:o	5.7
Ore grade	g/t	0.98
Saramacca Mining		
Ore mined	Mt	21.6
Strip ratio	w:o	7.6
Ore grade	g/t	1.76
Tonnes milled	Mt	105.9
Head grade	g/t	0.97
Gold recovery	%	91%
Total gold production	koz	3,327
Cash costs <sup>2</sup>	\$/oz	\$993
All-in sustaining Costs (AISC) <sup>2</sup>	\$/oz	\$1,350
Total sustaining capex <sup>2</sup>	\$M	\$1,021
Total growth capex <sup>2</sup>	\$M	\$223

- Updated mine plan incorporates revised geological and cost models for the Rosebel and Saramacca deposits, and is capital constrained based on internal capital allocation strategies
- Two key priorities require material capital outlay in the next 5 years: stripping required to access deep higher grade ore and mill capacity to treat hard rock
- Production expected to ramp up to a stable annual gold output of ~300,000 oz by 2025
- Without capital constraints, alternative value-accretive opportunities could be considered





<sup>1.</sup> Refer to IAMGOLD news release dated January 12, 2022.

<sup>2.</sup> This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section on slide #2.



## Westwood – Established Base in Prolific Abitibi Gold Camp

#### **OVERVIEW**

Ownership	• 100% IAMGOLD
Mining Method	<ul><li> Underground</li><li> Grand Duc satellite open pit</li></ul>
Start-up	• 2014
Mine Life	• ~2033+ <sup>1</sup>
FY 2021 Results <sup>2</sup>	• 35,000 oz ('21 guidance 35 – 45 koz)
2022 Guidance <sup>2,3</sup>	<ul><li>55,000 – 75,000 oz</li><li>\$40M (sustaining capex)</li><li>\$10M (expansion capex)</li></ul>



#### **KEY NOTES**

#### **Current Status**

- ✓ Underground operations in the East Zone recommenced in June 2021
- Mining in the Central and West Zones expected to resume in H1 2022<sup>4</sup>
- 2022 production H2 weighted
- Annual production expected to ramp up to 90,000 – 100,000 oz from underground development, resumption of CZ and WZ and Fayolle contribution
- Evaluating potential strategic alternatives

#### **Resource Conversion**

- Delineation drilling to target conversion of resources into reserves
- Focus on upgrading resources at the satellite Grand Duc open pit

### LOCATION

NORTHWESTERN QUÉBEC, CANADA



## **RESERVES AND RESOURCES**5

(December 31, 2020)

Category	Tonnes (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)
P&P Reserves	3,953	4.9	626
M&I Resources*	7,206	7.0	1,624
Inferred Resources	7,071	8.0	1,809

<sup>\*</sup> Inclusive of mineral reserves

## Westwood - "Hub-and-Spoke" Model

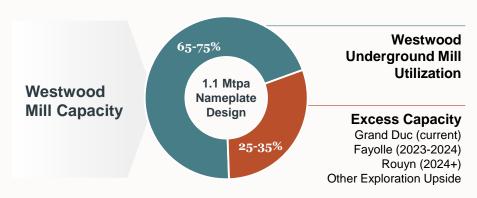
## FAYOLLE PROPERTY (OP)

100% ACQUIRED FROM MONARCH GOLD (2020)

- ~35 km northeast of Rouyn-Noranda and ~29 km northwest from Westwood
- 39 mineral claims covering an area of 1,373 hectares (14 km²)
- Resource estimate work ongoing with focus on high-grade near-surface mineralization
- May provide incremental feed commencing in 2023, pending permitting<sup>1</sup>
- Historical 2019 drill highlights<sup>2</sup>:
  - 6.1m grading 8.37 g/t
  - 2.7m grading 50.94 g/t
  - 3.0m grading 37.97 g/t
  - 4.0m grading 15.79 g/t

