# TANGGOULD CORPORATION

## Q2 2023 Operating & Financial Results August 11, 2023

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TSX: IMG I NYSE: IAG I www.iamgold.com

## **Cautionary Statement**

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

All information included in this presentation, including any information as to the Company's future financial or operating performance and other statements that express management's expectations or estimates of future performance, including statements in respect of the prospects and/or development of the Company's projects, other than statements of historical fact, constitutes forward-looking statements are generally identifiable by the use of words such as "may", "will", "should", "cenre, "focuse," "forcus," "forcus,", "f

The Company cautions the reader that forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by management, are inherently subject to significant business, financial, operational and other risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors, including those described below, which could cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and, as such, undue reliance must not be placed on them. Forward-looking statements are also based on numerous material factors and assumptions, including with respect to: the Company's present and future business strategies; operations performance within expected ranges; anticipated future production and cash flows; local and global economic conditions and the environment in which the Company will operate in the future; the price of precious metals, other minerals and key commodities; projected mineral grades; international exchanges rates; anticipated capital and operating costs; the availability and timing of required governmental and other approvals for the Company's projects.

Risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements include, without limitation: the ability of the Company to successfully complete the construction of Côté Gold and commence commercial production from the mine: the ability of the Company to complete the sales of the remaining Bambouk assets: the Company's business strategies and its ability to execute thereon: security risks, including civil unrest, war or terrorism and disruptions to the Company's supply chain as a result of such security risks, particularly in Burkina Faso and the Sahel region surrounding the Company's Essakane mine; the ongoing impacts of COVID-19 (and its variants) on the Company and its workforce: the availability of labour and gualified contractors: the availability of key inputs for the Company's operations and disruptions in global supply chains: the volatility of the Company's securities: litigation: contests over title to properties, particularly title to undeveloped properties; mine closure and rehabilitation risks; management of certain of the Company's assets by other companies or joint venture partners; the lack of availability of insurance covering all of the risks associated with a mining company's operations; unexpected geological conditions; competition and consolidation in the mining sector; the profitability of the Company being highly dependent on the condition and results of the mining industry as a whole, and the gold mining industry in particular; changes in the global prices for gold, and commodities used in the operation of the Company's business (such as diesel and electricity): legal, litigation, legislative, political or economic risks and new developments in the jurisdictions in which the Company carries on business; changes in taxes, including mining tax regimes; the failure to obtain in a timely manner from authorities key permits, authorizations or approvals necessary for exploration, development or operation or technical difficulties in connection with mining or development activities, including geotechnical difficulties and major equipment failure; the inability of the Company to participate in any gold price increase above the cap in any collar transaction entered into in conjunction with certain gold sale prepayment arrangements; the availability of capital; the level of liquidity and capital resources; access to capital markets and financing; the Company's level of indebtedness; the Company's ability to satisfy covenants under its credit facilities; changes in interest rates; adverse changes in the Company's credit rating; the Company's choices in capital allocation; effectiveness of the Company's ongoing cost containment efforts; the Company's ability to execute on de-risking activities and measures to improve operations; availability of specific assets to meet contractual obligations; risks related to third-party contractors, including reduced control over aspects of the Company's operations and/or the effectiveness of contractors to perform; risks arising from holding derivative instruments; changes in U.S. dollar and other currency exchange rates or gold lease rates; capital and currency controls in foreign jurisdictions; assessment of carrying values for the Company's assets, including the ongoing potential for material impairment and/or write-downs of such assets; the speculative nature of exploration and development, including the risks of diminishing quantities or grades of reserves; the fact that reserves and resources, expected metallurgical recoveries, capital and operating costs are estimates which may require revision; the presence of unfavourable content in ore deposits, including clay and coarse gold; inaccuracies in life of mine plans; failure to meet operational targets; equipment malfunctions; information systems security threats and cybersecurity; laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment; employee relations and labour disputes; the maintenance of tailings storage facilities and the potential for a major spill or failure of the tailings facilities due to uncontrollable events, lack of reliable infrastructure, including access to roads, bridges, power sources and water supplies; physical and regulatory risks related to climate change; unpredictable weather patterns and challenging weather conditions at mine sites; disruptions from weather related events resulting in limited or no productivity such as forest fires. flooding, heavy snowfall, poor air guality, and extreme heat or cold; attraction and retention of key employees and other gualified personnel; availability and increasing costs associated with mining inputs and labour, negotiations with respect to new, reasonable collective labour agreements may not be agreed to; the ability of contractors to timely complete projects on acceptable terms; the relationship with the communities surrounding the Company's operations and projects; indigenous rights or claims; illegal mining; the potential direct or indirect operational impacts resulting from external factors, including infectious diseases, pandemics, or other public health emergencies; and the inherent risks involved in the exploration, development and mining business generally. Please see the Company's AIF or Form 40-F available on www.sedar.com or www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml for a comprehensive discussion of the risks faced by the Company and which may cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by forward-looking statements.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required by applicable law.

## **Technical Information and Qualified Persons**

#### CAUTIONARY NOTE TO U.S. INVESTORS REGARDING DISCLOSURE OF MINERAL RESERVE AND MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATES

The mineral resource and reserve estimates contained in this presentation have been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM") – CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the "CIM Standards"). These standards are similar to those used by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") Industry Guide No. 7, as interpreted by SEC staff ("Industry Guide 7"). However, the definitions in NI 43-101 and the CIM Standards differ in certain respects from those under Industry Guide 7. Accordingly, mineral resource and reserve information contained in this presentation may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by United States companies. Under Industry Guide 7, mineralization may not be classified as a "reserve" unless the determination has been made that the mineralization could be economically and legally produced or extracted at the time the reserve determination is made.

