

SCOPE 3 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS REPORT



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About This Report

Welcome to IAMGOLD's 2024 Scope 3 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Report. The purpose of this report is to provide industry-leading disclosure on IAMGOLD's Scope 3 screening assessment including boundaries, methodologies and assumptions.

Scope 1 emissions include direct emissions from sources owned or controlled by IAMGOLD Corporation ("IAMGOLD" or the "Company") such as fuel to operate the power plant, fleet and mining equipment. Scope 2 emissions are indirect emissions from the generation of energy purchased by IAMGOLD such as purchased electricity. Scope 3 emissions are all indirect emissions (not included in Scope 2) that occur in IAMGOLD's value chain, including both upstream and downstream emissions. For example, in gold mining, Scope 3 emissions include upstream emissions from the production of fuel, manufacturing of equipment, and business travel, and downstream emissions from the processing and transportation of sold gold.

We are strengthening our insight into value chain emissions by continuously improving how we track Scope 3 emissions. These efforts support IAMGOLD's broader work around energy and emission intensity associated with our operations, including ongoing work to reduce Scope 1 and 2 emissions.

STANDARDS

This report follows the guidance of various internationally recognized standards, including the [GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain \(Scope 3\) Accounting and Reporting Standard](#), [GHG Protocol's Technical Guidance for Calculating Scope 3 Emissions \(Version 1\)](#), [International Council on Mining and Metals' \(ICMM\) Scope 3 Emissions Accounting and Reporting Guidance](#) and the [World Gold Council's Gold Mining and Scope 3 GHG Emissions Accounting and Reporting Guidance notes](#).

In alignment with the GHG Protocol, IAMGOLD's Scope 3 assessment includes all seven GHGs covered by the Kyoto Protocol: carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆), and nitrogen trifluoride (NF₃).

All emissions data is reported in carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e), the standard unit for comparing GHG emissions. CO₂e is calculated using Global Warming Potential (GWP), which measures each gas's heat-trapping effectiveness relative to CO₂. The GWP factors applied in this analysis were sourced from the [Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change's 6th Assessment Report](#), where required.

REPORTING PERIOD AND BOUNDARIES

This report covers Scope 3 emissions from the 2024 calendar year (January 1 to December 31, 2024). IAMGOLD undertook a screening-level assessment which involved completing an evaluation of the Company's Scope 3 emissions using available data whenever possible and assumptions to estimate emissions across relevant Scope 3 categories when actual data was not available. The spend-based and industry-based methods were the primary calculation methods applied; however, where feasible, more precise calculation methods were incorporated. Additional details on the estimation methodology are available upon request.

