# Macy's, Inc. Third Quarter 2023 Earnings Presentation 

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## Safe Harbor Statement

All statements in this presentation that are not statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of Macy's management and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this release because of a variety of factors, including Macy's ability to successfully execute against its five growth vectors, including the ability to realize the anticipated benefits associated with the strategy, conditions to, or changes in the timing of proposed real estate and other transactions, prevailing interest rates and non-recurring charges, the effect of potential changes to trade policies, store closings, competitive pressures from specialty stores, general merchandise stores, off-price and discount stores, manufacturers' outlets, the Internet and catalogs and general consumer spending levels, including the impact of the availability and level of consumer debt, possible systems failures and/or security breaches, the potential for the incurrence of charges in connection with the impairment of tangible and intangible assets, including goodwill, Macy's reliance on foreign sources of production, including risks related to the disruption of imports by labor disputes, regional or global health pandemics, and regional political and economic conditions, the effect of weather, inflation, labor shortages, the amount and timing of future dividends and share repurchases, our ability to execute on our strategies and achieve expectations related to environmental, social, and governance matters, and other factors identified in documents filed by the company with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including under the captions "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 28, 2023. Macy's disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

This presentation includes non-GAAP financial measures that exclude the impact of certain financial statement items. Additional important information regarding these non-GAAP financial measures as well as others used in the earnings release can be found on the Investors section of our website and in the appendix of this presentation.
"I'd like to thank our teams for executing well during the quarter. We delivered better-than-expected top and bottom line third quarter results and are entering the holiday period in a healthy inventory position. Our portfolio of nameplates are leading gift-giving destinations across the value spectrum offering exclusive products. We have refined our gift assortment, simplified our promotions and improved our shopping experience. Looking forward we have strong continuity with Tony Spring transitioning to CEO in February and I am confident he and our leadership team will guide Macy's, Inc. to sustainable long-term profitable sales growth in the future."

## 3Q23 Financial Results

In millions, except per share figures and percentages

Net Sales \$4,860
-7.1\% from 3Q22
Net sales were slightly above the high-end of outlook. Digital penetration of net sales was $31 \%$, flat versus 3Q22.

Comparable owned plus licensed $(0+L)$ sales change
$-6.3 \%$
Versus -2.7\% in 3Q22

## Other Revenue

$\$ 178$
$-24.9 \%$ from 3Q22

## Credit Card Revenue Net

\$142
-31.1\% from 3Q22
$2.9 \%$
of net sales
-100 bps from 3Q22

The decline was primarily due to higher bad debt assumptions within the portfolio, as expected. Overall credit card revenues, as well as delinquency rates and bad debt levels within the portfolio were in line with expectations.

Proprietary card penetration rate of $44.2 \%,-30 \mathrm{bps}$ versus 3 Q 22 .
$3.7 \%$
of net sales
-80 bps from 3Q22

## Macy's Media Network Revenue Net <br> 0.7\% of net sales +10 bps from 3Q22

Performance was better than expected driven by increases in sponsored products advertising.

## 3Q23 Financial Results (continued) <br> In millions, except per share figures and percentages

| Gross Margin (GM) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1,958$ | $40.3 \%$ |
| $-3.4 \%$ from 3Q22 | of net sales <br> +160 bps from 3Q22 |

## Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation \& Amortization (EBITDA)

## \$312

-20.4\% from 3Q22
6.2\%
of total revenue -100 bps from 3Q22

Diluted
Earnings Per Share (EPS)
$\$ 0.15$
61.5\% from 3Q22

Merchandise margin improved 110 basis points, due to lower permanent markdowns within the Macy's brand, as well as improved freight expense, partially offset by planned changes in Macy's category mix. As disclosed in the second quarter, merchandise margin also reflects the shift in timing of the company's shortage recognition informed by a June physical inventory count in certain categories. ${ }^{2}$

Delivery expense improved 50 bps reflecting improvements in merchandise allocation resulting in reductions in packages per order and distance traveled.