As a result of the adoption of amendments to the SEC's disclosure rules (the "SEC Modernization Rules"), which more closely align its disclosure requirements and policies for mining properties with current industry and global regulatory practices and standards, including NI 43-101 and the CIM Standards, and which became effective on February 25, 2019, the SEC now recognizes estimates of "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources". In addition, the SEC has amended definitions of "proven mineral reserves" and "probable mineral reserves" in its amended rules, with definitions that are substantially similar to those used in NI 43-101 and the CIM Standards. Issuers must begin to comply with the SEC Modernization Rules in their first fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, though Canadian issuers that report in the United States using the Multijurisdictional Disclosure System ("MJDS") may still use NI 43-101 rather than the SEC Modernization Rules when using the SEC's MJDS registration statement and annual report forms.

United States investors are cautioned that while the SEC now recognizes "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources" under the SEC Modernization Rules, investors should not assume that any part or all of the mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into a higher category of mineral resources or into mineral resources. These terms have a great amount of uncertainty as to their economic and legal feasibility. Under Canadian regulations, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in limited circumstances.

Investors are cautioned not to assume that any "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources", or "inferred mineral resources" that the Company reports in this presentation are or will be economically or legally mineable. Further, "inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that any part or all of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category.

#### QUALIFIED PERSON AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The technical and scientific information relating to exploration activities disclosed in this document was prepared under the supervision of and verified and reviewed by Craig MacDougall, P.Geo., Executive Vice President, Growth, IAMGOLD. Mr. MacDougall is a "qualified person" (a "QP") as defined by National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101").

Data verification involves data input and review by senior project geologists at site, scheduled weekly and monthly reporting to senior exploration management and the completion of project site visits by senior exploration management to review the status of ongoing project activities and data underlying reported results. All drilling results for exploration projects or supporting resource and reserve estimates referenced in this presentation have been previously reported in news release disclosures either by the Company or the project operator as the case may be (see referenced news releases) and have been prepared in accordance with NI 43-101. The sampling and assay data from drilling programs are monitored through the implementation of a quality assurance - quality control (QA-QC) program designed to follow industry best practice. Drill core (HQ and NQ size) samples are selected by the project geologists and sawn in half with a diamond saw at the project site. Half of the core is typically retained at the site for reference purposes. Generally, sample intervals are 1.0 to 1.5 metres in length and reverse circulation holes are sampled at 1.0 metre intervals are the drill rig. Samples are prepared and analyzed at site for the Company's producing mines and at accredited regional laboratories for the Company's exploration projects, using analysis techniques such as standard fire assay with a 50 gram charge; fire assay with a 50 gram charge.

Lisa Ragsdale, P.Geo (Director, Mining Geology, IAMGOLD Corporation), is the QP responsible for the review and approval of all mineral resource estimates contained herein, as at December 31, 2022. Guy Bourque, Eng. (Director, Mining, IAMGOLD Corporation), is the QP responsible for the review and approval of all mineral resource estimates contained herein, as at December 31, 2022.

The technical information has been included herein with the consent and prior review of the above noted QPs, who have verified the data disclosed, and data underlying the information or opinions contained herein.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures, including average realized gold price per ounce sold, cash costs, cash costs per ounce sold, AISC, AISC per ounce sold, net cash from operating activities before changes in working capital, mine-site free cash flow, liquidity, net cash (debt), EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted net earnings (loss) attributable to equity holders and adjusted net earnings (loss) per share attributable to equity holders, sustaining capital expenditures, expansion capital expenditures, and project expenditures. The non-GAAP financial measures disclosures included in the Company's Q2 2023 MD&A are incorporated by reference in this presentation.

Further details on these non-GAAP financial measures are included on pages 31 to 37 of the Company's Q2 2023 MD&A filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov.

## Highlights

## **CORPORATE & STRATEGIC**

Cash + cash equivalents (as at June 30, 2023) of \$747.7 million<sup>1,2</sup> and available liquidity<sup>1</sup> of \$1.2 billion

- Completed sale of Boto Gold Project and exploration properties in Senegal for gross cash proceeds of \$197.6 million<sup>3</sup>
- Announced \$400 million second lien secured term loan to improve financial flexibility and liquidity

Côté Gold financed through construction, commissioning and ramp up

Sumitomo Metal Mining Co. Ltd. contributed final funding agreement<sup>4</sup> payments for a total of \$250 million

## **OPERATIONS & PROJECTS**

Attributable gold production in Q2 of 107,000 oz

Cost of sales of \$1,376/oz sold, cash costs<sup>1</sup> of \$1,372/oz sold, AISC<sup>1</sup> of \$1,912/oz sold

Focus on safety: Côté Gold TRIFR (total recordable injury frequency rate) of 0.68, total project hours of 11.5 million hours to date

Côté Gold project approximately 86% complete, on track for production early next year

Estimated cost to complete Côté @ 100% basis is \$665 to \$735 million with upper-end in line with planned total expenditure of \$2.965 billion

• IAMGOLD estimated remaining funding requirement of \$425 - \$475 million (adj. for 60.3% interest, leases and working capital adjustments)

## IAMGOLD

This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section on slide #3.
At June 30, 2023, \$747.7 million in cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash of \$58.9 million related to closure obligations at Essakane, Doyon division and Côté Gold
Remaining Bambouk assets to close in Q4 2023. Refer to news releases dated December 20, 2022 and April 26, 2023.
Refer to news release dated December 19, 2022

## Q2 2023 Highlights

#### PRODUCTION

Gold production (attr., cont. ops.) of 107,000 ounces in Q2 | 220,000 ounces YTD

- Essakane resumed mining and milling at full capacity with operations moving into a new phase of the pit
- Westwood saw higher grades from underground helping to mitigate operational impacts from poor air quality from wildfire smoke in the region

Production guidance of 410,000 – 470,000 ounces reaffirmed

#### **OPERATING COSTS**

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Cost of sales<sup>1</sup> of \$1,376/oz sold | \$1,277/oz sold YTD