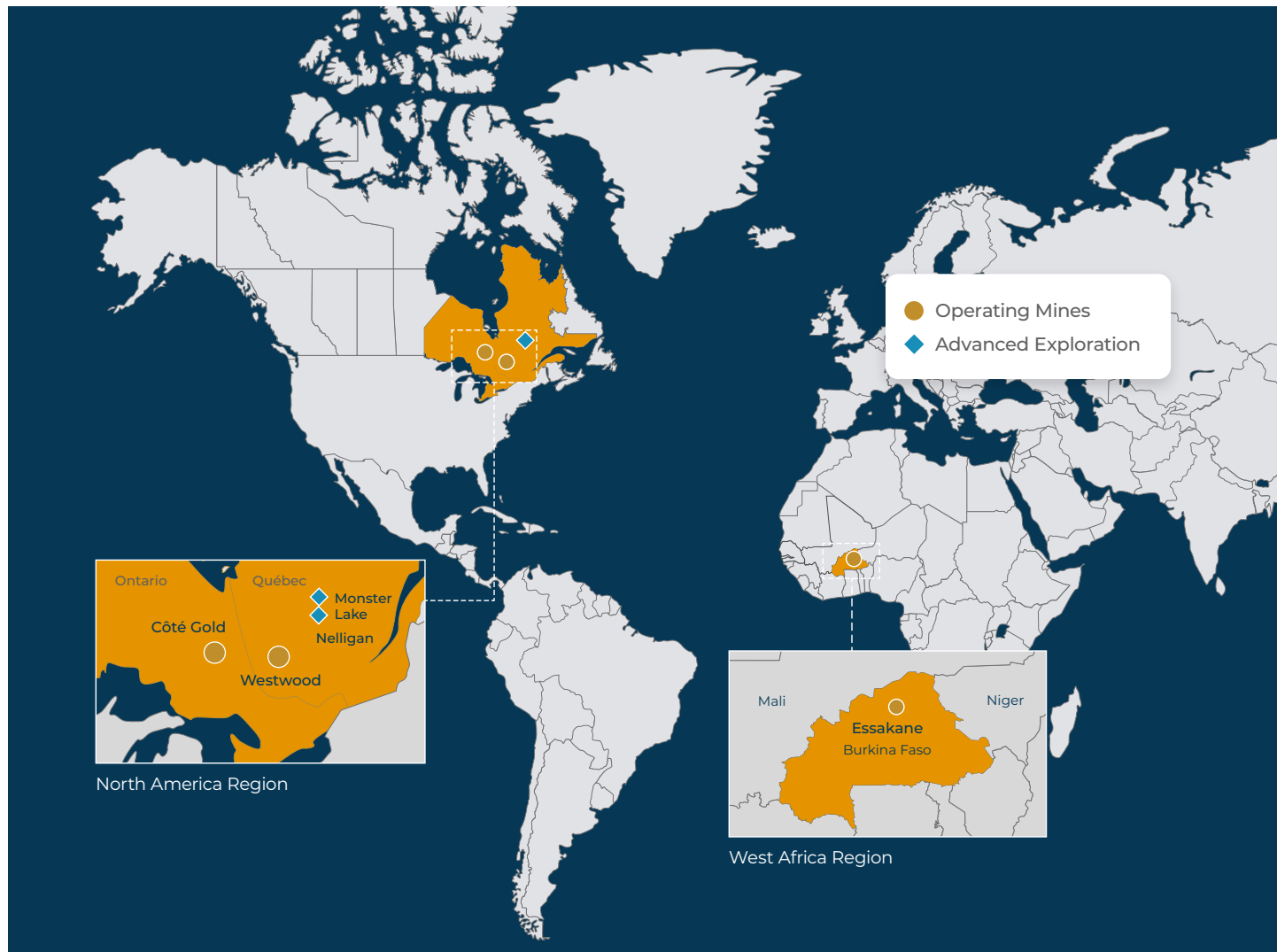
In line with the GHG Protocol regarding Scope 3 screenings, not all of the emissions accounted for in this inventory were exclusively generated in the reporting period. That is, a portion of upstream emission categories may have been produced before 2024, while for the downstream emission categories, a portion of the emissions may be produced in future years as a result of activities in 2024. For Essakane and Westwood, any purchase paid for in 2024 was included, regardless of when the item arrived on site. Purchases delivered in 2024 but paid in 2023 were excluded. For Côté Gold, expenses were included if the purchase order was issued in 2024, as invoice payment data was not available from the site's procurement team.

IAMGOLD intends to report its Scope 3 emissions on an annual basis.

About IAMGOLD

IAMGOLD is an intermediate gold producer and developer based in Canada with operating mines in North America and West Africa, including Côté Gold (Canada), Westwood (Canada) and Essakane (Burkina Faso). The Côté Gold Mine achieved full nameplate in June 2025 and has the potential to be among the largest gold mines in Canada. IAMGOLD operates Côté Gold in partnership with Sumitomo Metal Mining Co. Ltd. In addition, the Company has

an established portfolio of early stage and advanced exploration projects within high potential mining districts. IAMGOLD employs approximately 3,700 people and is committed to maintaining its culture of accountable mining through high standards of Environmental, Social and Governance practices. IAMGOLD is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE: IAG) and the Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX: IMG).