## ATTRACTIVE DISTRICT EXPLORATION POTENTIAL<sup>1</sup> THAT COULD SUPPLEMENT EXCESS MILL CAPACITY





## B ROUYN GOLD PROJECT (UG)

OPTION TO ACQUIRE 100% FROM YORBEAU RESOURCES

- 4 km south of Rouyn-Noranda and ~40 km west from Westwood
- 4 known gold deposits on a 2,700 hectare property covering a 12 km stretch of the prolific Cadillac-Larder Lake Break
- Exploration Target Potential<sup>1</sup> of 400-600koz at 6-8 g/t Au at underground Lac Gamble zone
- Anticipated 3-4 year permitting timeline<sup>1</sup>
- Drill highlights<sup>3</sup>:
  - 9.8 m grading 27.8 g/t
  - 9.8 m grading 10.4 g/t
  - 29.7 m grading 9.0 g/t
  - 7.6 m grading 9.7 g/t





## Bambouk District: Boto – Karita – Diakha-Siribaya

## Boto Gold (90% ownership)

1.6Moz RESERVES<sup>1</sup>

2.0Moz M&I RESOURCES<sup>1</sup>

> 0.5Moz INFERRED<sup>1</sup>

- · Along same trend as B2Gold's Fekola Mine in Mali
- Mining permit received in 2019 for a period of 20 years<sup>2</sup>
- 2019 Optimization Study outlines an 11 year mine life producing 160 kozpa of gold in the first 6 years
- Advancing an early works package with an expected expansion capital spend of \$16 million in 2022<sup>3</sup>

## Karita Discovery (100% ownership)

EXPLORATION STAGE

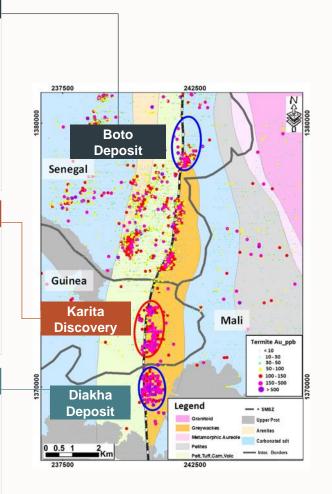
- Located in north-eastern Guinea covering an area of 100 km<sup>2</sup>
- Acquired 100% in 2017 as a granted exploration permit
- Highlight intercepts: 29m @ 2.96 g/t; 21m @ 9.01 g/t<sup>4</sup>

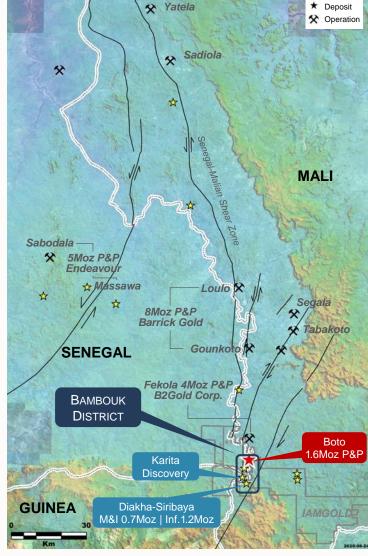
## Diakha Deposit (90% ownership)

0.7Moz INDICATED<sup>1</sup>

1.2Moz

- <1 km south of Karita across the border of western Mali</li>
- 8 contiguous exploration permits covering 596.5 km<sup>2</sup>
- Hosts an indicated resource of 18.0 Mt grading 1.28 g/t inferred resource of 23.2 Mt grading 1.58 g/t<sup>5</sup>
- Targeting an updated resource estimate in H1 2022