Adjusted EBITDA
\$334
-23.9\% from 3Q22
6.6\%
of total revenue 140 bps from 3Q22

## Adjusted Diluted EPS

\$0.21
-59.6\% from 3Q22

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted diluted EPS benefited from better-than-expected sales, gross margin and SG\&A rates. Adjusted EPS also benefited from improved interest expense and a lower tax rate. The shift in timing of $\$ 10$ million of SG\&A expenses from 3Q23 to 4Q23, combined with lower interest expense and tax rate contributed approximately $\$ 0.10$ to EPS versus prior expectations.
Selling, General $\&$
Administrative Expense (SG\&A)
$\$ 2,040$$\quad 40.5 \%$

| Inventory |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| $-6 \%$ | $-17 \%$ |
| from 3Q22 | from 3Q19 |

Inventory Turnover ${ }^{1}$
+1.1 \%
from 3Q22

SG\&A expense dollars benefited from the company's
End-of-quarter inventories reflect the company's ongoing disciplined inventory management commitment to ongoing expense discipline. SG\&A expense dollars were also favorable due to a roughly $\$ 10$ million timing shift of certain previously estimates expenses from 3Q23 to 4Q23.

SG\&A as a percent of total revenue increased as a result of the year-over-year decline in sales
year-over-year decline in sales.

## Capital Allocation Highlights

Year-to-date free cash flow outflow of \$555M

- Cash flow from operating activities of $\$ 158 \mathrm{M}$
- Capital expenditures of $\$ 749 \mathrm{M}$
- Primarily focused on digital \& technology investments, data \& analytics, supply chain modernization and omni-channel capabilities

Year-to-date dividend payments of \$135M

Year-to-date stock buybacks under open-ended share repurchase authorization of \$25M


## Five Growth Vectors

## Macy's Private Brand Reimagination

Designed to drive customer loyalty, be a differentiator for the business, complement national brands matrix and benefit gross margin.

- Pleased with performance of both I.N.C. and On 34th.
- In September 2023, Macy's rolled out the next phase of I.N.C.'s reimagination, further elevating the design strategy and fashion offering
- Taking learnings from On 34th and I.N.C. to fuel Macy's comprehensive private brand strategy.


## Small-Format Off-Mall Locations

Play an integral role in supporting omnichannel ecosystem.

- Portfolio of small-format stores continues to generate year-over-year comparable owned plus licensed sales growth
- Today, there is a total of 15 small format locations, 12 Macy's and 3 Bloomie's. In 3Q23, opened small-format Macy's in Las Vegas, Chicagoland and Boston, and in November opened a small-format Macy's in San Diego and a Bloomie's in Seattle.
- As announced in October, Macy's, Inc. expects to open up to 30 additional small-format Macy's locations through Fall 2025 and is committed to expanding Bloomie's as well.


## Digital Marketplace

Extending Macy's and Bloomingdale's category offerings with no inventory risk to deliver the best experience for customers and sellers.

- Macy's digital marketplace continues to scale, with over 1,500 brands on the platform at the end of 3 Q 23 and gross merchandise value growth of $\sim 22 \%$ on a consecutive quarterly basis.
- Bloomingdale's launched its marketplace in July 2023, with 55 curated brands available at the end of 3 Q 23 .
- Across both marketplaces, experiencing healthy cross-shopping, which results in higher average order value and increased units per order.


## Luxury

Attracting and retaining luxury customer at Bloomingdale's, Bluemercury, and high-end beauty customer at Macy's

- View Bloomingdale's as a winning option for multi-branded, upscale retail; Bluemercury as the premium skincare authority with a leading assortment of cutting-edge dermatological products and services; and Macy's Beauty as an accessible luxury beauty destination with the power to scale elevated brands.


## Personalized Offers and Communications

Opportunity to build loyalty, grow customer lifetime value and protect margins by creating tailored and intimate customer experiences.

- Team has been testing and learning throughout the year, including the recent launch of several new multi-touchpoint journeys.
- The company is seeing positive signals and is excited to move from testing to scaling in 2024.



## $\wedge$ คのCV ${ }^{\star}{ }^{3 Q 23}$ Highlights

## Customer Highlights ${ }^{1}$

# $\sim 41.3 \mathrm{M} \sim 30.0 \mathrm{M}$ 

active customers ${ }^{1}$
Star Rewards active member accounts ${ }^{1}$

Women's Career Sportswear

Men's Tailored Apparel
~72\%
of Macy's comp O+L sales were made up by Star Rewards members

## Digital Performance

415M digital visits, down $5 \%$ versus 3 Q22 ${ }^{3}$
Conversion rate of $3.97 \%$, down $\sim 10$ bps versus 3 Q22 ${ }^{3}$
1.4M customers downloaded the Macy's app
t macẏs backstage
Store-within-store comparable $O+L$ sales performed better than full-line locations in which they operate by 720 bps.