Scope 3 Emissions

ORGANIZATIONAL BOUNDARIES

An operational control approach was used to set the Scope 3 organizational boundaries, which is consistent with IAMGOLD's Scope 1 and 2 inventory for 2024. This approach includes all of IAMGOLD's Scope 3 emissions across:

Mine sites	Corporate and regional activities:	
Côté Gold ¹	Toronto office	Rouyn-Noranda office
Westwood	Brossard office ²	Val-d'Or office
Essakane	Sudbury offices	Ouagadougou offices
	Timmins office	Corporate and investment activities

IAMGOLD's advanced exploration activities in Burkina Faso, Ontario, Quebec and Peru were considered but their Scope 3 emissions were deemed immaterial apart from Category 3: Fuel-and energy-related activities not included in Scope 1 or Scope 2. Refer to the materiality table for a full list of Scope 3 categories.

MATERIALITY

In assessing materiality, IAMGOLD applied a threshold of +/-5%, in accordance with the GHG Protocol.

Of the 15 categories included in the GHG Protocol, 11 of the 15 categories were assessed to be material.

Scope 3 Category	Materiality, Included/Excluded	Primary Methodology
Category 1: Purchased Goods and Services	Material, Included	Spend-based Method
Category 2: Capital Goods	Material, Included	Spend-based Method
Category 3: Fuel- and Energy-Related Activities Not Included in Scope 1 or Scope 2	Material, Included	Industry Average Mass and Energy Consumption-based Method
Category 4: Upstream Transportation and Distribution	Material, Included	Spend-based Method
Category 5: Waste Generated in Operations	Material, Included	Industry Average Mass-based Method
Category 6: Business Travel	Material, Included	Spend-based Method, Industry Average Distance-based Method and Supplier Specific Methods
Category 7: Employee Commuting	Material, Included	Spend-based Method and Industry Average Distance-based Method
Category 8: Upstream Leased Assets	Material, Included	Industry Average Floor Area and Energy Consumption-based Method and Supplier Specific Methods
Category 9: Downstream Transportation and Distribution	Material, Included	Industry Average Distance and Mass-based Method
Category 10: Processing of Sold Products	Material, Included	Industry Average Mass-based Method
Category 11: Use of Sold Products	Not Applicable, Excluded	Not Applicable
Category 12: End-of-Life Treatment of Sold Products	Immaterial, Excluded	Not Applicable
Category 13: Downstream Leased Assets	Not Applicable, Excluded	Not Applicable
Category 14: Franchises	Not Applicable, Excluded	Not Applicable
Category 15: Investments	Material, Included	Industry Average Mass-based Method

¹ Côté Gold was under construction in 2023 and entered production in 2024.

² The Brossard office was officially closed in 2025.

Scope 3 Emissions (Continued)