# Chibougamau: Emerging Prospective District in Québec, Canada

## **NELLIGAN (75% JV INTEREST)**

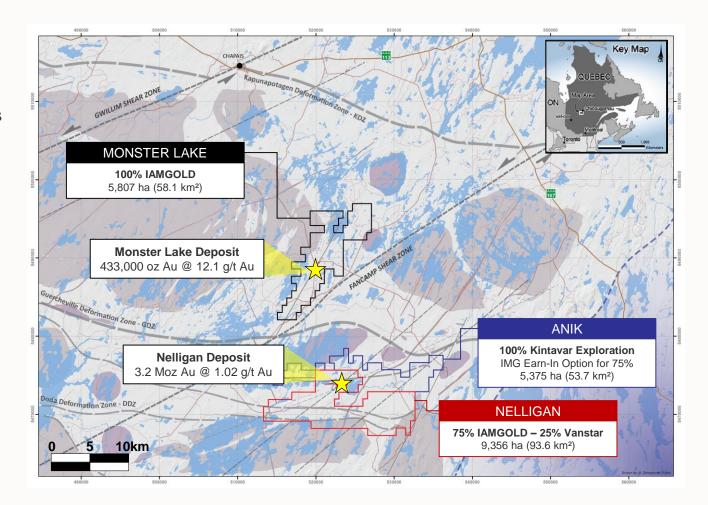
- Located 60 kilometres southwest of Chibougamau, Québec
- Exercised option to increase undivided interest to 75% (from 51%), following completion of NI 43-101 Technical Report
- Completed initial resource estimate, comprising 97 million tonnes grading 1.02 g/t Au for 3.2 Moz<sup>1</sup>
- Awarded 2019 AEMQ Discovery of the Year
- 2021 drilling highlights<sup>2</sup>:

• 86.7 metres at 1.34 g/t Au 45.0 metres at 2.13 g/t Au

111.0 metres at 1.11 g/t Au
 19.5 metres at 3.80 g/t Au

## **MONSTER LAKE (100% INTEREST)**

- 15 kilometres north of Nelligan
- Consolidated 100% ownership in 2020
- Hosts an inferred resource of 1.1 million tonnes grading 12.1 g/t for 433,000 oz<sup>1</sup>
- 2020 drilling highlights<sup>3</sup>:
  - 3.8 metres @ 16.9 g/t Au
  - 2.8 metres @ 5.63 g/t Au
  - 12.3 metres @ 2.09 g/t Au





>5 Moz Au

>2 Moz Au

Brownfield

Greenfield

Advanced Greenfield

## Robust Exploration Pipeline





# Appendix



## Gold Prepayment – Illustrative Impact

#### PREPAYMENT ARRANGEMENT STRUCTURE

- Cash proceeds received up front in return for obligation to deliver ounces at a later date
- Settlement is in the form of physical gold deliveries from any of the Company's gold mines in equal monthly installments
- The prepaid amount is treated as deferred revenue that is amortized and recognized upon delivery

#### TRANSACTION ASSUMPTIONS

- Illustrative annual gold production of 600,000 ounces
- 2019 prepay: 150,000 ounces to be delivered in 2022, with a gold collar range of \$1,300/oz – \$1,500/oz¹
  - Prepayment amount of \$170 million in 2019 based upon \$1,300/oz gold price, net of transaction costs
- 2022 prepay (1): 100,000 ounces to be delivered in 2024, with a gold collar range of \$1,700/oz – \$2,100/oz²
- 2022 prepay (2): 50,000 ounces to be delivered in 2024, at an average gold price of \$1,753/oz<sup>3</sup>
  - Total prepayment amount of \$236 million in 2022 for (1) and (2), net of transaction costs

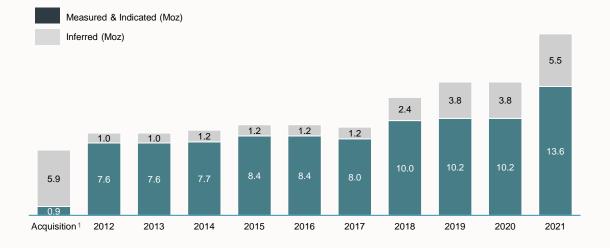
GOL	D PREPAY RECOGNITION				
		unit	2019	2022	2024
_	Illustrative gold price	US\$/oz	\$1,300	\$1,800	\$1,800
ıctior	Production – unaffected gold	koz	600	450	450
Production	Production – gold prepay	koz	_	150	150
-	Total gold production	koz	600	600	600
	Revenue recognized – unaffected gold	US\$M	\$780	\$810	\$810
<u>e</u>	Prepay revenue – floor price	US\$M	_	\$195	\$258 <sup>3</sup>
Revenue	Prepay revenue – incremental <sup>1,2</sup>	US\$M	-	\$30	\$10
Ä	Total revenue recognized	US\$M	\$780	\$1,035	\$1,078
	Realized gold price	US\$/oz	\$1,300	\$1,725	\$1,796
MC_	OCF – prepay cash received	US\$M	+\$170	+\$236	_
Cash Flow	OCF – net impact on delivery	US\$M	-	(\$195)	(\$258)
Cas	Net effect on timing of cash flow	US\$M	+\$170	+\$41	(\$258)