Visitors who cross-shopped both the full-line and respective store-within-store location accounted for 33\% of the locations' customers ${ }^{2}$.


## blømingdale's 3223 Highights

Net Sales
-2.6\%

Versus 3Q22

## Comparable O+L Sales Top Categories



Versus 3Q22
Customer Highlights ${ }^{1}$

## $\sim 4.0 \mathrm{M} \quad \sim 2.6 \mathrm{M}$

active customers ${ }^{1}$
Loyallist active member accounts ${ }^{1}$
~84\%
of total Bloomingdale's $O+L$ sales were made up by Loyallist members

## Additional Highlights

Added several exciting new brands including Veronica Beard, Hatch and Alex Mill and launching an Aqua collaboration with Kerri Rosenthal in honor of Breast Cancer Awareness Month.

Embracing retail as theater through "Best Holiday Ever" campaign featuring engaging in-store and digital activations.

## blomingdalers

Outperformed full-line Bloomingdale's stores by approximately 860 bps


## bluemercury ${ }^{\circ}$ 3a23 Highlights

Net Sales
Versus 3Q22
Comparable Sales
$+2.5 \%$
Versus 3Q22

Top Categories
Skincare
Color

## Customer Highlights ${ }^{1}$

~683k
~995k
Loyalty member accounts ${ }^{2}$
~86\%
of total Bluemercury sales were made up by loyalty customers

## Additional Highlights

Realized 11th consecutive quarter of comparable sales growth.
Feedback has been positive on Cerulean 6, Bluemercury's recently launched proprietary bath and body brand.

Bluemercury unveiled a redesigned luxury store and spa experience in New Canaan, Connecticut, which will serve as a prototype for future locations



## FY23 Guidance (on a 53-week basis unless otherwise noted)

|  | FY23 Guidance (as of 11/16/2023) | FY23 Guidance (as of 8/22/2023) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | \$22.9 billion to \$23.2 billion | \$22.8 billion to \$23.2 billion |
| Comparable Owned + Licensed sales (on a 52-week basis) | Approximately down 7\% to down 6\% from 2022 | Approximately down 7.5\% to down 6\% from 2022 |
| Digital sales | Approximately one-third of net sales | Approximately one-third of net sales |
| Other revenues | Approximately $3.2 \%$ of net sales (credit card revenues accounting for approximately $81 \%$ of other revenues) | Approximately $3.2 \%$ of net sales (credit card revenues accounting for approximately $80 \%-81 \%$ of other revenues) |
| Gross margin rate | Approximately $38.4 \%$ to $38.5 \%$ | Approximately $38.3 \%$ to $38.6 \%$ |
| SG\&A expense rate | Approximately $35.2 \%$ to $35.5 \%$ of total revenue Approximately $36.4 \%$ to $36.6 \%$ of net sales | Approximately $35.2 \%$ to $35.6 \%$ of total revenue Approximately $36.4 \%$ to $36.7 \%$ of net sales |
| Asset sale gains | Approximately $\$ 45$ million | Approximately $\$ 50$ million |
| Benefit plan income | Approximately \$11 million | Approximately \$13 million |
| Depreciation and amortization | Approximately $\$ 895$ million | Approximately $\$ 900$ million |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin | Approximately $8.9 \%$ to $9.1 \%$ of total revenue Approximately $9.1 \%$ to $9.4 \%$ of net sales | Approximately $8.7 \%$ to $9.4 \%$ of total revenue Approximately $9.0 \%$ to $9.7 \%$ of net sales |
| Interest expense, net | Approximately $\$ 140$ million | Approximately $\$ 160$ million |
| Adjusted tax rate | Approximately 24.5\% | Approximately $24.5 \%$ |
| Diluted shares outstanding * | Approximately 278 million | Approximately 279 million |
| Adjusted diluted EPS* | \$2.88 to \$3.13 | \$2.70 to \$3.20 |
| Capital expenditures | Approximately $\$ 950$ million | Approximately $\$ 950$ million |

 consumers, and provides flexibility to respond to intra-quarter demand trends.
 build as the year progresses.