METHODOLOGY

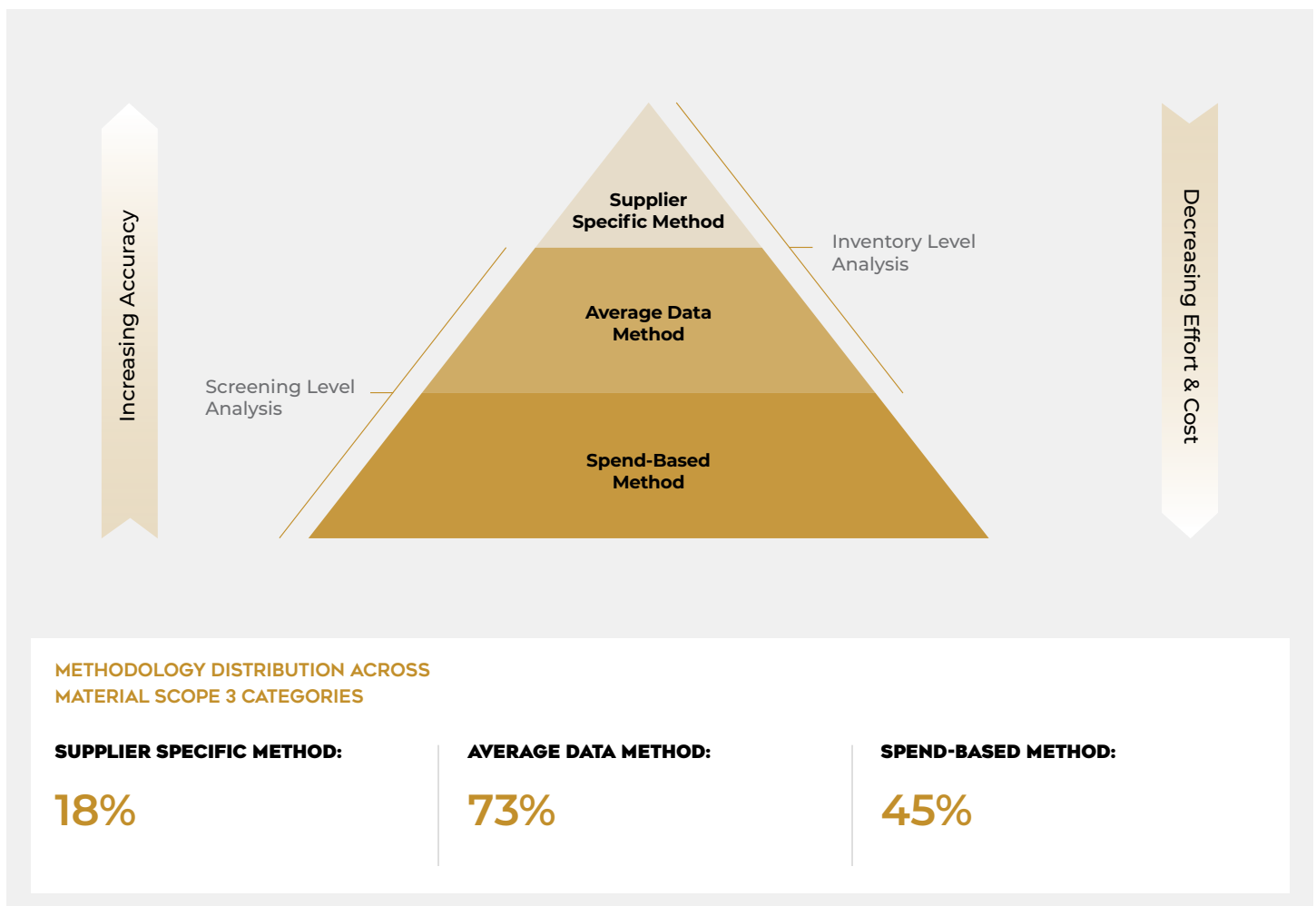
Calculation methods for Scope 3 analysis are categorized into three primary methods:

- **Supplier Specific Method:** Uses primary data such as physical metric data with cradle-to-gate emission factors from suppliers to calculate Scope 3 emissions. This method uses primary data and is considered to be the most accurate.
- **Average Data Method:** Uses physical metric data and industry average emission factors. This method leverages both cradle-to-gate and use phase emission factors and predominantly relies on secondary data.
- **Spend-Based Method:** Estimates Scope 3 emissions by applying spend-based emission factors to economic data for purchased goods and services. This method relies on secondary data and is typically used for initial screenings or when other data sources are unavailable.

For this screening, we employed a combination of these three methods based on available data; however, the majority of this screening was based on average data and spend-based methods. This is the most common practice for initial Scope 3 assessments and in the mining industry, due to the complexity of source data and the lack of available supplier emissions data for supplier specific methods. However, the limitations of this approach should be acknowledged, as it results in less accurate data. As part of continual improvement, we aim to refine our methodologies to enhance the accuracy and precision of our emissions inventory for the future, where possible.