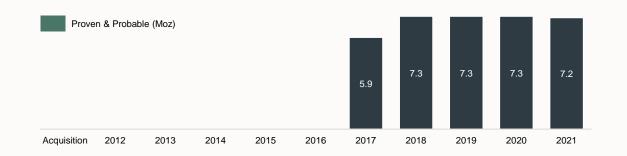
# Côté District - Mineral Reserves and Resources (100% Basis)



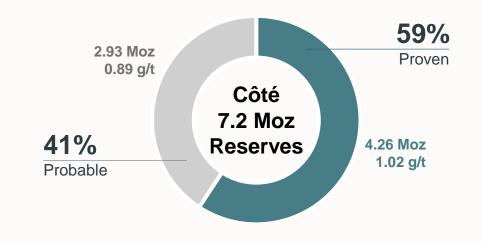
## Mineral Resources



## Mineral Reserves



Côté District – Mineral Reserves & Resources (2021) <sup>2</sup>										
Category		Tonnes (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)						
Proven & Probable (Côté)		233,000	0.96	7,194						
	Côté	365,500	0.87	10,200						
Measured & Indicated <sup>3</sup>	Gosselin	124,500	0.84	3,350						
maioatea	Total	490,000	0.86	13,550						
	Côté	189,600	0.63	3,820						
Inferred	Gosselin	72,900	0.73	1,710						
	Total	262,500	0.66	5,530						





<sup>1.</sup> Refer to IAMGOLD news release dated April 27, 2012. 2. Refer to IAMGOLD news release dated October 18, 2021.
3. M&I resources inclusive of P&P reserves.

## Gold Mineral Reserves – Attributable

As at December 31, 2020				PROVEN			PROBABLE		то	S	
DEPOSIT	Effective Ownership	Location	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)
Rosebel 1,2	95%	Suriname	24,087	0.6	479	84,017	1.0	2,709	108,105	0.9	3,188
Saramacca 1,2	66.5%	Suriname	417	0.5	7	15,439	1.9	951	15,856	1.9	958
Essakane <sup>1</sup>	90%	Burkina Faso	27,074	0.5	426	74,764	1.1	2,589	101,838	0.9	3,014
Westwood 1,3	100%	Canada	426	8.0	109	3,527	4.6	517	3,953	4.9	626
Côté Gold 1,5	64.75%	Canada	90,166	1.0	3,004	60,701	0.9	1,712	150,868	1.0	4,716
Boto Gold <sup>1</sup>	90%	Senegal	_	_	_	26,136	1.7	1,434	26,136	1.7	1,434
TOTAL RESERVES <sup>3</sup>			142.171	0.9	4.026	264,585	1.2	9.912	406.755	1.1	13.937
TOTAL RESERVES <sup>3</sup>			142,171	0.9	4,026	264,585	1.2	9,912	406,755	1.1	13,937

<sup>1</sup> Rosebel, Saramacca, Essakane, Westwood, Côté Gold and Boto Gold Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a \$1,200/oz gold price as of December 31, 2020.



<sup>2</sup> Mineral reserves at Rosebel and Saramacca have been updated since the December 31, 2020 statement - refer to IAMGOLD news release dated January 12, 2022.

<sup>3</sup> The Grand Duc Mineral Reserve estimate is included in the Westwood Mineral Reserve estimate. The Grand Duc Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a 0.42 g/t Au cut-off grade and a gold price of \$1,350/oz.

<sup>4</sup> Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals.

<sup>5</sup> Mineral reserves at Côté Gold have been updated since the December 31, 2020 statement - refer to IAMGOLD news release dated October 18, 2021.