Cash costs<sup>2</sup> of \$1,372/oz sold | \$1,234/oz sold YTD

AISC<sup>2</sup> of \$1,912/oz sold | \$1,719/oz sold YTD

Costs expected to come in at the top end of the guided ranges: 1,125 - 1,175/0z sold for cash costs<sup>2</sup> and 1,625 - 1,700/0z for AISC<sup>2</sup>

#### **RESPONSIBILITY & ACCOUNTABILITY**

DARTFR (days away, restricted, transferred duty) of 0.39 YTD trending downwards

TRIFR (total recordable injuries) of 0.68 YTD trending downwards

Roadmap for GHG emission reductions at each site being developed towards a corporate roadmap, accompanying targets and the publication of the first TCFD report by Q4 2023

**Ranked AA in the MSCI ESG Ratings** assessment, placing IAMGOLD among the top 15% of precious metals companies

#### **OPERATING RESULTS**

		Q2 2023	Q2 2022	YTD 2023	2023 GUIDANCE
Essakane (90%)	koz	88	107	180	340 – 380
Westwood (100%)	koz	19	14	40	70 – 90
Production - continuing ops (attr.	) koz	107	121	220	410 – 470
Gold sales (attr.)	koz	111	118	220	
Average realized gold price	US\$/oz	\$1,973	\$1,773	\$1,933	
Cost of sales <sup>1</sup> (attr., continuing ops)	US\$/oz	\$1,376	\$1,034	\$1,277	\$1,125 – \$1,175
Cash costs <sup>2</sup> (attr., continuing ops)	US\$/oz	\$1,372	\$1,028	\$1,234	\$1,125 – \$1,175
AISC <sup>2</sup> (attr., continuing ops)	US\$/oz	\$1,912	\$1,485	\$1,719	\$1,625 – \$1,700
Capex <sup>2,3</sup> – sustaining, cont. ops	US\$M	\$46.3	\$39.4	\$81.3	\$230
Capex <sup>2,3</sup> – expansion, cont. ops	US\$M	\$173.5	\$170.8	\$332.6	\$830 – \$880
Mine-site free cash flow	US\$M	\$14.6	\$36.4	\$17.3	





Cost of sales, excluding depreciation, is disclosed in the cost of sales note in the consolidated interim financial statements.
This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on slide #3.
Capital expenditures represent incurred expenditures for property, plant and equipment and exploration and evaluation assets, and exclude right-of-use assets.

## Essakane

#### **Q2 2023 OPERATIONAL REVIEW**

Attributable production of 88,000 ounces in Q2 | 180,000 ounces YTD

**Cash costs**<sup>1</sup> **of \$1,273/oz | \$1,122/oz YTD** – increase due to higher strip ratio as the mine enters new phases, increases to the landed cost of fuel and fuel substitution due to the impact of the security situation on the supply chain, and higher labour costs due to the appreciation in the local currency

#### AISC<sup>1</sup> of \$1,587/oz | \$1,377/oz YTD

Ore mined of 2.7M tonnes & mill throughput of 3.1M tonnes – mining fleet and plant utilization return to full capacity

**Head grades of 1.11 g/t** in line with expectations as mining moves into Phase 5 of the pit and contribution of lower grade material from stockpiles

**Mill recoveries of 89%** due to higher concentrations of graphitic carbon and sulfur in new mining horizon

**Security situation** in Burkina Faso and region continues at elevated risk levels applying pressure to in-country supply chain and operations

### 2023 OUTLOOK

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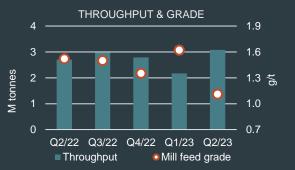
Gold production (attr.) of 340,000 – 380,000 ounces maintained

**Grades expected to remain flat over the course of the year** with modest improvements as mining activities progress into Phase 5 of the pit

**Capital expenditures guidance of \$155 million maintained**, with increased volumes of capitalized waste in the second half of the year to provide access to mining areas in support of the 2024 and 2025 production plan, assuming no significant disruptions in the supply chain resulting from the security situation

(100% basis, unless otherwise stated)		Q2 2023	Q2 2022	YTD 2023
Ore mined	kt	2,697	3,803	4,354
Material mined – total	kt	13,515	11,405	19,800
Strip ratio	w:o	4.0	2.0	3.5
Ore milled	kt	3,084	2,704	5,259
Head grade	g/t	1.11	1.52	1.32
Recovery	%	89%	90%	90%
Production – attributable 90%	koz	88	107	180
Sustaining capital expenditures <sup>1</sup>	\$M	\$29.5	\$31.1	\$46.6
Expansion capital expenditures <sup>1</sup>	\$M	\$0.5	\$0.5	\$1.0
Cash costs <sup>1</sup>	\$/oz	\$1,273	\$836	\$1,122
All-in sustaining costs <sup>1</sup>	\$/oz	\$1,587	\$1,124	\$1,377









#### 1. This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on slide #3.

## Westwood Complex

#### **Q2 2023 OPERATIONAL REVIEW**

Gold production of 19,000 ounces - Limited impact due to wildfire smoke in the region

Underground mining of 56,000 tonnes with head grades of 7.32 g/t

 Highest underground grades since Q1 2018 due to contribution from rehabilitation of accessways and underground stopes

Open pit mining contributed 156,000 tonnes at 1.19 g/t

Mill throughput of 251,000 tonnes at blended head grade of 2.53 g/t

Operating costs include \$2.4M incurred from Fayolle development costs and remain highly sensitive to mine output - unit costs expected to decline as underground production ramps up

· Increase in level of ground support required for development and rehabilitation, though productivity rates also higher than planned

#### **2023 OUTLOOK**

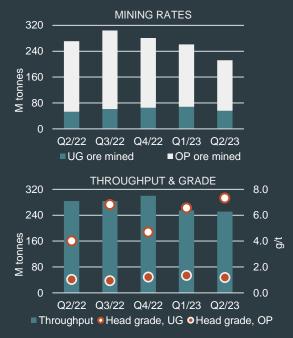
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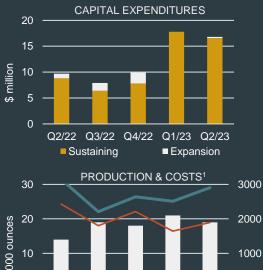
Gold production of 70,000 - 90,000 ounces, with increasing proportion of ore from underground

Includes contribution from satellite Fayolle deposit primarily in H2 2023

Sustaining capital guidance increased to \$80 million in support of increased underground development and rehabilitation work, ongoing renewal of the mobile fleet and fixed equipment, repairs to the Westwood mill, and other capital projects.