To calculate emissions, several sources were utilized to obtain emission factors, primarily:

- [US Environmental Protection Agency's \(EPA\) Supply Chain Greenhouse Gas Emission Factors for US Industries and Commodities v1.3](#)
- [Department for Environment Food & Rural Affairs' \(DEFRA\) UK Government Conversion Factors for Greenhouse Gas Reporting](#)



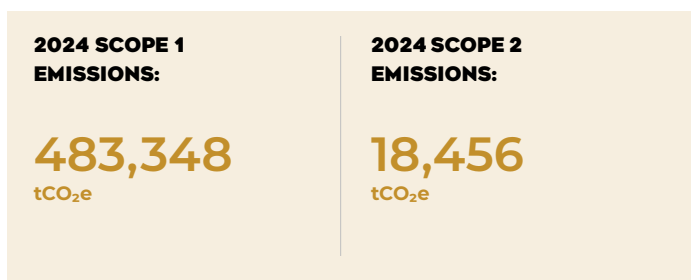
Scope 3 Emissions (Continued)

SUMMARY OF SCOPE 3 EMISSIONS

In 2024, IAMGOLD's Scope 3 emissions were estimated to be approximately 245,000 tCO₂e, representing a 55% reduction compared to the approximate 548,000 tCO₂e in 2023. The reduction to the inventory was driven primarily by the following factors, listed in order of significance:

- **Côté Gold's transition from construction to production:** With Côté Gold entering production in 2024, the site shifted from construction-related activities, reducing Category 1: Purchased goods and services and Category 2: Capital goods, to operational activities.
- **Removal of Scopes 1 & 2 from Scope 3 counting:** In 2024, emissions from Category 1: Purchased goods and services decreased due to a methodology change that excluded on-site contractor emissions that were previously counted in 2023. These contractors were excluded because IAMGOLD already accounts for their fuel and electricity use in Scope 1 and 2. Verified contractor spend was removed from purchased goods and services calculations to prevent duplication.
- **Reduced procurement spend:** Significantly lower operational and capital expenditures at Côté Gold and Essakane in 2024 resulted in decreased upstream emissions.
- **Updated EPA spend-based emission factors:** In 2024, emissions from Category 1: Purchased goods and services decreased due to a methodology change involving updates to the US EPA emission factor database. These updates lowered the intensity of several spend-based calculations, resulting in reduced emissions estimates using the spend-based approach.

To further break it down, in 2024, approximately 233,000 tCO₂e of IAMGOLD's Scope 3 emissions were associated with mine site activities, while around 12,000 tCO₂e came from corporate operations. Scope 3 emissions accounted for 33% of IAMGOLD's total emissions across Scopes 1, 2, and 3 in 2024, down from 55% in 2023. This change reflects a reduction in our 2024 Scope 3 emissions inventory alongside an increase in our 2024 Scope 1 and 2 emissions, which was primarily driven by the start of production at Côté Gold. For additional information on our Scope 1 and 2 emissions, please see our [2024 Sustainability Report](#).



Scope 3 Category	Estimated Emissions (tCO ₂ e)	
	2024	2023
Category 1: Purchased Goods and Services	74,677	326,971
Category 2: Capital Goods	15,517	32,329
Category 3: Fuel- and Energy-Related Activities Not Included in Scope 1 or Scope 2	118,896	103,582
Category 4: Upstream Transportation and Distribution	12,247	43,102
Category 5: Waste Generated in Operations	4,166	18,055
Category 6: Business Travel	1,774	3,552
Category 7: Employee Commuting	7,441	3,122
Category 8: Upstream Leased Assets	191	372
Category 9: Downstream Transportation and Distribution	112	89
Category 10: Processing of Sold Products	127	31
Category 11: Use of Sold Products	Not applicable	Immaterial
Category 12: End-of-Life Treatment of Sold Products	Immaterial	Immaterial
Category 13: Downstream Leased Assets	Not applicable	Not applicable
Category 14: Franchises	Not applicable	Not applicable
Category 15: Investments	9,486	16,583
Total	244,635	547,789

Scope 3 Emissions (Continued)

The top five Scope 3 emissions categories for IAMGOLD included:

- Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities not included in Scope 1 or Scope 2;
- Category 1: Purchased goods and services;
- Category 2: Capital goods;
- Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution; and
- Category 15: Investments.