## Gold Mineral Resources<sup>1,2</sup> – Attributable

(Measured & Indicated Resources are <u>inclusive</u> of Proven & Probable Reserves)

As at December 31, 20	)20		M	EASURED		II.	NDICATED		MEASUR	RED + INDIC	ATED	II	NFERRED	
DEPOSIT	Effective Ownership	Location	Tonnes (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)	Tonnes (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)	Tonnes (000's)	<b>Grade</b> (g/t)	Ounces (000's)
Rosebel 3,4	95%	Suriname	29,430	0.6	594	230,649	0.9	6,914	260,079	0.9	7,508	59,745	0.9	1,678
Saramacca <sup>3,4</sup>	66.5%	Suriname	417	0.5	7	16,697	2.1	1,106	17,114	2.0	1,113	7,368	0.7	172
Essakane <sup>3</sup>	90%	Burkina Faso	27,021	0.5	426	99,390	1.1	3,403	126,411	0.9	3,829	9,236	1.1	317
Westwood 5	100%	Canada	907	13.2	384	6,299	6.1	1,240	7,206	7.0	1,624	7,071	8.0	1,809
Côté Gold 3	64.75%	Canada	98,485	1.0	3,056	138,177	0.8	3,548	236,662	0.9	6,604	122,766	0.6	2,473
Boto Gold <sup>3</sup>	90%	Senegal	_	-	_	36,510	1.6	1,830	36,510	1.6	1,830	7,376	1.8	422
Gossey <sup>3</sup>	90%	Burkina Faso	_	_	_	9,409	0.9	262	9,409	0.9	262	2,645	0.9	77
Nelligan <sup>3</sup>	75%	Canada	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	72,743	1.0	2,396
Monster Lake <sup>3</sup>	100%	Canada	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	1,110	12.1	433
Pitangui <sup>3</sup>	100%	Brazil	_	-	_	3,330	4.4	470	3,330	4.4	470	3,559	3.8	433
Diakha-Siribaya <sup>3</sup>	90%	Mali	_	_	_	16,228	1.3	669	16,228	1.3	669	20,861	1.6	1,058
TOTAL RESOURCE	ES <sup>6</sup>		156,259	0.9	4,468	556,689	1.1	19,442	712,948	1.0	23,910	314,479	1.1	11,268

The above mineral resources do not include an initial resource announced at Gosselin in 2021, which includes attributable 2.17 million ounces in indicated and 1.11 million ounces in inferred resource categories (refer to IAMGOLD news release dated October 18, 2021). For notes accompanying Gold Mineral Resources, please refer to the following slide.



## Notes to the Gold Mineral Resources Statement

- 1 In mining operations, Measured Mineral Resources and Indicated Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves are considered uneconomic at the price used for Mineral Reserve estimations but are deemed to have a reasonable prospect of economic extraction.
- 2 Although "measured resources", "indicated resources" and "inferred resources" are categories of mineralization that are recognized and required to be disclosed under Canadian regulations, SEC Industry Guide 7 does not recognize them. Disclosure of contained ounces is permitted under Canadian regulations; however, SEC Industry Guide 7 generally permits resources to be reported only as in place tonnage and grade. See "Cautionary Note to U.S. Investors Regarding Disclosure of Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource Estimates".
- 3 Rosebel, Saramacca, Essakane, Côté Gold, Boto Gold, Nelligan, Gossey, Monster Lake, and Diakha-Siribaya and Pitangui Mineral Resources have been estimated as of December 31, 2020 using a \$1,500/oz gold price and have been estimated in accordance with NI 43-101.
- 4 Mineral Resources at Rosebel and Saramacca have been updated since the December 31, 2020 statement refer to IAMGOLD news release dated January 12, 2022.
- **5** Westwood Mineral Resources have been estimated as of December 31, 2020 using a 5.5 g/t gold cut-off over a minimum width of 2.4 metres and have been estimated in accordance with NI 43-101. The Grand Duc Mineral Resource estimate is included in the Westwood Mineral Resources. Grand Duc Mineral Resources have been estimated using a 0.39 g/t Au cut-off grade and a gold price of \$1,500/oz.
- 6 Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals.





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