(100% basis, unless otherwise stated)		Q2 2023	Q2 2022	YTD 2023
Underground lateral development	metres	1,381	1,207	2,875
Ore mined – underground	kt	56	53	124
Ore mined – other sources	kt	156	218	349
Ore milled	kt	251	284	506
Head grade – underground	g/t	7.32	4.01	6.89
Head grade – other sources	g/t	1.19	1.04	1.27
Head grade – total	g/t	2.53	1.62	2.65
Recovery	%	94%	93%	93%
Production – 100%	oz	19	14	40
Sustaining capital expenditures <sup>1</sup>	\$M	\$16.6	\$8.8	\$34.4
Expansion capital expenditures <sup>1</sup>	\$M	\$0.2	\$0.7	\$0.2
Cash costs <sup>1</sup>	\$/oz	\$1,896	\$2,427	\$1,761
All-in sustaining costs <sup>1</sup>	\$/oz	\$2,903	\$3,147	\$2,689







#### 1. This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on slide #3.

## Westwood Complex

#### **HISTORY**

#### Westwood began production in 2013

- Highest production years to date in 2017 and 2018 with production of 125,000 oz and 129,000 oz, respectively
- In 2020, underground was put on care & maintenance following a seismic event following a COVID-19 shutdown earlier in the year
- Production resumed through processing of stockpile material and Grand Duc satellite open pit ore

### **UNDERGROUND DEVELOPMENT & REHABILITATION**

#### Underground lateral development of 2,875 m YTD 2023

• Securing safe access to multiple ore faces at different levels in the mine, increasing operational flexibility to allow simultaneous exploitation of multiple stope sequences in line with the 2023/2024 production plan

A focus on rehabilitation and ground support over the last 18 months has allowed for increased development rates and access to previously closed stopes

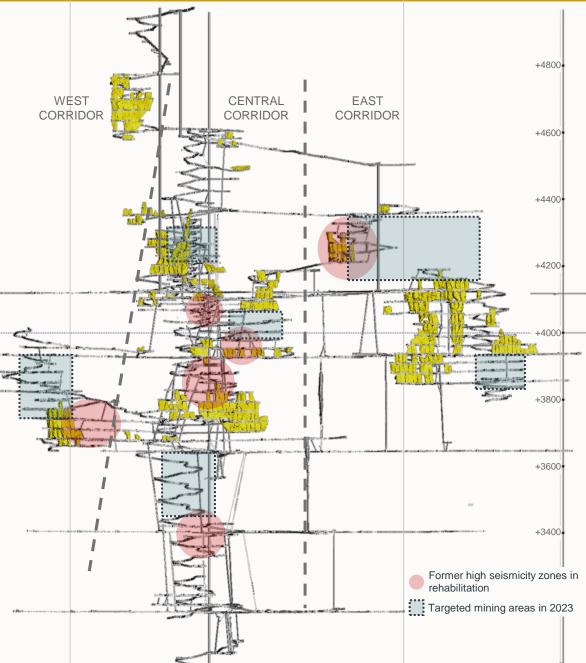
 Potential for reserve increase as access to previously closed stopes allow for reupgrading of resources to reserves

### **REVISED TECHNICAL APPROACH**

#### Comprehensive stress modelling and new seismic monitoring and algorithms

**Updated structural model** with inclusion of additional 5,000 m of geotechnical drilling since 2021, with total Geotech drilling now exceeding 35,000 m capturing east-west structures

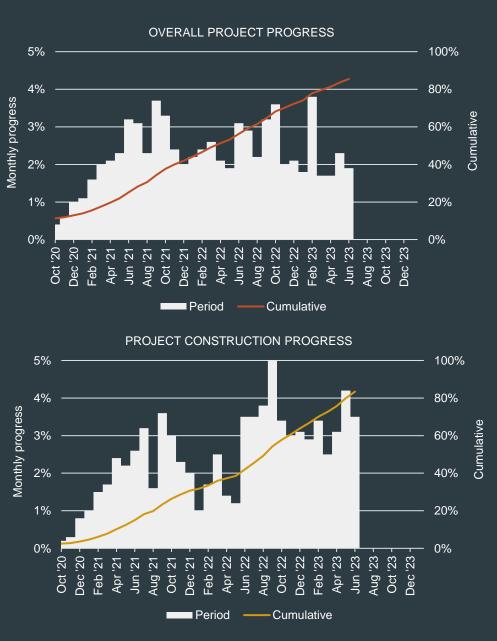
Revised mining method to incorporate pyramid stope sequencing versus primary/secondary retreat