Gold mining companies typically generate lower downstream emissions compared to producers of minerals such as iron ore or zinc, as doré requires less processing and production volumes are much lower. Furthermore, typically there are no emissions produced during the usage of gold.

In 2024, Scope 3 Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related emissions became IAMGOLD's largest Scope 3 category, surpassing Category 1: Purchased goods and services, which was the highest in 2023. This shift reflects methodological improvements as well as changes in operational activity that led to a reduction in emissions from purchased goods and services. Key drivers include increased grid electricity consumption associated with the ramp-up of operations at Côté Gold which contributed to higher

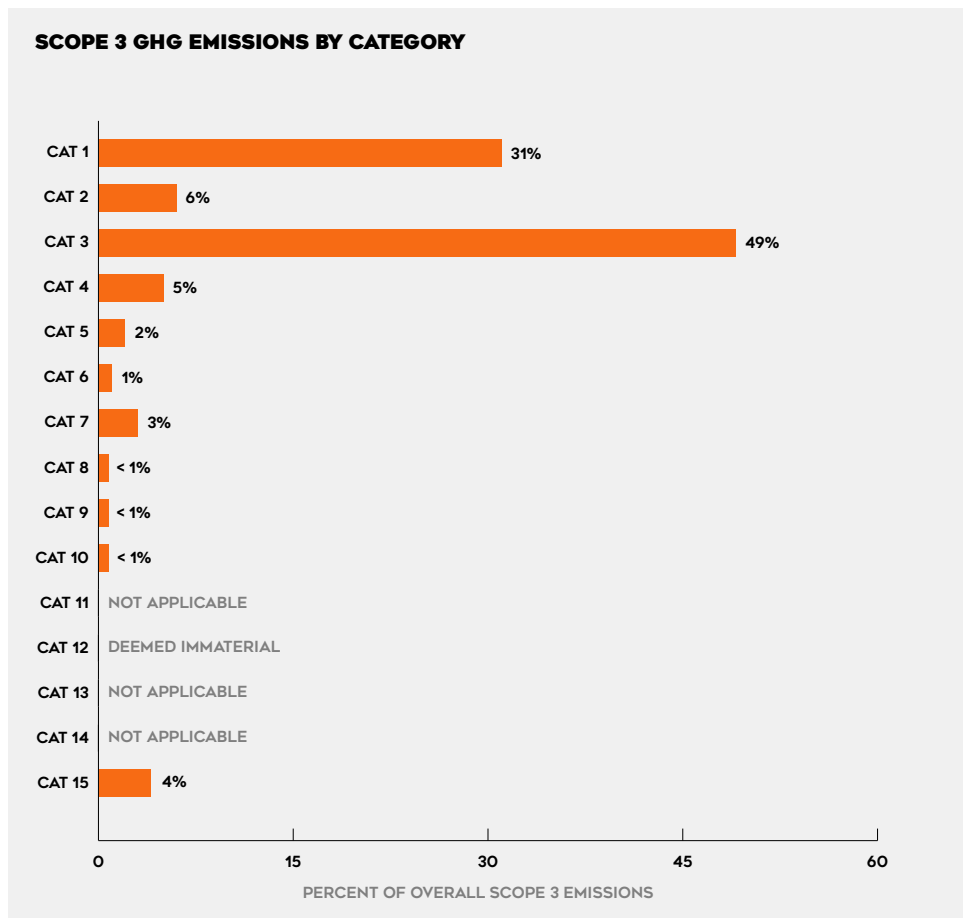
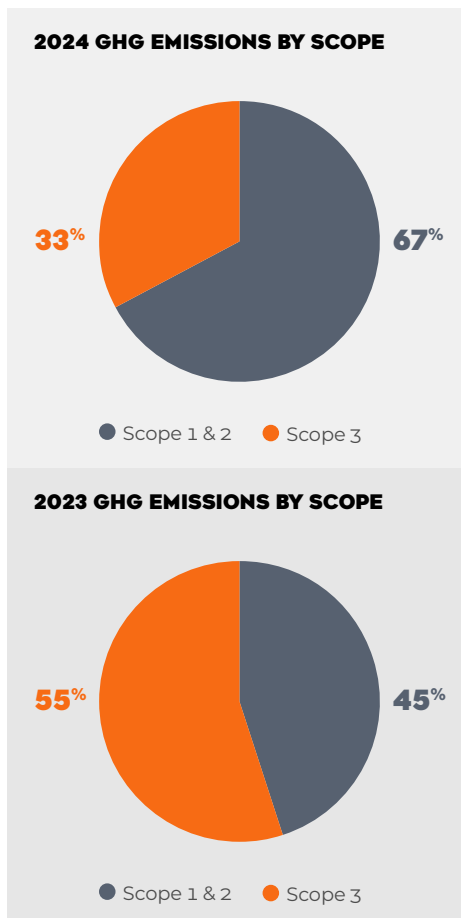
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related emissions, refined inventory boundaries, updated emission factors, and lower overall supplier spend. Meanwhile, emissions from Category 5: Waste generated in operations are no longer among IAMGOLD's top five categories, primarily due to a substantial reduction in reported waste volumes at Côté Gold following its transition from construction to operations.