- The annual shortage assumption has not materially changed from the prior outlook and remains elevated compared to recent historical levels.
- FY23 outlook does not include any potential impact from the CFPB proposed ruling.


## 4Q23 Guidance

## 4Q23 Guidance (as of 11/16/2023) Reflects a 14 week period <br> $\$ 7.95$ billion to $\$ 8.25$ billion <br> At least 220 basis points better than 4Q22 $\$ 1.85$ to $\$ 2.10$ Adjusted diluted EPS* <br> Inventories Roughly flat relative to last year on a percentage basis and down approximately $18 \%$ to 2019

- 4Q23 gross margin is lapping elevated promotions and markdowns in 4Q22, as the company took actions to respond to the heightened competitive environment. The company's gross margin outlook gives the latitude to respond to changes in the promotional landscape.
- 4Q23 adjusted diluted EPS takes into account the previously discussed $\$ 10$ million shift in timing of certain SG\&A expenses from 3Q23 into 4Q23 as well as an incremental $\$ 15$ million of combined investments in marketing and the company's growth vectors. Together, these items are anticipated to impact 4Q23 adjusted diluted EPS by $\$ 0.07$.
- 4Q23 inventories reflect a higher penetration of transitional and seasonal merchandise relative to last year and a build in Macy's reimagined private brand portfolio.
- Expect to announce less than 10 locations for closure in early 2024.



## Store Count - As of October 28, 2023

|  | End of 3Q23 |  | Change in Locations from FY22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Boxes | Locations |  |
| Macy's Department Stores | 494 | 440 | -1 |
| Macy's Small Format | 11 | 11 | 3 |
| Macy's Furniture | 51 | 46 | - |
| Macy's Furniture Clearance | 1 | 1 | - |
| Freestanding Backstage | 9 | 9 | - |
| Stores converted to Fullfilment Centers | 2 | 2 | - |
| Total Macy's | 568 | 509 | 2 |
| Bloomingdale's Department Stores | 34 | 32 | - |
| Bloomies | 2 | 2 | - |
| Bloomingdale's Furniture/Other | 1 | 1 | - |
| Bloomingdale's The Outlet | 21 | 21 | 1 |
| Total Bloomingdale's | 58 | 56 | 1 |
| Bluemercury | 158 | 158 | -2 |
| Total Macy's, Inc. | 784 | 723 | 1 |

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## Remaining Long-term Debt Maturities, as of October 28, 2023




## Reconciliation of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The company reports its financial results in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, management believes that certain nonGAAP financial measures provide users of the company's financial information with additional useful information in evaluating operating performance. Management believes that providing supplemental changes in comparable sales on an owned-plus-licensed basis, which includes adjusting for the impact of comparable sales of departments licensed to third parties, assists in evaluating the company's ability to generate sales growth, whether through owned businesses or departments licensed to third parties, and in evaluating the impact of changes in the manner in which certain departments are operated. Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) is a non-GAAP financial measure which the company believes provides meaningful information about its operational efficiency by excluding the impact of changes in tax law and structure, debt levels and capital investment. In addition, management believes that excluding certain items from EBITDA, net income and diluted earnings per share that are not associated with the company's core operations and that may vary substantially in frequency and magnitude from period-to-period provides useful supplemental measures that assist in evaluating the company's ability to generate earnings and to more readily compare these metrics between past and future periods.

The company does not provide reconciliations of the forward-looking non-GAAP measures of comparable owned plus licensed sales change and adjusted diluted earnings per share to the most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP measures because the timing and amount of excluded items are unreasonably difficult to fully and accurately estimate. For the same reasons, the company is unable to address the probable significance of the unavailable information, which could be material to future results. See Important Information Regarding Financial Measures.

Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed as supplementing, and not as an alternative or substitute for, the company's financial results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Certain of the items that may be excluded or included in non-GAAP financial measures may be significant items that could impact the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows and should therefore be considered in assessing the company's actual and future financial condition and performance. Additionally, the amounts received by the company on account of sales of departments licensed to third parties are limited to commissions received on such sales. The methods used by the company to calculate its non-GAAP financial measures may differ significantly from methods used by other companies to compute similar measures. As a result, any non-GAAP financial measures presented herein may not be comparable to similar measures provided by other companies.