## Côté Gold: Q2 2023 Progress Report

#### **ACTIVITIES UPDATE**

- Project Completion: 85.7%
- Health and safety: Total project hours of 11.5 million hours with a project TRIFR of 0.68.
- Labour and workforce: >1,900 workers on site in June achieving peak camp capacity.
- **Earthworks:** Earthworks activities advanced with a focus on the tailings management facility ("TMF"). East Starter Dam Phase 1 was completed in June. Water accumulation in the TMF has started in order to have sufficient water for plant startup. Phase 2 dam raising has begun.
- **Crushing circuit:** Primary crusher steel assembly restarted in June with installation of the overhead crane and continuing the overall primary crusher structure. HPGR crusher rolls and reducing gear drives installed. Preparation for the cone crusher also commenced. Construction of the Triodetic coarse ore dome structure made significant progress and will be completed in early Q3.
- **Processing plant:** Installation of ball mill liners began in June and ball mill motors are on site and preparations for installation commenced. Piping to the compressors and water filtration equipment is completed. Leach tank construction is ongoing with final completion and installation of agitators expected later than planned. Construction sequence has been adjusted to prioritize critical tanks for commissioning to mitigate potential delays on the overall schedule
- **Power:** The overhead power line has been completed. Commissioning of the main electrical substation has started and the connection to the provincial hydro grid and the substation is on track for the third quarter 2023.
- **Mining preparation:** Autonomous hauling continued to ramp up with up to 7 trucks operating with a total of 14 now commissioned. Owner mining progressing with 1.1M tonnes mined in Q2 2023. Stockpile currently at approximately 2.0M tonnes ore. Commissioning of first electric shovel ongoing.
- **Supply chain:** The majority of equipment has been delivered with the remaining delivery progressing on schedule.
- **Permitting:** Key permits have been received. Remaining non-critical path permitting activities well advanced and expected to be received during the remainder of the project construction.



# Côté Gold

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TMF dam construction – July 2023

Processing plant interior - June 2023

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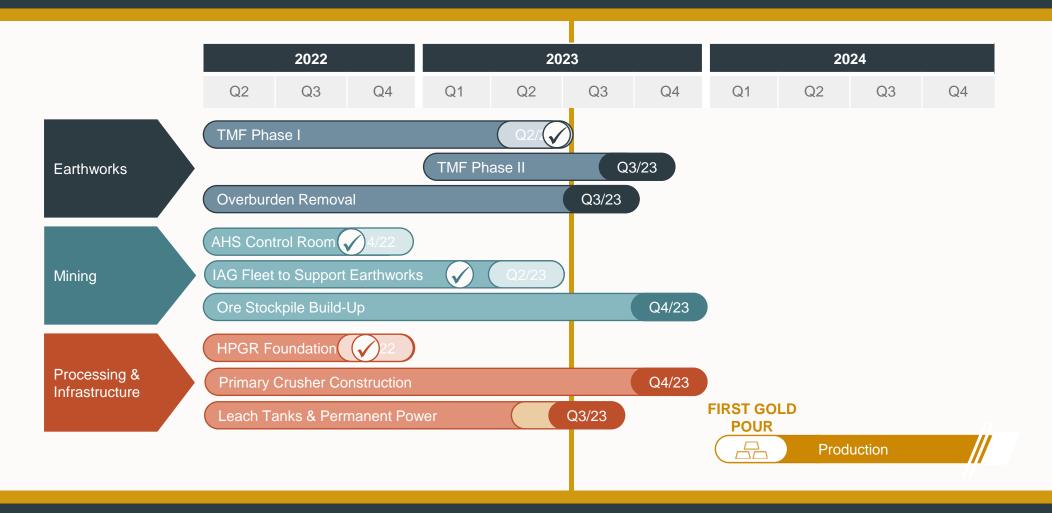
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Primary crusher – July 2023

Leach tanks - July 2023

## Côté Gold: Upcoming Milestones



## IAMGOLD

The Company that potential further impacts, including, without limitation, inflationary pressures, global supply chain disturbances, disruptions from weather events resulting in limited or no productivity such as extreme cold or forest fires in dry, hot summer months, labour disputes and the tight labour market could impact the timing of activities, costs, availability of workforce, productivity and supply chain and logistics and, consequently, could further impact the timing of actual commercial production and, consequently, project costs.

## Côté Gold: Gosselin

**15,500 m drilling campaign in 2023** to expand Gosselin mineralization ongoing with 12,900 m complete in H1 2023

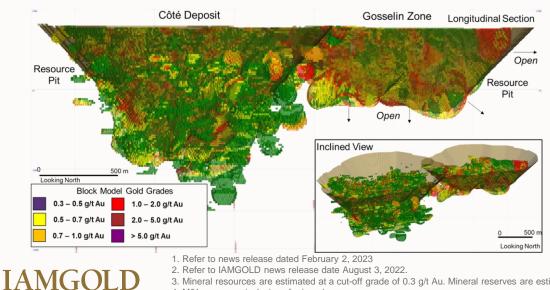
 Assay results in 2022 intersected mineralization to the south of and below the current resource boundary of the model<sup>1</sup>

Remains open along strike to the northeast and has only been drilled to half the depth of Côté

Gosselin discovery cost \$1.62/oz - from discovery to delineation

**Technical studies planned** to advance metallurgical testing, conduct mining and infrastructure studies to review alternatives for potential inclusion of Gosselin deposit into a future Côté LOM plan

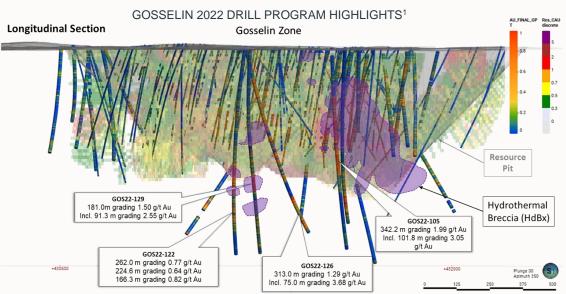
Côté Gold Life of Mine Plan based on 7.2 million ounces of Mineral Reserves in Côté deposit



CÔTÉ & GOSSELIN LONGITUDINAL SECTION

#### CÔTÉ GOLD PROJECT – MINERAL RESERVES & RESOURCES (2022)<sup>2,3,4</sup>

Classification	Tonnes (millions)			Attributable Contained (Moz Au)					
Côté Gold Deposit									
P&P Reserves	233.3	1.0	7.17	4.65					
M&I Resources <sup>4</sup>	365.9	0.9	10.21	6.61					
Inferred	189.1	0.6	3.81	2.47					
Gosselin Deposit									
Indicated	124.5	0.8	3.35	2.17					
Inferred	72.9	0.7	1.71	1.11					
Côté Gold – Total									
P&P Reserves	233.3	1.0	7.17	4.65					
M&I Resources <sup>4</sup>	490.4	0.9	13.56	8.78					
Inferred	262.0	0.7	5.52	3.58					



3. Mineral resources are estimated at a cut-off grade of 0.3 g/t Au. Mineral reserves are estimated at a cut-off grade of 0.35 g/t Au 4. M&I resources inclusive of mineral reserves.