ASSURANCE

The Company's Scope 3 emissions have not been externally assured. Following the publication of IAMGOLD's 2024 Sustainability Report that was released in May 2025, the Company sought third-party verification with a limited level of assurance under ISO 14064-3 for its Scope 1 and 2 emissions, which was completed in July 2025.

CONTACT US

We welcome feedback on this report. If you have any comments or questions about this report, the contact person is our Senior Director Energy Transition. Please direct your feedback to www.iamgold.com/contact-us.



Cautionary Statement on Forward-looking Information

All information included in this report, including any information as to IAMGOLD's vision, strategy, future financial or operating performance and other statements that express management's expectations or estimates of future performance or impact, including statements in respect of the prospects and/or development of IAMGOLD's project, other than statements of historical facts, constitutes forward-looking information or forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements") and such forward-looking statements are based on expectations, estimates and projections as of the date of this report. Forward-looking statements are generally identifiable by the use of words such as "may", "will", "should", "would", "could", "continue", "expect", "maintain", "budget", "aim", "can", "focus", "forecast", "anticipate", "estimate", "believe", "uphold", "develop", "foster", "intend", "plan", "schedule", "guidance", "outlook", "potential", "seek", "targets", "cover", "strategy", "during", "ongoing", "strive", "subject to", "future", "objectives", "opportunities", "committed", "working to", "aspires", "prospective", "likely", "progress", "sustain", "extend", "pursue", "predict", or "project" or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology.

For example, forward-looking statements in this report include, without limitation, those under the headings "About This Report", "About IAMGOLD", "Scope 3 Emissions", and include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to: sustainability-related targets, climate-related targets, goals, strategies, training, risk-assessments and commitments; external assurance of climate metrics; adoption of proposed regulations and standards; environmental remediation; decarbonization and greenhouse gas targets and initiatives. IAMGOLD cautions the reader that forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by management, are inherently subject to significant business, financial, operational and other risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors, including those described below, which could cause actual results, performance or achievements of IAMGOLD to be materially different from results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and, as such, undue reliance must not be placed on them. Forward-looking statements are also based on numerous material factors and assumptions, including as described in this report, and with respect to (without limitation): IAMGOLD's present and future business strategies; operations performance within expected ranges, including freight spend data, recycling emission factors, anticipated future production and cash flows; local and global economic conditions and the environment in which IAMGOLD will operate in the future and international exchange rates.

Risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements of IAMGOLD to be materially different from results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements include, without limitation: IAMGOLD's business strategies and its ability to execute thereon; development and execution of implementing

strategies to meet the Company's sustainability vision and targets; security risks, including civil unrest, war or terrorism and disruptions to IAMGOLD's supply chain and transit routes as a result of such security risks, particularly in Burkina Faso and the Sahel region surrounding IAMGOLD's Essakane mine; the availability of labour and qualified contractors; the availability of key inputs for IAMGOLD's operations and disruptions in global supply chains; the volatility of IAMGOLD's securities; litigation; contests over title to properties, particularly title to undeveloped properties; mine closure and rehabilitation risks; the lack of availability of insurance covering all of the risks associated with a mining company's operations; unexpected geological conditions; competition and consolidation in the mining sector; the profitability of IAMGOLD being highly dependent on the condition and results of the mining industry as a whole, and the gold mining industry in particular; changes in the global prices for gold, and commodities used in the operation of IAMGOLD's business (including but not limited to diesel, fuel, oil and electricity); legal, litigation, legislative, political or economic risks and new developments in the jurisdictions in which IAMGOLD carries on business, including the imposition of tariffs by the United States on Canadian products; changes in taxes, including mining tax regimes; the failure to obtain in a timely manner from authorities key permits, authorizations or approvals necessary for transactions, exploration, development or operation, operating or technical difficulties in connection with mining or development activities, including geotechnical difficulties and major equipment failure; the availability of capital; the level of liquidity and capital resources; access to capital markets and financing; IAMGOLD's level of indebtedness; IAMGOLD's ability to satisfy covenants under its credit facilities; changes in interest rates; adverse changes in IAMGOLD's credit rating; IAMGOLD's choices in capital allocation; effectiveness of IAMGOLD's ongoing cost containment efforts; IAMGOLD's ability to execute on de-risking activities and measures to improve operations; availability of specific assets to meet contractual obligations; risks related to third-party contractors, including reduced control over aspects of IAMGOLD's operations and/or the failure and/or the effectiveness of contractors to perform; risks arising from holding derivative instruments; changes in U.S. dollar and other currency exchange rates or gold lease rates; capital and currency controls in foreign jurisdictions; assessment of carrying values for IAMGOLD's assets, including the ongoing potential for material impairment and/or write-downs of such assets; the speculative nature of exploration and development, including the risks of diminishing quantities or grades of reserves; the fact that reserves and resources, expected metallurgical recoveries, capital and operating costs are estimates which may require revision; the presence of unfavourable content in ore deposits, including clay and coarse gold; inaccuracies in life of mine plans; failure to meet operational targets; equipment malfunctions; information systems security threats and cybersecurity; laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment (including greenhouse gas emission reduction and other decarbonization requirements; the uncertainty surrounding the interpretation of omnibus Bill C-59 and the related amendments to the *Competition Act* (Canada); employee relations and labour disputes; the maintenance of tailings

Cautionary Statement on Forward-looking Information

(Continued)

storage facilities and the potential for a major spill or failure of the tailings facilities due to uncontrollable events, lack of reliable infrastructure, including access to roads, bridges, power sources and water supplies; physical and regulatory risks related to climate change; unpredictable weather patterns and challenging weather conditions at mine sites; disruptions from weather-related events resulting in limited or no productivity such as forest fires, severe storms, flooding, heavy snowfall, poor air quality, and extreme heat or cold; attraction and retention of key employees and other qualified personnel; availability and increasing costs associated with mining inputs and labour, negotiations with respect to new, reasonable collective labour agreements and/or collective bargaining agreements may not be agreed to; the ability of contractors to timely complete projects on acceptable terms; the relationship with the communities surrounding IAMGOLD's operations and projects; Indigenous rights or claims; illegal mining; the potential direct or indirect operational impacts resulting from external factors, including infectious diseases, pandemics, or other public health emergencies; the completion of transactions with Northern Superior Resources Inc. and Mines d'Or Orbec, including receipt

of the required approvals for the proposed arrangements and the inherent risks involved in the exploration, development and mining business generally. Please see IAMGOLD's Annual Information Form available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca or Form 40-F available on www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml for a comprehensive discussion of the risks faced by IAMGOLD and which may cause actual results, performance or achievements of IAMGOLD to be materially different from results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by forward-looking statements.

Although IAMGOLD has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. IAMGOLD disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required by applicable law.