## Changes in Comparable Sales - Macy's, Inc.

| Macy's, Inc. | Versus 13 weeks ended <br> October 29, 2022 | Versus 13 weeks ended <br> October 30, 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Decrease in comparable sales on an owned basis (Note 1) | $(7.0 \%)$ | $(3.1 \%)$ |
| Impact of departments licensed to third parties (Note 2) | $0.7 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ |
| Decrease in comparable sales on an owned plus licensed basis | $(6.3 \%)$ | $(2.7 \%)$ |

## Notes:

1. Represents the period-to-period percentage change in net sales from stores in operation for one full fiscal year for the 13 and 39 weeks ended October 28 , 2023 and October 29, 2022, as well as the period-to-period percentage change in net sales from stores in operation for one full fiscal year for the 13 and 39 weeks ended October 29, 2022 and October 30, 2021. Such calculation includes all digital sales and excludes commissions from departments licensed to third parties. Stores impacted by a natural disaster or undergoing significant expansion or shrinkage remain in the comparable sales calculation unless the store, or material portion of the store, is closed for a significant period of time. Definitions and calculations of comparable sales may differ among companies in the retail industry.
2. Represents the impact of including the sales of departments licensed to third parties occurring in stores in operation throughout the year presented and the immediately preceding year and all online sales, including Marketplace sales, in the calculation of comparable sales. Macy's and Bloomingdale's license third parties to operate certain departments in their stores and online, including Macy's and Bloomingdale's digital Marketplace, and receive commissions from these third parties based on a percentage of their net sales, while Bluemercury does not participate in licensed or Marketplace businesses. In its financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, the company includes these commissions (rather than sales of the departments licensed to third parties and Marketplace) in its net sales. The company does not, however, include any amounts in respect of licensed department or Marketplace sales (or any commissions earned on such sales) in its comparable sales in accordance with GAAP (i.e., on an owned basis). The amounts of commissions earned on sales of departments licensed to third parties and from the digital Marketplace are not material to its net sales for the periods presented.

## Changes in Comparable Sales- Macy's and Bloomingdale's brands



## Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization Excluding Certain Items

| Millions, except percentages | 13 weeks ended October 28, 2023 | 13 weeks ended October 29, 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Most comparable GAAP measure: |  |  |
| Net income | \$43 | \$108 |
| Total revenue | \$5,038 | \$5,467 |
| Net income as a percent to total revenue | 0.9\% | 2.0\% |
| Non-GAAP measure: |  |  |
| Net income | \$43 | \$108 |
| Interest expense, net | 35 | 42 |
| Federal, state and local income tax expense | 3 | 17 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 231 | 225 |
| Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization | \$312 | \$392 |
| Impairment, restructuring and other costs | 15 | 15 |
| Settlement charges | 7 | 32 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$334 | \$439 |
| Adjusted EBITDA as a percent to total revenue | 6.6\% | 8.0\% |

## Net Income, Excluding Certain Items

| Millions | 13 weeks ended October 28, 2023 | 13 weeks ended October 29, 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Most comparable GAAP measure: |  |  |
| Net income | \$43 | \$108 |
| Non-GAAP measure: |  |  |
| Net income | \$43 | \$108 |
| Impairment, restructuring and other costs | 15 | 15 |
| Settlement charges | 7 | 32 |
| Income tax impact of certain items identified above | (6) | (12) |
| As adjusted to exclude certain items above | \$59 | \$143 |

## Diluted Earnings Per Share, Excluding Certain Items

|  | 13 weeks ended October 28, 2023 | 13 weeks ended October 29, 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Most comparable GAAP measure: |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.15 | \$0.39 |
| Non-GAAP measure: |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$0.15 | \$0.39 |
| Impairment, restructuring and other costs | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| Settlement charges | 0.03 | 0.12 |
| Income tax impact of certain items identified above | (0.02) | (0.04) |
| As adjusted to exclude certain items above | \$0.21 | \$0.52 |

## Free Cash Flow

| Millions | 39 weeks ended <br> October 28, 2023 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$158 |
| Purchase of property and equipment | $(485)$ |
| Capitalized software | $(264)$ |
| Disposition of property and equipment | 36 |
| Free Cash Flow | (5) |


[^0]:    Notes:

    1. Using store locations combines multi-box stores into a single location provides a more accurate count of the store fleet
    2. Excluded in the count above is 310 Macy's Store Within Store Backstage locations located within Macy's stores