# Côté Gold: Expenditures & Cost to Complete

#### **Q2 PROJECT EXPENDITURES**

Incurred project expenditures of \$270.1 million (@100%) | \$189.1 million (@70%) in Q2 at average USDCAD exchange rate of 1.35

 JV Funding and Amending Agreement does not meet the requirements under IFRS to recognize the dilution of IAG's interest in the Côté UJV as a sale – so IAG continues to account for 70% of the assets and liabilities of the joint venture – with repurchase option liability on the balance sheet representing the value of the 9.7% diluted interest

#### **REMAINING COST TO COMPLETE**

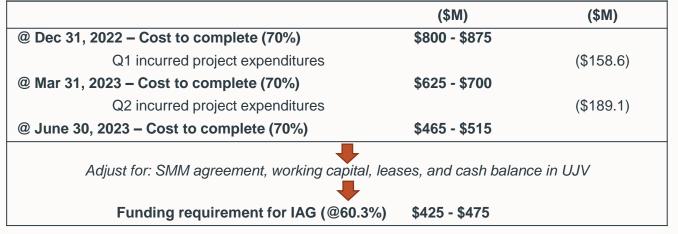
Remaining costs to incur to complete<sup>1</sup>: \$665 – \$735 million (@100%) | \$465 - \$515 million (@ 70%)

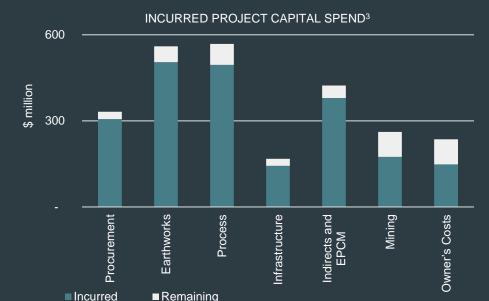
### FUNDING REQUIREMENT FOR IAG

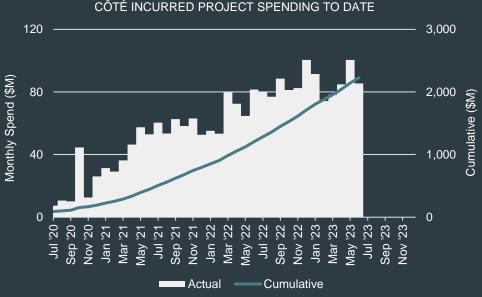
Remaining funding requirement for IAMGOLD (@ 60.3%) of approximately \$425 – \$475 million

• Adjusted from incurred cost to complete for: JV Funding and Amending Agreement<sup>2</sup> with Sumitomo, and changes in working capital, leases, and adjustments to the cash balance in the UJV

### CÔTÉ 2023 INCURRED EXPENDITURES & COST TO COMPLETE GUIDANCE







3. Project capital spend incurred as of June 30, 2023 are presented at an actual USDCAD rate of 1.31, estimated remaining project costs presented at 1.32 USDCAD and exclude contingency and escalation

14

## **Financial Results**

#### LIQUIDITY (as at June 30, 2023)

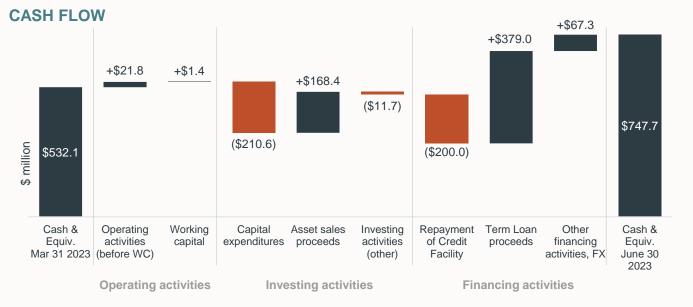
Cash and equivalents of \$747.7 million + total liquidity<sup>1</sup> of \$1.2 billion

- \$170.1 million of cash and equivalents held by Essakane, \$91.3 million held by Côté Gold
- Credit Facility: remains undrawn with \$452.5 million available subject to Net Debt to EBITDA and Interest Coverage covenants

Gold Prepay Agreement<sup>2</sup>: 150,000 ounces due for delivery in 2024

\$400M Term Loan announced on May 16, 2023

- 5 years, SOFR + 8.25%, call provisions of: 104% after year 2, 101% after year 3, 100% thereafter
- Improves balance sheet strength and flexibility, allowing for credit facility to be available to support working capital and in case of unforeseen changes in operating or macroeconomic environment



## IAMGOLD

This is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on slide #3.
2022 Prepay Arrangements have an average forward contract pre-funded price of \$1,753/oz on 50,000 oz and an outstanding collar range of \$1,700 to \$2,100/oz on 100,000 oz.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS – continuing operations

(In \$ millions, unless otherwise stated)	Q2 2023	Q2 2022
Revenues	238.8	232.1
Gross profit	26.6	34.1
EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	166.2	71.7
Adj. EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	63.8	81.8
Net earnings to equity	92.6	(22.2)
Adj. net earnings to equity <sup>1</sup>	(3.3)	(14.6)
Net earnings – \$/sh equity	0.19	(0.05)
Adj. EPS – \$/sh equity¹	(0.01)	(0.03)
Net cash from operating activities (ex-WC) <sup>1</sup>	21.8	67.0
Net cash from operating activities	23.2	33.9
Mine-site free cash flow <sup>1</sup>	14.6	36.4
	June 30 2023	Dec 31 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$747.7	\$407.8
Available credit facility	\$452.5	\$26.6
LONG-TERM DEBT		
	June 30	Dec 31
(\$ millions)	2023	2022
Credit Facility	\$ –	\$455.0
5.75% senior notes*	447.8	447.6
Term Loan	377.6	
Equipment loans	11.9	16.1
Long-term debt	\$837.3	\$918.7
Leases (cont. ops)**	128.5	73.8
Long-term debt + Leases	\$965.8	\$992.5
* 5.75% senior notes mature on October 15, 2028 (Fitch: B-	/loodv's B3_S&P C	CC+)

\* 5.75% senior notes mature on October 15, 2028 (Fitch: B-, Moody's: B3, S&P: CCC+

\*\* Leases include leases at Côté at 100%

## Gold Mineral Reserves – 100% Basis

As of December 31, 2022				PROVEN			PROBABLE		тот	AL RESERVES	
DEPOSIT	Type*	Location	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)
Rosebel <sup>1,6</sup>	OP	Suriname	8,890	0.6	179	71,956	1.0	2,266	80,846	0.9	2,445
Saramacca <sup>1,6</sup>	OP	Suriname	128	0.9	4	17,663	1.9	1,089	17,792	1.9	1,093
Essakane <sup>1</sup>	OP	Burkina Faso	21,413	0.7	464	31,858	1.6	1,597	53,270	1.2	2,061
Westwood <sup>2,3</sup>	UG + OP	Canada	128	10.0	41	3,254	5.5	575	3,382	5.7	616
Côté Gold 1	OP	Canada	130,988	1.0	4,260	102,343	0.9	2,914	233,331	1.0	7,174
Boto Gold <sup>4</sup>	OP	Senegal	_	_	-	29,040	1.7	1,593	29,040	1.7	1,593
			400 500		4 0 0 0	057.440	4.0	40.070	447.000		44.004
TOTAL RESERVES <sup>5</sup>			160,522	0.9	4,903	257,140	1.2	10,078	417,662	1.1	14,981

1 Rosebel, Saramacca, Essakane and Côté Gold Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a \$1300/oz gold price as of December 31, 2022.

2 Westwood Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a \$1,300/oz gold price as of December 31, 2022.

3 The Grand Duc and the Fayolle Mineral Reserve estimates are included in the Westwood Mineral Reserve estimate. The Grand Duc Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a gold price of \$1,350/oz, and the Fayolle Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a gold price of \$1,500/oz.

4 The Boto Gold Reserves have been estimated using a \$1,200/oz gold price as of December 31, 2022.

5 Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals.

6 Rosebel and Saramacca sold to Zijin Mining as of February 1st, 2023.

\* OP = Open Pit; UG = Underground

## Gold Mineral Reserves – Attributable

As of December 31, 2022				PROVEN			PROBABLE		тс	DTAL RESERVE	S
DEPOSIT	Effective Ownership	Location	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)
Rosebel <sup>1,6</sup>	95%	Suriname	8,446	0.6	170	68,358	1.0	2,153	76,804	0.9	2,322
Saramacca <sup>1,6</sup>	66.5%	Suriname	85	0.9	3	11,746	1.9	724	11,832	1.9	727
Essakane <sup>1</sup>	90%	Burkina Faso	19,272	0.7	418	28,672	1.6	1,437	47,943	1.2	1,855
Westwood <sup>2,3</sup>	100%	Canada	128	10.0	41	3,254	5.5	575	3,382	5.7	616
Côté Gold <sup>1</sup>	64.75%	Canada	84,815	1.0	2,758	66,267	0.9	1,887	151,082	1.0	4,645
Boto Gold <sup>4</sup>	90%	Senegal	_	_	_	26,136	1.7	1,434	26,136	1.7	1,434
TOTAL RESERVES <sup>5</sup>			111,771	0.9	3,347	205,408	1.2	8,252	317,179	1.1	11,598

1 Rosebel, Saramacca, Essakane and Côté Gold Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a \$1300/oz gold price as of December 31, 2022.

2 Westwood Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a \$1,300/oz gold price as of December 31, 2022.

3 The Grand Duc and the Fayolle Mineral Reserve estimates are included in the Westwood Mineral Reserve estimate. The Grand Duc Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a gold price of \$1,350/oz, and the Fayolle Mineral Reserves have been estimated using a gold price of \$1,500/oz.

4 The Boto Gold Reserves have been estimated using a \$1,200/oz gold price as of December 31, 2022.

5 Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals.

6 Rosebel and Saramacca sold to Zijin Mining as of February 1st, 2023.

## Gold Mineral Resources<sup>1,2</sup> – 100% Basis

(Measured & Indicated Resources are inclusive of Proven & Probable Reserves)

As of December 31, 202	22		М	EASURED		11	NDICATED		MEASUR	ED + INDIC	ATED	I	NFERRED	
DEPOSIT	Type*	Location	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)
Rosebel <sup>3,5</sup>	OP	Suriname	8,791	0.6	183	119,221	1.1	4,290	128,012	1.1	4,473	13,294	0.9	391
Saramacca <sup>3,5</sup>	OP	Suriname	128	0.9	4	19,429	2.3	1,434	19,557	2.3	1,438	3,821	1.3	161
Essakane <sup>3</sup>	OP	Burkina Faso	34,282	0.6	607	52,945	1.3	2,247	87,227	1.0	2,854	2,318	1.4	107
Westwood <sup>4</sup>	UG+OP	Canada	791	9.3	236	7,675	8.6	2,117	8,465	8.7	2,353	2,702	12.3	1,072
Côté Gold <sup>3</sup>	OP	Canada	152,534	1.0	4,726	213,382	0.8	5,480	365,916	0.9	10,206	189,108	0.6	3,813
Boto Gold <sup>3</sup>	OP	Senegal	_	-	-	40,567	1.6	2,033	40,567	1.6	2,033	8,196	1.8	469
Gossey <sup>3</sup>	OP	Burkina Faso	_	_	_	10,454	0.9	291	10,454	0.9	291	2,939	0.9	85
Nelligan <sup>3</sup>	OP	Canada	-	-	-	72,200	0.9	1,970	72,200	0.9	1,970	114,100	0.9	3,238
Monster Lake <sup>3</sup>	UG	Canada	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,110	12.1	433
Pitangui <sup>3</sup>	UG	Brazil	-	-	-	3,330	4.4	470	3,330	4.4	470	3,559	3.8	433
Diakha-Siribaya <sup>3</sup>	OP	Mali	_	_	_	27,937	1.5	1,325	27,937	1.5	1,325	8,468	1.5	417
Gosselin <sup>3</sup>	OP	Canada	-	-	_	124,500	0.8	3,350	124,500	0.8	3,350	72,900	0.7	1,710
			196,526	0.9	5,756	691,640	1.1	25,008	888,166	1.1	30,764	422,514	0.9	12,330

\* OP = Open Pit; UG = Underground

For notes accompanying Gold Mineral Resources, please refer to slide 22.

## Gold Mineral Resources<sup>1,2</sup> – Attributable

(Measured & Indicated Resources are inclusive of Proven & Probable Reserves)

As of December 31, 20	22		М	EASURED		11	NDICATED		MEASUR	ED + INDIC	ATED	II	NFERRED	
DEPOSIT	Effective Ownership	Location	<b>Tonnes</b> (000's)	Grade (g/t)	<b>Ounces</b> (000's)									
Rosebel <sup>3,5</sup>	95%	Suriname	8,351	0.6	174	113,260	1.1	4,076	121,611	1.1	4,250	12,629	0.9	372
Saramacca <sup>3,5</sup>	66.5%	Suriname	85	0.9	3	12,920	2.3	954	13,005	2.3	956	2,541	1.3	107
Essakane <sup>3</sup>	90%	Burkina Faso	30,854	0.6	546	47,650	1.3	2,022	78,505	1.0	2,569	2,086	1.4	97
Westwood <sup>4</sup>	100%	Canada	791	9.3	236	7,675	8.6	2,117	8,465	8.7	2,353	2,702	12.3	1,072
Côté Gold <sup>3</sup>	64.75%	Canada	98,766	1.0	3,060	138,165	0.8	3,548	236,931	0.9	6,608	122,447	0.6	2,469
Boto Gold <sup>3</sup>	90%	Senegal	-	-	-	36,510	1.6	1,830	36,510	1.6	1,830	7,376	1.8	422
Gossey <sup>3</sup>	90%	Burkina Faso	_	_	_	9,409	0.9	262	9,409	0.9	262	2,645	0.9	77
Nelligan <sup>3</sup>	75%	Canada	-	-	-	54,150	0.9	1,478	54,150	0.9	1,478	85,575	0.9	2,429
Monster Lake <sup>3</sup>	100%	Canada	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	1,110	12.1	433
Pitangui <sup>3</sup>	100%	Brazil	-	-	-	3,330	4.4	470	3,330	4.4	470	3,559	3.8	433
Diakha-Siribaya <sup>3</sup>	90%	Mali	_	_	_	25,143	1.5	1,193	25,143	1.5	1,193	7,621	1.5	376
Gosselin <sup>3</sup>	64.75%	Canada	-	-	-	80,614	0.8	2,169	80,614	0.8	2,169	47,203	0.7	1,107
TOTAL RESOURC	CES <sup>5</sup>		138,847	0.9	4,019	528,826	1.2	20,118	667,674	1.1	24,137	297,494	1.0	9,393

For notes accompanying Gold Mineral Resources, please refer to the following slide.

## Notes to the Gold Mineral Resources Statement

- 1 In mining operations, Measured Mineral Resources and Indicated Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves are considered uneconomic at the price used for Mineral Reserve estimations but are deemed to have a reasonable prospect of economic extraction.
- 2 Although "measured resources", "indicated resources" and "inferred resources" are categories of mineralization that are recognized and required to be disclosed under Canadian regulations, SEC Industry Guide 7 does not recognize them. Disclosure of contained ounces is permitted under Canadian regulations; however, SEC Industry Guide 7 generally permits resources to be reported only as in place tonnage and grade. See "Cautionary Note to U.S. Investors Regarding Disclosure of Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource Estimates".
- 2 Rosebel, Saramacca, Essakane, Côté Gold, Gosselin, Boto Gold, Nelligan, Gossey, Monster Lake, Diakha-Siribaya and Pitangui Mineral Resources have been estimated as of December 31, 2022 using a \$1,500/oz gold price and have been estimated in accordance with NI 43-101.
- 3 Westwood mineral resources have been estimated as of December 31, 2022 using a 6.2g/t (OK) and 7.4g/t (MIK) Au cut-off grade over a minimum width of 2.6 metres, using a \$1500/oz gold price. The Grand Duc Mineral Resource estimate and the Fayolle Mineral Resource estimate are included in the Westwood Mineral Resources. The Grand Duc Mineral Resources and the Fayolle Mineral Resource estimated using a gold price of \$1,500/oz and have been estimated in accordance with NI 43-101.
- 4 Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals.
- 5 Rosebel and Saramacca sold to Zijin Mining as of February 1st, 2023.

Notes


Notes


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Graeme Jennings, VP, Investor Relations 416-388-6883

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